

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.4898, 37.0274,  
-21.8414)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(14.4898, 37.0274,  
-21.8414) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.9926, 31.0092,  
-17.7392)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	560050
RGB	86, 0, 80
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.6627, 1.0000, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.07, 0.66
HSL	304°, 100%, 17%
HSV	304°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	5.2857, 2.5576, 7.8045
YIQ	34.8340, 25.5760, 43.1120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

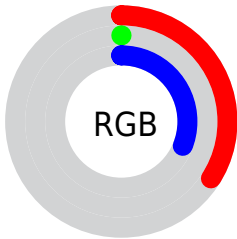
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	86, 0, 80
Decimal	5636176
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	18.18, 43.53, -24.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 49.784, 330.979
Yxy	2.5578, 0.3378, 0.1635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283826256 (0xFF560050)
YUV	34.8340, 22.2668, 44.8726
Hunter-Lab	15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392

# Details

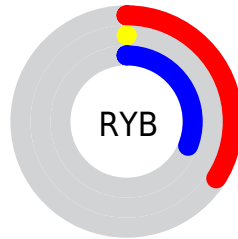
The HunterLab color **15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **25.8241, -21.9620, 15.1323**, and the grayscale version is **12.8385, -0.6850, 0.6975**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.9822, 34.6742, -18.8372**, and **7.4343, 14.3637, -7.8490** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9926, 31.0094, -17.7390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5933, 29.0674, -16.8019**.

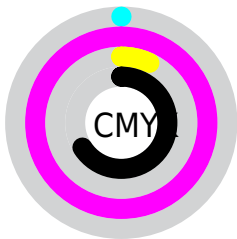
# Distribution



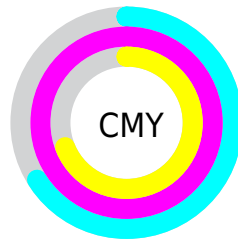
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



15.9926, 31.0092,  
-17.7392

15.9926, 31.0092,  
-17.7392

110.7590, 43.7645,  
-21.0015

9.5157, 29.3511,  
-17.5405

31.9187, 34.5767,  
-18.7348

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

41.1520, 36.2231,  
-19.2293

0.0000, NaN, NaN

51.1357, 37.7495,  
-19.6730

0.0000, NaN, NaN

61.8172, 39.1587,  
-20.0576

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

73.1536, 40.4573,  
-20.3812

0.0000, NaN, NaN

85.1091, 41.6529,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.6450

97.6530, 42.7531,  
-20.8509

15.9926, 31.0092,  
-17.7392

15.9926, 31.0092,  
-17.7392

15.9926, 31.0094,  
-17.7390

16.5933, 29.0674,  
-16.8019

17.2709, 26.9734,  
-15.7450

18.2066, 24.2014,  
-14.2236

19.3936, 20.9151,  
-12.3331

20.8114, 17.3000,  
-10.1881

■ 22.4348, 13.5129,  
-7.8894

■ 24.2383, 9.6677,  
-5.5131

■ 26.1983, 5.8379,  
-3.1108

■ 28.2938, 2.0654,  
-0.7143

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9930, 15.9103, -41.7386



15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392



15.9930, 36.9899, 1.3110

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9930, 31.0082, -17.7384



15.9930, -1.3213, 11.1951



15.9930, -18.2653, -19.3045

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392



25.8241, -21.9620, 15.1323

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9930, -20.2019, 0.4172



15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392



15.9930, -12.6931, 11.1951

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9930, 31.0082, -17.7384



15.9930, 14.7984, 11.1951



15.9930, -18.5004, 9.3318



15.9930, -12.1311, -43.0786



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392



15.9930, 33.7874, 7.6916



15.9930, -18.5004, 9.3318



15.9930, -19.3047, -11.6174

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9930, 31.0082, -17.7384



31.7904, 13.3004, -7.6117



8.4204, 22.3961, -56.4121



15.4028, 7.1933, -4.1469



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9930, 31.0082, -17.7384



21.1304, 40.9521, -23.2890



14.5390, 25.8271, 2.1826



14.6560, 0.8290, -0.2189



20.1119, 38.9812, -22.1893



47.6111, 92.1925, -51.8459



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9930, 31.0082, -17.7384



21.1304, 40.9521, -23.2890



26.2206, -19.4950, 9.3112



14.6560, 0.8290, -0.2189



20.1119, 38.9812, -22.1893

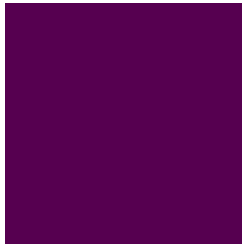


47.6111, 92.1925, -51.8459



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

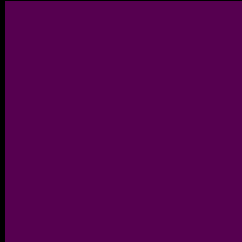
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

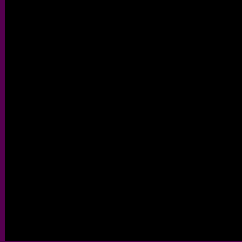
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392.

-17.7392.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392

### Protanopia

17.1286, 4.0881, -30.2343

### Deuteranopia

17.2604, 1.0267, -12.2118



## Tritanopia

16.8497, 14.5600, 5.5746

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392

## Protanomaly

14.1158, 12.7418, -33.6073

## Deuteranomaly

15.1660, 12.8985, -17.8777

## Tritanomaly

16.0300, 20.8671, -0.9183

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392

## Achromatopsia

12.9643, -0.6917, 0.7044

## Achromatomaly

12.6377, 11.8643, -6.6988

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 0, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 0, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 0, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 0, 80) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 0, 80) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 0, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 0, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 0, 80); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 80); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 0, 80) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.9926, 31.0092, -17.7392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 0, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 0,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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