

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.6314, 0.6969,
0.1303)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.6314, 0.6969, 0.1303)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(14.6007, 0.6076,
0.1124)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B272A
RGB	43, 39, 42
RGB Percent	17%, 15%, 16%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8471, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.02, 0.83
HSL	315°, 5%, 16%
HSV	315°, 9%, 17%
XYZ	2.1397, 2.1318, 2.4892
YIQ	40.5380, 1.4210, 1.7810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 39, 42
Decimal	2828074
CIE _{Lab}	16.16, 2.54, -1.31
CIE _{LCh}	16, 2.857, 332.784
Yxy	2.1319, 0.3165, 0.3153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281018154 (0xFF2B272A)
YUV	40.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592
Hunter-Lab	14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Details

The HunterLab color **14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.2064, -2.1522, 1.5048**, and the grayscale version is **14.7387, -0.7864, 0.8008**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.1720, -0.0583, 0.8721**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.6299, 2.1764, -0.6591**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.6151, -0.9366, 0.9000**.

Distribution



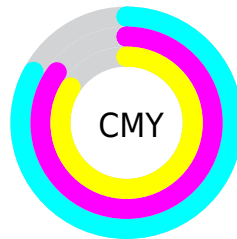
- Red (17%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.6007, 0.6076,
0.1124

■ 14.6007, 0.6076,
0.1124

■ 108.0766, -3.1054,
4.5763

■ 8.2612, 0.8990,
-0.2060

■ 30.1563, 0.1435,
0.7806

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.2310, -0.1839,
1.1978

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.0683, -0.5640,
1.6624

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 59.6130, -0.9915,
2.1701

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 70.8207, -1.4624,
2.7178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 82.6541, -1.9733,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.3028

95.0818, -2.5217,
3.9229

14.6007, 0.6076,
0.1124

14.6007, 0.6076,
0.1124

13.6299, 2.1764,
-0.6591

15.6151, -0.9366,
0.9000

12.7074, 3.7663,
-1.4082

16.6674, -2.4536,
1.6981

11.8401, 5.3673,
-2.1245

17.7539, -3.9443,
2.5036

11.0357, 6.9624,
-2.7941

18.8710, -5.4105,
3.3145

10.3026, 8.5246,
-3.3981

20.0160, -6.8543,
4.1293

■ 9.6502, 10.0142,
-3.9129

■ 21.1863, -8.2780,
4.9472

■ 9.0834, 11.3903,
-4.3178

■ 22.3798, -9.6841,
5.7677

■ 8.5179, 12.8890,
-4.7466

■ 23.5948, -11.0748,
6.5903

■ 7.9132, 14.6796,
-5.2797

■ 24.8296, -12.4523,
7.4151

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.6010, 0.0587, -0.4839



14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124



14.6010, 0.7816, 0.8654

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.6010, 0.6072, 0.1127



14.6010, -0.8542, 2.1763



14.6010, -2.0452, -0.0163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124



15.2064, -2.1522, 1.5048

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.6010, -2.2783, 0.7238



14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124



14.6010, -1.5999, 1.9673

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.6010, 0.6072, 0.1127



14.6010, -0.0728, 2.0319



14.6010, -2.1170, 1.4455



14.6010, -1.4737, -0.5611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124



14.6010, 0.6592, 1.3478



14.6010, -2.1170, 1.4455



14.6010, -2.1652, 0.2192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.6010, 0.6072, 0.1127



19.5022, -0.4361, 0.7597



14.4107, 0.0094, -0.5234



10.5399, -0.1984, 0.3922



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.6010, 0.6072, 0.1127



18.4130, 1.2522, -0.0922



14.5531, 0.3490, 0.7947



8.0464, 0.2091, 0.1229



15.0062, 28.0984, -8.9059



40.5451, 75.5857, -21.4816

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.6010, 0.6072, 0.1127



18.4130, 1.2522, -0.0922



15.2522, -1.8974, 0.8499



8.0464, 0.2091, 0.1229



15.0062, 28.0984, -8.9059



40.5451, 75.5857, -21.4816

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

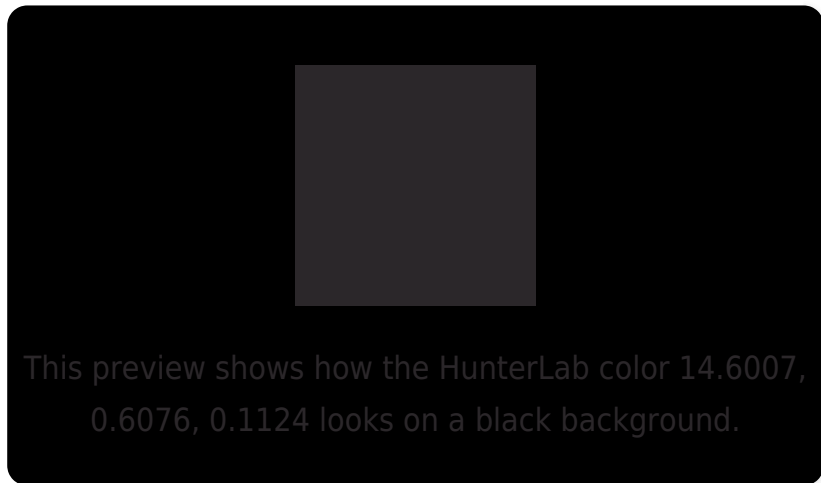
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

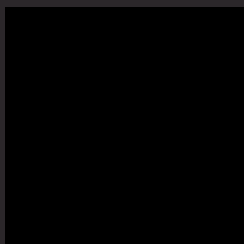
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

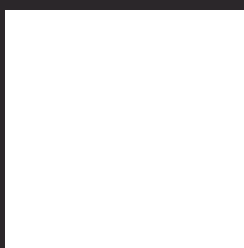
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124.

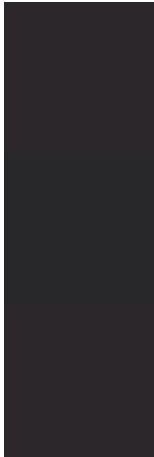


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 14.6007, 0.6076,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Protanopia

14.6394, -0.3803, -0.2423

Deuteranopia

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124



Tritanopia

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Protanomaly

14.7086, -0.1421, -0.1520

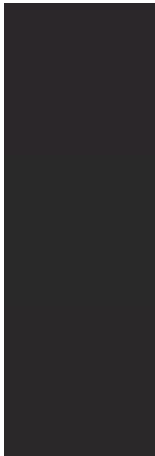
Deuteranomaly

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Tritanomaly

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

14.7306, -0.1636, 0.6305

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 39, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 39, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 39, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 39, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 39, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 39, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 39, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 39, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 39, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 39, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 14.6007, 0.6076, 0.1124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 39, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 39,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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