

Converting Colors

HunterLab(14.9410, -4.7262,
-42.8510)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(14.9410, -4.7262,
-42.8510) contains.

HunterLab(17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(17.6448, 5.0916,
-33.0458)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003068
RGB	0, 48, 104
RGB Percent	0%, 19%, 41%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8118, 0.5922
CMYK	1.00, 0.54, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	212°, 100%, 20%
HSV	212°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	3.5556, 3.1134, 13.5103
YIQ	40.0320, -46.5840, 7.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

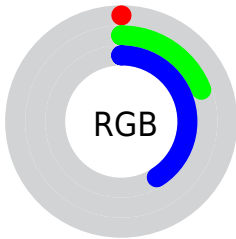
Format	Color
RYB	0, 33, 104
Decimal	12392
CIELab	20.49, 9.93, -36.84
CIELCh	20, 38.151, 285.086
Yxy	3.1135, 0.1762, 0.1543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202472 (0xFF003068)
YUV	40.0320, 31.5362, -35.1081
Hunter-Lab	17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458

Details

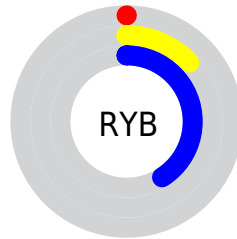
The HunterLab color **17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **24.0260, 10.8798, 14.9944**, and the grayscale version is **14.4902, -0.7732, 0.7873**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.9031, 5.7942, -34.0120**, and **5.3434, 14.4941, -37.9674** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.6435, 5.0943, -33.0499**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1520, 3.1095, -28.6887**.

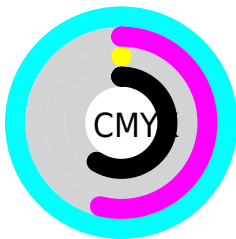
Distribution



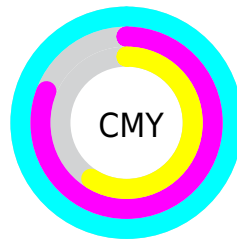
- Red (0%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6448, 5.0916,
-33.0458

■ 17.6448, 5.0916,
-33.0458

■ 113.8705, 4.6664,
-37.6957

■ 10.9145, 4.6797,
-33.8951

■ 33.9861, 5.5301,
-33.6436

■ 2.3355, 18.4010,
-94.4466

■ 43.3984, 5.6029,
-34.2506

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 53.5480, 5.5976,
-34.8946

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.3847, 5.5237,
-35.5311

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.8673, 5.3884,
-36.1381

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.9616, 5.1976,

-36.7044

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.6378, 4.9556,
-37.2244

17.6448, 5.0916,
-33.0458

17.6448, 5.0916,
-33.0458

17.6435, 5.0943,
-33.0499

19.1520, 3.1095,
-28.6887

20.7497, 1.3524,
-24.6130

22.4766, -0.0303,
-20.6981

24.3195, -1.0665,
-16.9625

26.2662, -1.7926,
-13.4093

■ 28.3053, -2.2461,
-10.0310

■ 30.4271, -2.4625,
-6.8144

■ 32.6229, -2.4734,
-3.7438

■ 34.8856, -2.3063,
-0.8027

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.6450, -6.2059, -33.0858



17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458



17.6450, 17.2843, -20.8265

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6450, 5.0923, -33.0453



17.6450, 17.2208, 10.3981



17.6450, -17.4433, 5.5044

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458



24.0260, 10.8798, 14.9944

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6450, -13.8702, 10.3791



17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458



17.6450, 5.0209, 12.3515

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6450, 5.0923, -33.0453



17.6450, 25.3990, 5.5472



17.6450, -6.2614, 12.3515



17.6450, -17.4333, -5.3284

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458



17.6450, 23.4771, -10.1878



17.6450, -6.2614, 12.3515



17.6450, -16.6708, 7.6495

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6450, 5.0923, -33.0453



40.0577, -3.2483, -9.3823



31.9079, -24.2235, 12.4106



19.3521, -1.5723, -5.2777



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6450, 5.0923, -33.0453



22.8891, 7.7219, -45.2787



10.1101, 27.1938, -70.0993



17.1821, -1.1142, -0.2394



19.4273, 5.9816, -37.1951



42.3898, 17.7682, -91.3400

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7671, 31.6245, 2.1702



23.4845, 41.7162, 3.5608



35.5536, -10.6815, 21.7205



16.9278, 0.7147, 0.5528



19.7092, 35.0547, 2.6424



44.8183, 79.3526, 8.8062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

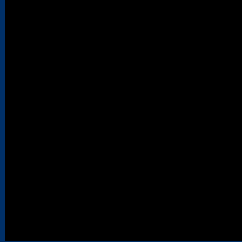
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458

Protanopia

17.5874, 4.7966, -32.3373

Deuteranopia

17.5753, -0.4200, -21.0609

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458

Protanomaly

17.5874, 4.7966, -32.3373

Deuteranomaly

17.5766, 1.3426, -24.8674

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

15.1437, -1.0179, -9.0979

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 48, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 48, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 48, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 48, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 48, 104) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 48, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 48, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 48, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 104)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.6448, 5.0916, -33.0458 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 48, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 48,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor