

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	461A33
RGB	70, 26, 51
RGB Percent	27%, 10%, 20%
CMY	0.7255, 0.8980, 0.8000
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.27, 0.73
HSL	326°, 46%, 19%
HSV	326°, 63%, 27%
XYZ	3.4927, 2.2799, 3.3879
YIQ	42.0060, 18.1990, 17.1030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

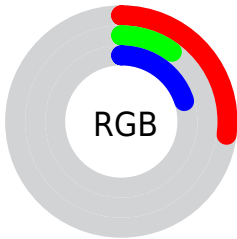
Format	Color
R_{YB}	70, 26, 51
Decimal	4594227
CIE _{Lab}	16.89, 24.45, -6.19
CIE _{LCh}	17, 25.224, 345.786
Yxy	2.2800, 0.3813, 0.2489
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282784307 (0xFF461A33)
YUV	42.0060, 4.4340, 24.5507
Hunter-Lab	15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338

Details

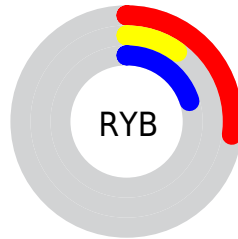
The HunterLab color **15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **21.8848, -13.0960, 6.5296**, and the grayscale version is **15.2004, -0.8111, 0.8259**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8073, 16.8955, -2.4861**, and **4.3443, 7.5911, 1.6341** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.0753, 17.1135, -2.7960**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2987, 12.3942, -2.4458**.

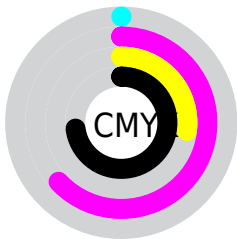
Distribution



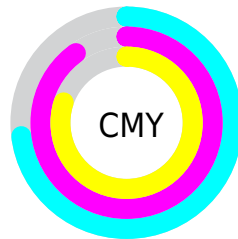
- Red (27%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338

■ 15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338

■ 109.0444, 20.9964,
-0.4199

■ 8.7355, 13.7165,
-2.6813

■ 30.7900, 17.0304,
-2.6553

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.9224, 17.8984,
-2.5002

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.8129, 18.6461,
-2.2811

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.4073, 19.2876,
-2.0048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.6617, 19.8347,
-1.6767

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.5394, 20.2968,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-1.3009

96.0093, 20.6819,
-0.8810

15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338

15.0993, 14.8662,
-2.7338

14.0753, 17.1135,
-2.7960

16.2987, 12.3942,
-2.4458

13.2446, 19.0063,
-2.5989

17.6513, 9.8064,
-1.9740

12.5593, 20.6132,
-2.2107

19.1371, 7.1762,
-1.3563

12.0571, 21.9059,
-1.9586

20.7378, 4.5500,
-0.6252

22.4378, 1.9538,
0.1937

■ 24.2240, -0.6001,
1.0810

■ 26.0855, -3.1077,
2.0220

■ 28.0135, -5.5699,
3.0060

■ 30.0004, -7.9900,
4.0249

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0997, 10.2963, -11.3524



15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338



15.0997, 14.7320, 3.9495

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0997, 14.8653, -2.7334



15.0997, -4.3490, 9.2375



15.0997, -9.2073, -11.7883

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338



21.8848, -13.0960, 6.5296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0997, -11.8399, -3.1619



15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338



15.0997, -9.4100, 7.4029

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0997, 14.8653, -2.7334



15.0997, 2.6997, 9.2867



15.0997, -11.9065, 3.6796



15.0997, -4.0193, -18.0043

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338



15.0997, 11.9630, 6.6211



15.0997, -11.9065, 3.6796



15.0997, -10.3744, -8.9336

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0997, 14.8653, -2.7334



28.0265, 4.9447, -0.5040



13.1301, 11.3908, -17.8747



14.0120, 2.7357, -0.3273



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0997, 14.8653, -2.7334



17.9566, 23.9500, -3.5962



14.6049, 12.6394, 4.3240



12.3537, 0.4617, 0.2995



17.2295, 31.1919, -1.9354



42.3158, 76.2091, -1.6638

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0997, 14.8653, -2.7334



17.9566, 23.9500, -3.5962



22.3546, -10.2991, -0.2131



12.3537, 0.4617, 0.2995



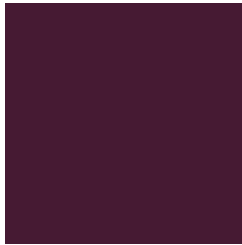
17.2295, 31.1919, -1.9354



42.3158, 76.2091, -1.6638

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

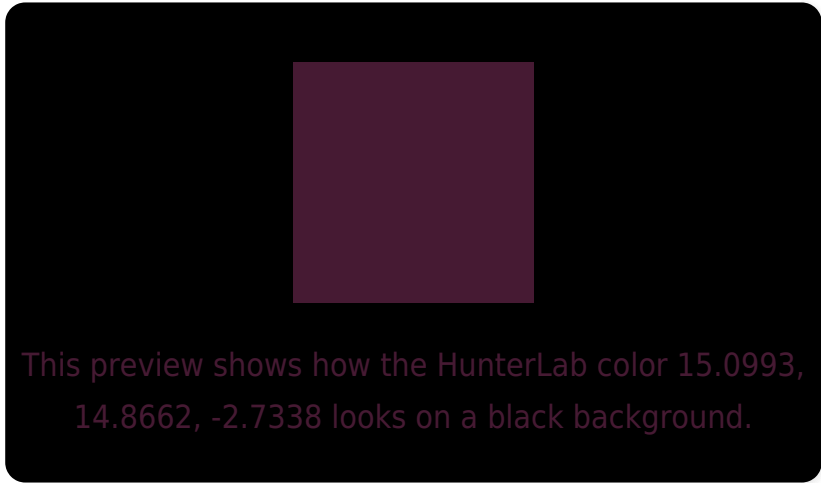
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

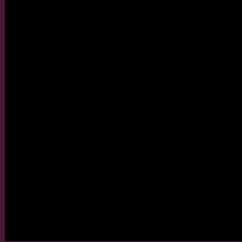
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338.

-2.7338.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338

Protanopia

15.4592, 1.2667, -8.4877

Deuteranopia

15.5343, 0.6344, -1.5070



Tritanopia

15.0575, 10.6672, 3.7996

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338

Protanomaly

14.8523, 5.7276, -7.2654

Deuteranomaly

14.9964, 5.5940, -2.5918

Tritanomaly

15.1563, 12.0660, 1.6974

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

14.7692, 4.6192, -0.7848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 26, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 26, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 26, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 26, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 26, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 26, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 26, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 26, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 26, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 26, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.0993, 14.8662, -2.7338 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 26, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 26,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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