

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.4894, 5.5978,
5.1433)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.4894, 5.5978, 5.1433)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(14.4641, 5.9590,
5.0110)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B211A
RGB	59, 33, 26
RGB Percent	23%, 13%, 10%
CMY	0.7686, 0.8706, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.56, 0.77
HSL	13°, 39%, 17%
HSV	13°, 56%, 23%
XYZ	2.5339, 2.0921, 1.2476
YIQ	39.9760, 17.7430, 3.3350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

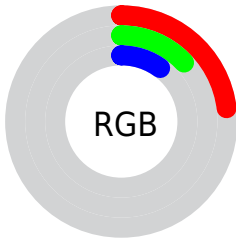
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 35, 26
Decimal	3875098
CIE Lab	15.96, 11.59, 10.02
CIE LCh	16, 15.324, 40.841
Yxy	2.0922, 0.4314, 0.3562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282065178 (0xFF3B211A)
YUV	39.9760, -6.8902, 16.6840
Hunter-Lab	14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110

Details

The HunterLab color **14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.2952, -5.0493, -3.6156**, and the grayscale version is **14.5768, -0.7778, 0.7920**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.8757, 6.9417, 7.3573**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5205, 7.4233, 5.5384**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4839, 4.5475, 4.4153**.

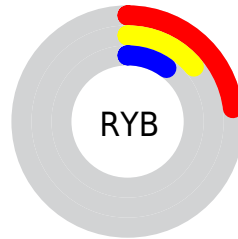
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (13%)

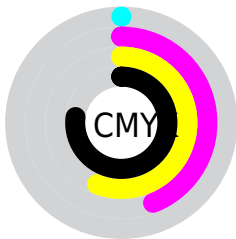
Blue (10%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (10%)

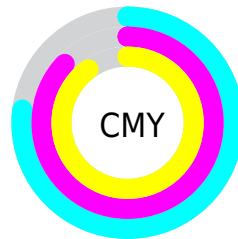


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.4641, 5.9590,
5.0110

■ 14.4641, 5.9590,
5.0110

107.8102, 6.6115,
15.3523

■ 8.1255, 5.8246,
5.5546

■ 29.9823, 6.7132,
7.4277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.0410, 6.9199,
8.5732

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 48.8635, 7.0371,
9.7025

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.3946, 7.0768,
10.8255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.5893, 7.0479,
11.9483

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.4105, 6.9572,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

13.0753

■ 94.8265, 6.8102,
14.2092

■ 14.4641, 5.9590,
5.0110

■ 14.4641, 5.9590,
5.0110

■ 13.5205, 7.4233,
5.5384

■ 15.4839, 4.5475,
4.4153

■ 12.6619, 8.9243,
5.9795

■ 16.5699, 3.2001,
3.7652

■ 11.8982, 10.4270,
6.3264

■ 17.7149, 1.9184,
3.0726

■ 11.2261, 11.8273,
6.7605

■ 18.9120, 0.7009,
2.3464

■ 10.9794, 12.3497,
6.9817

■ 20.1555, -0.4562,
1.5934

■ 21.4405, -1.5577,
0.8187

■ 22.7629, -2.6089,
0.0259

■ 24.1192, -3.6151,
-0.7819

■ 25.5063, -4.5811,
-1.6028

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4645, 8.1804, 2.1771



14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110



14.4645, 2.0142, 6.3857

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.4645, 5.9582, 5.0112



14.4645, -7.7233, 3.1176



14.4645, 0.8000, -9.1428

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110



17.2952, -5.0493, -3.6156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4645, -3.3631, -8.6727



14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110



14.4645, -7.9684, -0.7557

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.4645, 5.9582, 5.0112



14.4645, -5.7475, 5.5276



14.4645, -6.4608, -5.2892



14.4645, 4.9814, -6.4323

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110



14.4645, -0.8925, 6.6285



14.4645, -6.4608, -5.2892



14.4645, -0.6522, -9.3676

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.4645, 5.9582, 5.0112



24.1820, 1.1924, 3.2131



13.8570, 11.8433, -5.3577



12.4850, 0.6436, 1.6788



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.4645, 5.9582, 5.0112



17.0215, 10.4081, 7.4187



17.9148, -0.5368, 7.7951



10.9832, -0.0919, 0.9902



17.0269, 21.5980, 10.8700



41.8861, 59.2233, 26.8468

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2952, -5.0493, -3.6156



21.4275, -7.0478, -6.0923



13.3833, 1.1644, -10.0634



11.2398, -1.0647, 0.2140



23.9927, -8.4551, -11.7367



59.8671, -19.9345, -31.7959

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

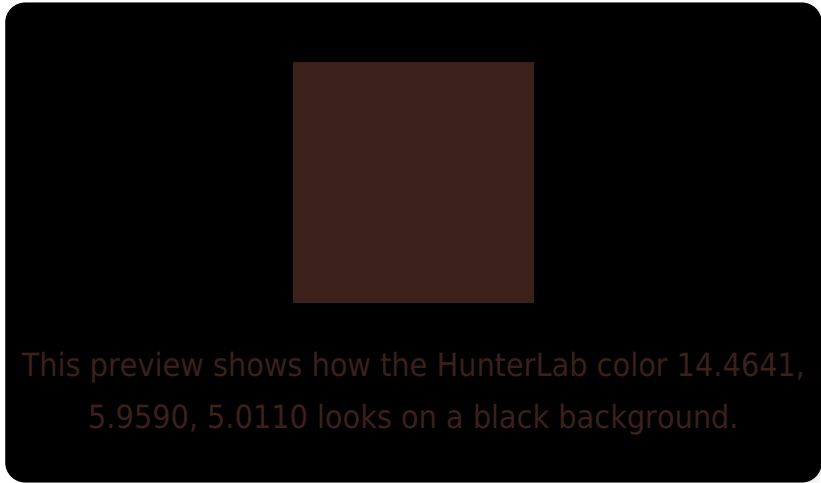
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

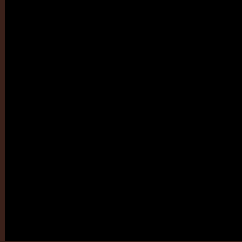
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110.

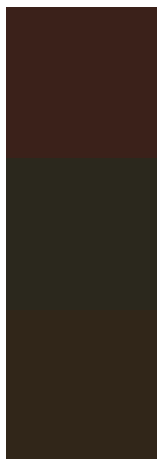


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.4641, 5.9590,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110

Protanopia

14.5598, -1.2443, 4.2164

Deuteranopia

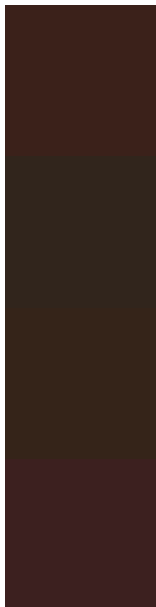
14.5237, 0.8257, 5.2094



Tritanopia

14.5230, 7.3856, 2.9000

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110

Protanomaly

14.3525, 1.4705, 4.3314

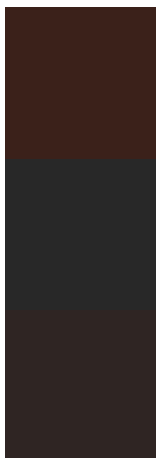
Deuteranomaly

14.4528, 2.7996, 5.1818

Tritanomaly

14.4659, 7.1042, 3.7250

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

14.3137, 1.6035, 2.2616

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 33, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 33, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 33, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 33, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 33, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 33, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 33, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 33, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 33, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 33, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.4641, 5.9590, 5.0110 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 33, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 33,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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