

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.0529, 25.7637,
9.7266)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.0529, 25.7637,
9.7266) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.0841, 25.8320,
9.7470)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C0000
RGB	92, 0, 0
RGB Percent	36%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.6392, 1.0000, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 1.00, 0.64
HSL	0°, 100%, 18%
HSV	0°, 100%, 36%
XYZ	4.4136, 2.2753, 0.2065
YIQ	27.5080, 54.8320, 19.5040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 0, 0
Decimal	6029312
CIE Lab	16.87, 38.03, 26.13
CIE LCh	17, 46.145, 34.495
Yxy	2.2754, 0.6401, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284219392 (0xFF5C0000)
YUV	27.5080, -13.5614, 56.5595
Hunter-Lab	15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470

Details

The HunterLab color **15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **29.0269, -15.3872, -3.0646**, and the grayscale version is **10.6544, -0.5685, 0.5789**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8562, 29.1344, 14.3560**, and **6.4363, 11.0564, 3.8951** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0846, 25.8300, 9.7473**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7965, 23.9280, 9.1611**.

Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (0%)

Blue (0%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.0841, 25.8320,
9.7470

15.0841, 25.8320,
9.7470

109.0153, 36.9519,
28.8981

8.7216, 24.4156,
6.1051

30.7709, 29.0980,
14.3297

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

39.9015, 30.5577,
16.6718

0.0000, NaN, NaN

49.7904, 31.8908,
18.8849

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

60.3834, 33.1051,
21.0026

0.0000, NaN, NaN


71.6364, 34.2098,
23.0480


0.0000, NaN, NaN


83.5128, 35.2140,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


25.0380


 95.9814, 36.1256,
26.9849


 15.0841, 25.8320,
9.7470


 15.0841, 25.8320,
9.7470


 15.0846, 25.8300,
9.7473

 15.7965, 23.9280,
9.1611

 16.6318, 21.8628,
8.5295

 17.8020, 19.2256,
7.7302

 19.2837, 16.2377,
6.8359

 21.0400, 13.0978,
5.9103

■ 23.0320, 9.9442,
4.9971

■ 25.2236, 6.8573,
4.1206

■ 27.5840, 3.8749,
3.2913

■ 30.0877, 1.0083,
2.5110

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0846, 33.0925, 2.5687



15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470



15.0846, 11.5421, 10.5592

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0846, 25.8300, 9.7473



15.0846, -17.4222, 8.0261



15.0846, 1.2043, -47.3493

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470



29.0269, -15.3872, -3.0646

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0846, -10.1335, -40.2887



15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470



15.0846, -18.6803, -1.1644

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0846, 25.8300, 9.7473



15.0846, -12.5155, 10.5592



15.0846, -16.3776, -19.8165



15.0846, 16.1280, -34.8822

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470



15.0846, 1.6691, 10.5592



15.0846, -16.3776, -19.8165



15.0846, -3.1305, -47.2293

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0846, 25.8300, 9.7473



33.0842, 9.4552, 5.5592



17.4585, 34.3239, -23.0267



16.1502, 5.3028, 2.9441



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0846, 25.8300, 9.7473



19.9564, 34.1731, 12.8953



20.5651, 10.7997, 12.8612



15.3239, 0.3427, 1.2216



18.1460, 31.0729, 11.7255



42.4627, 72.7160, 27.4383

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0269, -15.3872, -3.0646



38.4017, -20.3567, -4.0545



16.5126, 2.5460, -26.1354



16.1878, -1.9622, 0.5112



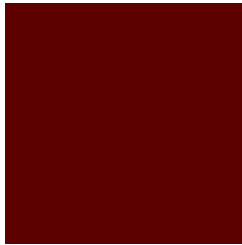
34.9181, -18.5101, -3.6867



81.7112, -43.3148, -8.6277

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

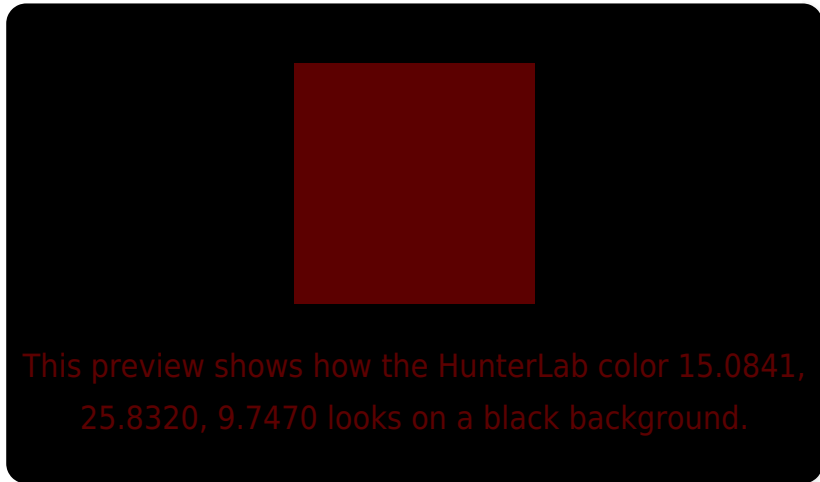
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

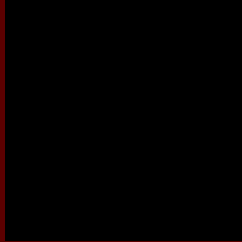
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0841, 25.8320,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470

Protanopia

16.7022, -2.5210, 9.0130

Deuteranopia

16.4344, -0.0254, 10.1264



Tritanopia

15.5548, 23.4100, 9.9946

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470

Protanomaly

14.6266, 8.8529, 8.2366

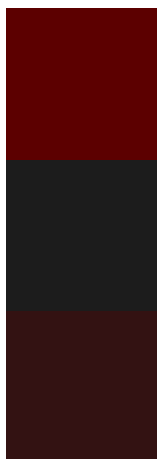
Deuteranomaly

14.6034, 10.3928, 9.1805

Tritanomaly

15.3440, 24.0955, 9.8768

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

10.8632, 8.7708, 3.7240

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 0, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 0, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 0, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 0, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 0, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 0, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 0, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 0, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 0, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 0, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.0841, 25.8320, 9.7470 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 0, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 0,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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