

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.1015, 0.6284,  
1.1938)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.1015, 0.6284, 1.1938)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.0284, 0.8493,  
0.9990)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2E2829
RGB	46, 40, 41
RGB Percent	18%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8196, 0.8431, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.11, 0.82
HSL	350°, 7%, 17%
HSV	350°, 13%, 18%
XYZ	2.2857, 2.2585, 2.4133
YIQ	41.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

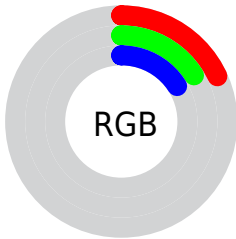
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">46, 40, 41</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3024937</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">16.79, 2.99, 0.35</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">17, 3.009, 6.760</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.2586, 0.3285, 0.3246</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281215017 (0xFF2E2829)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">41.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.1079, -2.4151, 0.7447**, and the grayscale version is **15.1872, -0.8104, 0.8252**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7314, 0.4811, 1.9593**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9330, 2.2158, 1.1179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.1726, -0.4835, 0.9167**.

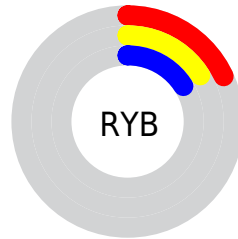
# Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (16%)

Blue (16%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)

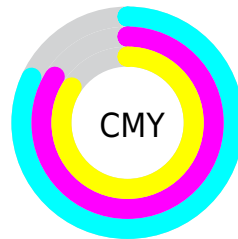


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.0284, 0.8493,  
0.9990

■ 15.0284, 0.8493,  
0.9990

108.9072, -2.6697,  
6.2804

■ 8.6699, 1.0387,  
0.6413

■ 30.7000, 0.4392,  
1.9015

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.8242, 0.1356,  
2.4192

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.7072, -0.2225,  
2.9766

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.2946, -0.6292,  
3.5710

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.5424, -1.0804,  
4.2003

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.4139, -1.5726,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.8626

95.8778, -2.1032,  
5.5564

15.0284, 0.8493,  
0.9990

15.0284, 0.8493,  
0.9990

13.9330, 2.2158,  
1.1179

16.1726, -0.4835,  
0.9167

12.8925, 3.6160,  
1.2779

17.3589, -1.7826,  
0.8655

11.9155, 5.0430,  
1.4846

18.5829, -3.0510,  
0.8413

11.0120, 6.4829,  
1.7426

19.8405, -4.2921,  
0.8405

10.1934, 7.9097,  
2.0545

21.1284, -5.5092,  
0.8600

■ 9.4725, 9.2820,  
2.4187

■ 22.4439, -6.7055,  
0.8970

■ 8.8450, 10.5901,  
2.8120

■ 23.7846, -7.8841,  
0.9495

■ 8.2035, 12.1475,  
3.1242

■ 25.1486, -9.0476,  
1.0154

■ 7.7307, 13.4562,  
3.3123

■ 26.5341, -10.1983,  
1.0934

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.0287, 0.7231, 0.1939



15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990



15.0287, 0.5243, 1.7159

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.0287, 0.8489, 0.9993



15.0287, -1.7649, 2.0070



15.0287, -1.4399, -0.6761

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990



16.1079, -2.4151, 0.7447

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.0287, -2.0852, -0.1389



15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990



15.0287, -2.2699, 1.4166

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.0287, 0.8489, 0.9993



15.0287, -0.9939, 2.2765



15.0287, -2.3859, 0.6346



15.0287, -0.6105, -0.8030



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990



15.0287, 0.1004, 2.0569



15.0287, -2.3859, 0.6346



15.0287, -1.6850, -0.5361

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.0287, 0.8489, 0.9993



20.1728, -0.4141, 1.1632



15.0759, 1.2541, -0.8537



11.2144, -0.2065, 0.6492



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.0287, 0.8489, 0.9993



18.3728, 1.7175, 1.3081



15.4598, -0.0628, 1.8258



8.7154, 0.1041, 0.5335



14.2994, 24.7183, 7.4563



38.0153, 65.4320, 22.0087



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0287, 0.8489, 0.9993



18.3728, 1.7175, 1.3081



15.6519, -1.5145, -0.1732



8.7154, 0.1041, 0.5335



14.2994, 24.7183, 7.4563



38.0153, 65.4320, 22.0087



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

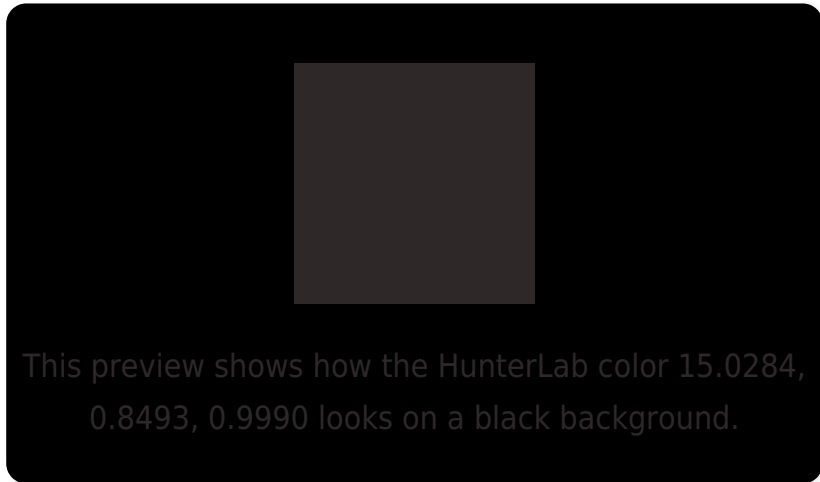
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

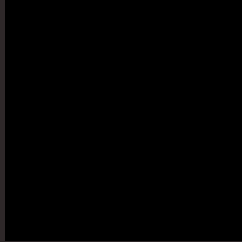
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990.



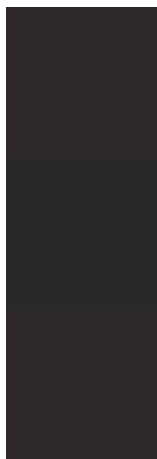
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.0284, 0.8493,

0.9990.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990

### Protanopia

14.9843, -0.4236, 0.5585

### Deuteranopia

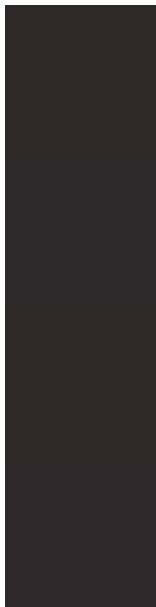
15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990



## Tritanopia

15.0760, 1.1043, 0.3208

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990

## Protanomaly

15.0553, -0.1787, 0.6475

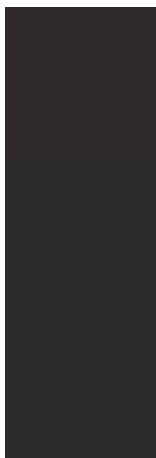
## Deuteranomaly

15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990

## Tritanomaly

15.0519, 0.9754, 0.6636

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990

## Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

## Achromatomaly

15.0553, -0.1787, 0.6475

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 40, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 40, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 40, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 40, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 40, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 40, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 40, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 40, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 40, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 40, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.0284, 0.8493, 0.9990 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 40, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 40,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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