

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.0172, 5.7645,  
3.0180)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.0172, 5.7645, 3.0180)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.0107, 5.9338,  
3.0727)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B2323
RGB	59, 35, 35
RGB Percent	23%, 14%, 14%
CMY	0.7686, 0.8627, 0.8627
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.41, 0.77
HSL	0°, 26%, 18%
HSV	0°, 41%, 23%
XYZ	2.7080, 2.2532, 1.8823
YIQ	42.1760, 14.3040, 5.0880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

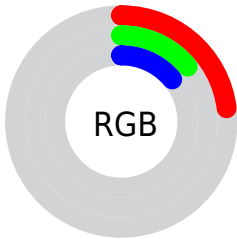
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	59, 35, 35
Decimal	3875619
CIE Lab	16.76, 11.49, 4.78
CIE LCh	17, 12.442, 22.572
Yxy	2.2533, 0.3957, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282065699 (0xFF3B2323)
YUV	42.1760, -3.5378, 14.7546
Hunter-Lab	15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.4958, -6.2250, -0.6790**, and the grayscale version is **15.2818, -0.8154, 0.8303**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7045, 6.3981, 4.7482**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.7940, 7.8039, 3.6121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3348, 4.1056, 2.5560**.

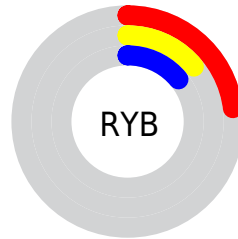
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (14%)

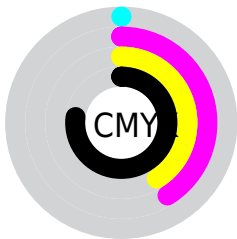
Blue (14%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (14%)

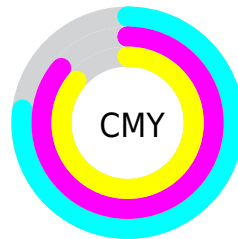


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.0107, 5.9338,  
3.0727

■ 15.0107, 5.9338,  
3.0727

■ 108.8730, 6.4794,  
10.5773

■ 8.6535, 5.5114,  
2.7587

■ 30.6776, 6.6542,  
4.6280

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.7998, 6.8474,  
5.4202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.6809, 6.9526,  
6.2293

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.2666, 6.9813,  
7.0575

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.5127, 6.9422,  
7.9060

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.3826, 6.8421,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.7753

95.8450, 6.6864,  
9.6657

15.0107, 5.9338,  
3.0727

15.0107, 5.9338,  
3.0727

13.7940, 7.8039,  
3.6121

16.3348, 4.1056,  
2.5560

12.7017, 9.6830,  
4.1631

17.7499, 2.3377,  
2.0656

11.7540, 11.5091,  
4.7066

19.2434, 0.6342,  
1.6023

10.9709, 13.1907,  
5.2136

20.8049, -1.0069,  
1.1650

10.3021, 14.7792,  
5.6978

22.4257, -2.5905,  
0.7511

■ 9.6430, 16.5120,  
6.2310

■ 24.0989, -4.1231,  
0.3582

■ 25.8186, -5.6111,  
-0.0165

■ 27.5802, -7.0608,  
-0.3753

■ 29.3797, -8.4778,  
-0.7205

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0111, 6.4729, -0.0345



15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727



15.0111, 3.5121, 5.0644

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0111, 5.9331, 3.0730



15.0111, -5.7818, 4.2110



15.0111, -1.6621, -7.0200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727



19.4958, -6.2250, -0.6790

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0111, -4.6775, -5.2090



15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727



15.0111, -6.9103, 1.6215

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0111, 5.9331, 3.0730



15.0111, -3.2991, 5.6087



15.0111, -6.5253, -1.8543



15.0111, 1.8703, -6.3796



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727



15.0111, 1.2679, 5.7324



15.0111, -6.5253, -1.8543



15.0111, -2.7650, -6.6658

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0111, 5.9331, 3.0730



24.5330, 1.2275, 2.1833



15.6450, 9.0638, -5.8815



12.6806, 0.6495, 1.1335



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0111, 5.9331, 3.0730



17.7646, 10.2388, 4.7151



17.5619, 1.0144, 5.4709



10.8428, 0.1493, 0.8331



15.4866, 26.5193, 10.0070



39.3779, 67.4341, 25.4450



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4958, -6.2250, -0.6790



24.8961, -9.3102, -1.3234



16.4503, -1.6709, -4.8055



11.3863, -1.3006, 0.3863



29.8015, -15.7982, -3.1454

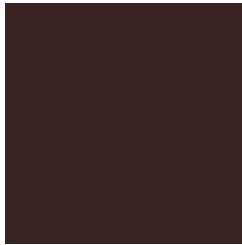


75.7773, -40.1706, -7.9984



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

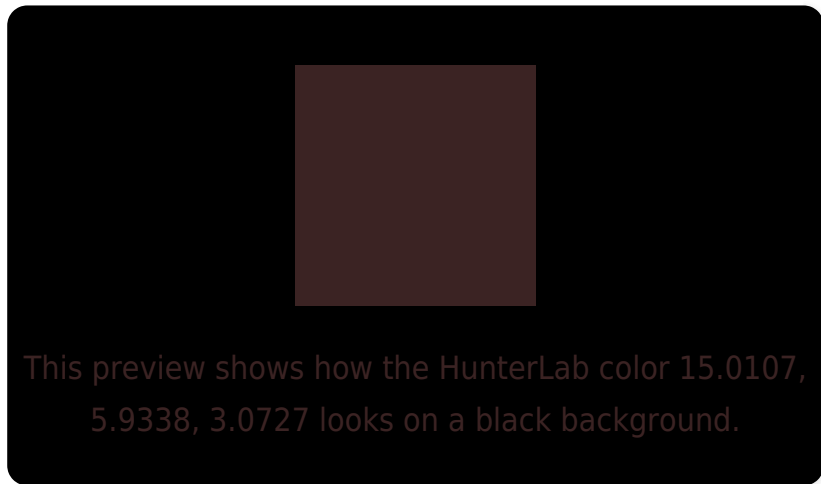
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

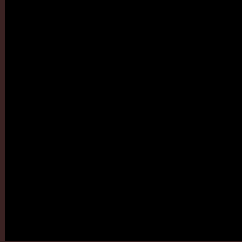
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727.



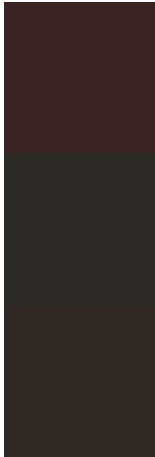
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0107, 5.9338,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727

### Protanopia

15.1969, -1.0583, 2.1916

### Deuteranopia

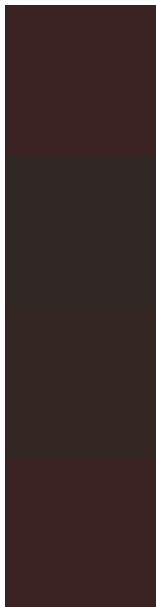
15.0381, 0.5856, 3.3100



## Tritanopia

15.0514, 6.1381, 2.4875

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727

## Protanomaly

14.9585, 1.5795, 2.3076

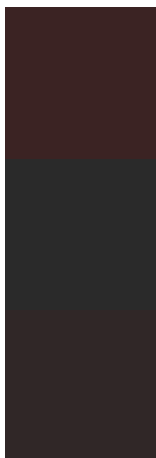
## Deuteranomaly

14.9392, 2.5091, 3.2431

## Tritanomaly

15.0308, 6.0347, 2.7838

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727

## Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

## Achromatomaly

14.9194, 1.5362, 1.5923

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 35, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 35, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 35, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 35, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 35, 35) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 35, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 35, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 35, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 35, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 35, 35)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.0107, 5.9338, 3.0727 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 35, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 35,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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