

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.0983, -0.9562,
9.2642)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.0983, -0.9562, 9.2642)
contains.

HunterLab(15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.1317, -1.0217,
9.3062)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	332900
RGB	51, 41, 0
RGB Percent	20%, 16%, 0%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 1.00, 0.80
HSL	48°, 100%, 10%
HSV	48°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	2.1582, 2.2897, 0.3282
YIQ	39.3160, 19.1210, -10.6310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

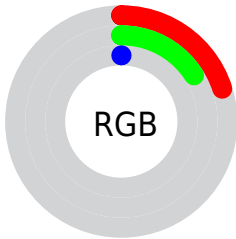
Format	Color
R_{YB}	12, 51, 0
Decimal	3352832
CIE _{Lab}	16.94, -0.40, 24.51
CIE _{LCh}	17, 24.515, 90.925
Yxy	2.2898, 0.4519, 0.4794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281542912 (0xFF332900)
YUV	39.3160, -19.3828, 10.2469
Hunter-Lab	15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062

Details

The HunterLab color **15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **6.7534, 6.8441, -23.2151**, and the grayscale version is **14.4022, -0.7685, 0.7825**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8439, -1.9703, 13.8018**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1320, -1.0223, 9.3064**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.3981, -1.1979, 8.9033**.

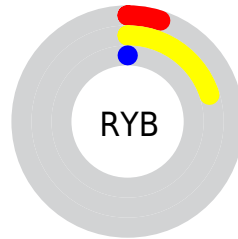
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (16%)

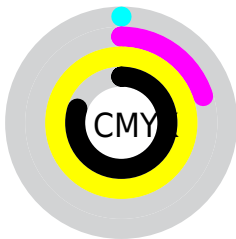
Blue (0%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (0%)

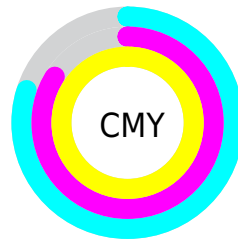


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1317, -1.0217,
9.3062

■ 15.1317, -1.0217,
9.3062

■ 109.1070, -6.2421,
27.6579

■ 8.7653, -0.6650,
6.1357

■ 30.8311, -1.9185,
13.7926

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.9671, -2.4311,
16.0076

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.8611, -2.9823,
18.1057

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.4587, -3.5695,
20.1178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 71.7162, -4.1908,
22.0656


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.5967, -4.8443,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


23.9644


 96.0693, -5.5285,
25.8257


 15.1317, -1.0217,
9.3062


 15.1317, -1.0217,
9.3062

 15.1320, -1.0223,
9.3064

 15.3981, -1.1979,
8.9033

 15.6653, -1.3770,
8.5201

 15.9393, -1.5281,
8.0717

 16.2253, -1.6222,
7.4822

 16.5234, -1.6584,
6.7499

■ 16.8336, -1.6361,
5.8749

■ 17.1560, -1.5555,
4.8585

■ 17.4904, -1.4171,
3.7031

■ 17.8367, -1.2218,
2.4117

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1321, 6.2114, 8.4610



15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062



15.1321, -7.0539, 8.3525

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1321, -1.0224, 9.3063



15.1321, -10.6097, -7.2263



15.1321, 12.6563, -6.7033

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062



6.7534, 6.8441, -23.2151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1321, 6.6503, -14.5425



15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062



15.1321, -6.7434, -14.9280

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1321, -1.0224, 9.3063



15.1321, -11.9413, 0.6180



15.1321, -0.5929, -18.0693



15.1321, 14.9158, 1.0265

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062



15.1321, -9.8099, 6.8247



15.1321, -0.5929, -18.0693



15.1321, 10.9611, -9.5165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1321, -1.0224, 9.3063



22.0413, -2.0257, 6.4789



8.5216, 14.8552, 3.4730



11.6227, -1.0742, 3.4701



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1321, -1.0224, 9.3063



19.3457, -1.0630, 11.9021



16.5449, -8.4445, 10.0469



9.8489, -0.6500, 1.1934



25.9598, -1.1116, 15.9768



67.1454, -1.2607, 41.3526

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7534, 6.8441, -23.2151



8.2746, 10.0283, -31.9907



5.8578, 14.1109, -27.8437



9.4061, -0.3582, -0.1873



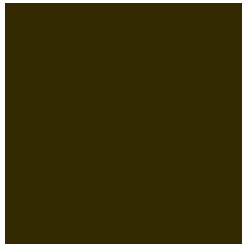
10.6863, 15.0728, -45.8948



25.8609, 46.8027, -133.3574

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

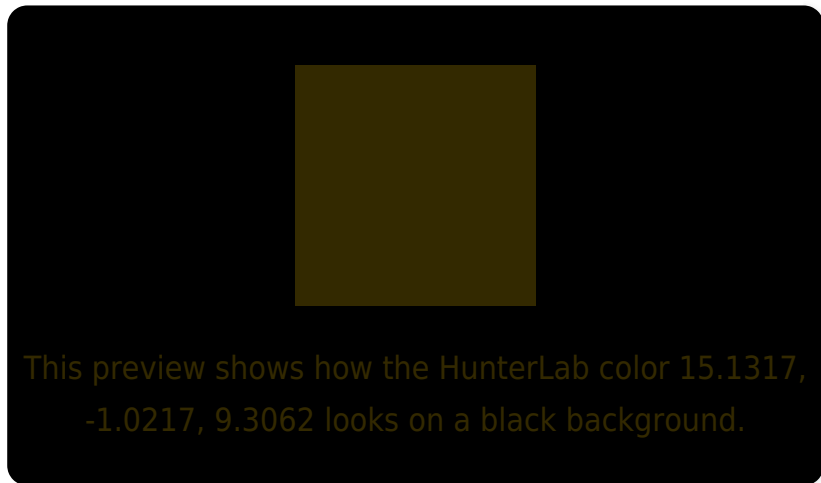
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

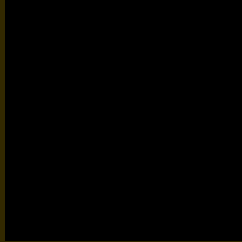
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062.

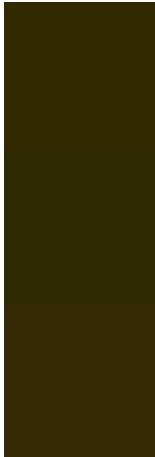


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1317, -1.0217,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062

Protanopia

15.1284, -2.1942, 9.0586

Deuteranopia

15.1104, 0.1233, 8.8624



Tritanopia

15.1763, 3.5698, 1.2184

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062

Protanomaly

15.2023, -1.9457, 9.2215

Deuteranomaly

15.0141, -0.2214, 8.9075

Tritanomaly

15.0189, 1.3869, 5.4209

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062

Achromatopsia

14.2438, -0.7600, 0.7739

Achromatomaly

14.4961, -1.5963, 5.1428

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 41, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 41, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 41, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 41, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 41, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 41, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 41, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 41, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 41, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 41, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.1317, -1.0217, 9.3062 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 41, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 41,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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