

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.0723, 25.8562,  
9.3945)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.0723, 25.8562,  
9.3945) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.1059, 25.9129,  
9.4237)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C0003
RGB	92, 0, 3
RGB Percent	36%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.6392, 1.0000, 0.9882
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.97, 0.64
HSL	358°, 100%, 18%
HSV	358°, 100%, 36%
XYZ	4.4301, 2.2819, 0.2931
YIQ	27.8500, 53.8690, 20.4370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

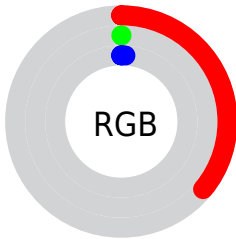
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	92, 0, 3
Decimal	6029315
CIE Lab	16.90, 38.12, 24.95
CIE LCh	17, 45.558, 33.206
Yxy	2.2820, 0.6324, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284219395 (0xFF5C0003)
YUV	27.8500, -12.2510, 56.2596
Hunter-Lab	15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **28.9407, -15.9176, -1.8110**, and the grayscale version is **10.7558, -0.5739, 0.5844**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8830, 29.2542, 13.9636**, and **6.4363, 11.0564, 3.8951** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1058, 25.9126, 9.4244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8160, 24.0039, 8.8740**.

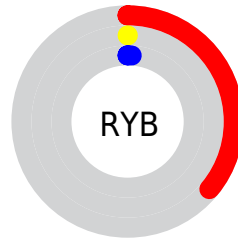
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (0%)

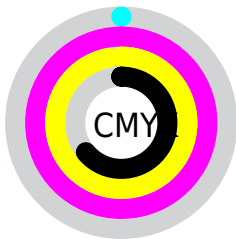
Blue (1%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

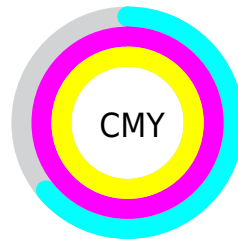


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



15.1059, 25.9129,  
9.4237

15.1059, 25.9129,  
9.4237

109.0574, 37.0586,  
27.9917

8.7417, 24.4836,  
6.1192

30.7985, 29.1839,  
13.9362

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

39.9316, 30.6465,  
16.1857

0.0000, NaN, NaN

49.8229, 31.9827,  
18.3149

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

60.4180, 33.2000,  
20.3556

0.0000, NaN, NaN

71.6730, 34.3078,  
22.3298


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


83.5513, 35.3149,


24.2533


 96.0217, 36.2294,  
26.1376


 15.1059, 25.9129,  
9.4237


 15.1059, 25.9129,  
9.4237


 15.1058, 25.9126,  
9.4244

 15.8160, 24.0039,  
8.8740

 16.6573, 21.9664,  
8.1576

 17.8312, 19.3502,  
7.3081

 19.3141, 16.3736,  
6.4009

 21.0693, 13.2338,  
5.4959

■ 23.0584, 10.0694,  
4.6307

■ 25.2455, 6.9618,  
3.8240

■ 27.6003, 3.9504,  
3.0812

■ 30.0974, 1.0478,  
2.4006

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1064, 32.6081, 2.0782



15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237



15.1064, 12.0170, 10.5745

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1064, 25.9109, 9.4240



15.1064, -17.1508, 8.2130



15.1064, 0.5994, -46.4732

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237



28.9407, -15.9176, -1.8110

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1064, -10.4063, -38.7773



15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237



15.1064, -18.5412, -0.5516

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1064, 25.9109, 9.4240



15.1064, -12.0932, 10.5745



15.1064, -16.4157, -18.5337



15.1064, 15.2387, -35.0046



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237



15.1064, 2.2274, 10.5745



15.1064, -16.4157, -18.5337



15.1064, -3.6191, -46.0579

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1064, 25.9109, 9.4240



33.1114, 9.5998, 5.1578



17.0100, 33.6702, -24.2211



16.1647, 5.3795, 2.7292



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1064, 25.9109, 9.4240



19.9772, 34.2544, 12.5773



19.9962, 12.0969, 12.5327



15.3273, 0.3614, 1.1724



18.1670, 31.1546, 11.4055



42.4821, 72.7916, 27.1424



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1064, 25.9109, 9.4240



19.9772, 34.2544, 12.5773



17.2489, 1.2024, -24.1537



15.3273, 0.3614, 1.1724



18.1670, 31.1546, 11.4055

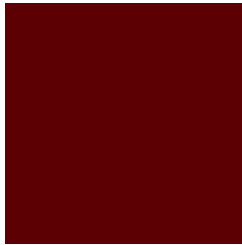


42.4821, 72.7916, 27.1424



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

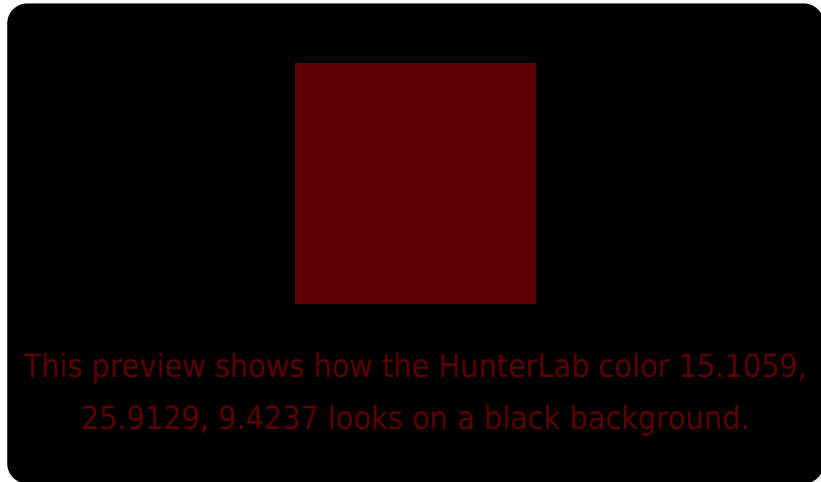
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

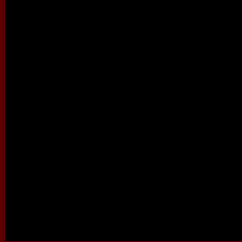
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1059, 25.9129,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237

### Protanopia

16.7022, -2.5210, 9.0130

### Tritanopia

15.5548, 23.4100, 9.9946

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237

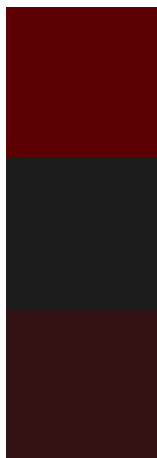
## Protanomaly

14.6341, 8.8890, 8.1260

## Tritanomaly

15.3512, 24.1231, 9.7707

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237

## Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

## Achromatomaly

10.8786, 8.8418, 3.5003

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 0, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 0, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 0, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 0, 3) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 0, 3) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 0, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 0, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 0, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 0, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 0, 3) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.1059, 25.9129, 9.4237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 0, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 0,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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