

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.0366, -15.4282,
10.5256)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.0366, -15.4282,
10.5256) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.3872,
-13.1945, 9.2505)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003300
RGB	0, 51, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8000, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.80
HSL	120°, 100%, 10%
HSV	120°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.1838, 2.3677, 0.3946
YIQ	29.9370, -14.0250, -26.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

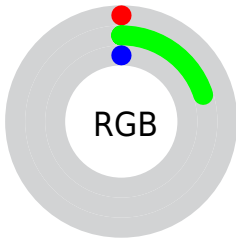
Format	Color
RYB	0, 51, 51
Decimal	13056
CIELab	17.31, -27.67, 24.20
CIELCh	17, 36.762, 138.832
Yxy	2.3678, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203136 (0xFF003300)
YUV	29.9370, -14.7589, -26.2547
Hunter-Lab	15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **9.7101, 19.0902, -12.8062**, and the grayscale version is **11.4225, -0.6095, 0.6206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0554, -18.4463, 13.6789**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3875, -13.1947, 9.2506**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5301, -12.5154, 8.7912**.

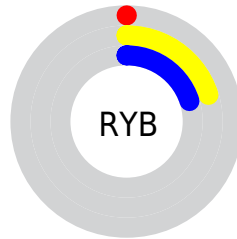
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (20%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (20%)

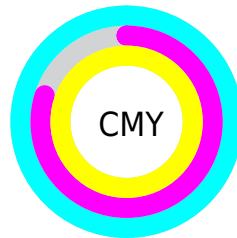


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (80%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.3872, -13.1945,
9.2505

15.3872, -13.1945,
9.2505

109.5995,
-33.4121, 27.4804

8.9957, -13.8854,
6.2970

31.1546, -18.5534,
13.7662

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

40.3198, -20.9256,
15.9521

0.0000, NaN, NaN

50.2406, -23.1739,
18.0245

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

60.8634, -25.3314,
20.0139

0.0000, NaN, NaN


72.1445, -27.4201,
21.9410


0.0000, NaN, NaN


84.0474, -29.4559,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


23.8209


 96.5414, -31.4503,
25.6646


 15.3872, -13.1945,
9.2505


 15.3872, -13.1945,
9.2505


 15.3875, -13.1947,
9.2506

 15.5301, -12.5154,
8.7912

 15.6714, -11.8495,
8.3409

 15.8342, -11.0910,
7.8280

 16.0395, -10.1468,
7.1896

 16.2887, -9.0192,
6.4273

■ 16.5823, -7.7151,
5.5458

■ 16.9205, -6.2447,
4.5520

■ 17.3026, -4.6208,
3.4545

■ 17.7279, -2.8577,
2.2633

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3875, -6.7745, 10.7713



15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505



15.3875, -15.9671, 4.0932

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3875, -13.1947, 9.2505



15.3875, -4.5165, -32.0896



15.3875, 23.1286, 5.8104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505



9.7101, 19.0902, -12.8062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3875, 24.2069, -3.3342



15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505



15.3875, 6.2008, -30.3644

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3875, -13.1947, 9.2505



15.3875, -11.9223, -21.5532



15.3875, 17.3701, -17.7538



15.3875, 14.7283, 10.1865

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505



15.3875, -16.0465, -2.3885



15.3875, 17.3701, -17.7538



15.3875, 24.4295, 3.4880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3875, -13.1947, 9.2505



21.7313, -8.3582, 6.0760



17.5260, -4.7073, 10.7170



11.4578, -4.4837, 3.2558



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3875, -13.1947, 9.2505



19.8282, -17.0026, 11.9202



15.6209, -11.7410, 5.8207



9.7983, -1.3929, 1.1241



26.8075, -22.9874, 16.1161



70.3541, -60.3285, 42.2955

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.7101, 19.0902, -12.8062



12.5123, 24.5994, -16.5019



8.8103, 15.9092, -0.6742



9.4671, 0.3954, -0.0980



16.9165, 33.2582, -22.3104



44.3958, 87.2831, -58.5512

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

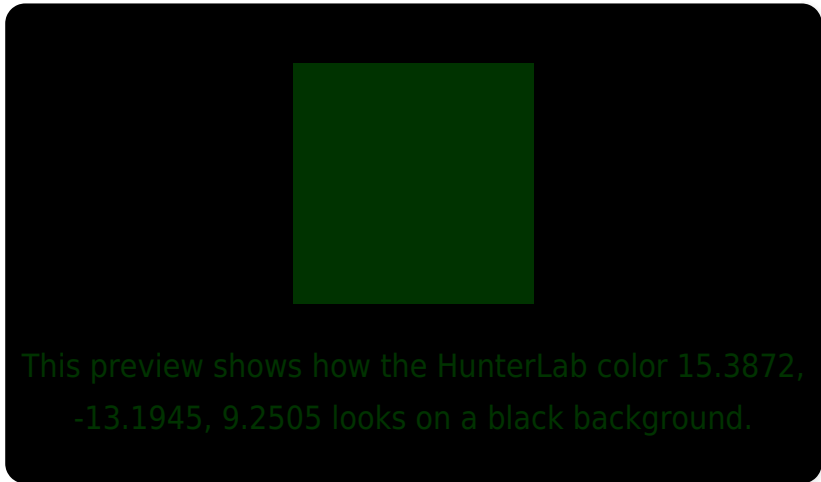
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3872,

-13.1945, 9.2505.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505

Protanopia

15.6663, -2.7220, 9.6059

Deuteranopia

15.5636, 0.6207, 8.3950



Tritanopia

15.5932, -5.2713, -2.3925

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505

Protanomaly

15.2458, -8.1626, 9.2515

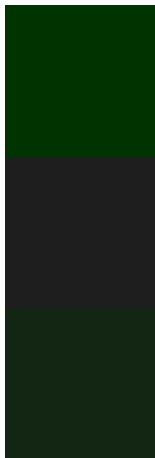
Deuteranomaly

14.9981, -6.3727, 8.3356

Tritanomaly

15.1781, -9.1136, 3.8552

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

12.5367, -6.5732, 4.6963

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 51, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 51, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 51, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 51, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 51, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 51, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 51, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 51, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 51, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 51, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3872, -13.1945, 9.2505 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 51, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 51,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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