

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.1734, 3.6115,
2.0933)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.1734, 3.6115, 2.0933)
contains.

| | |
|---|----|
| HunterLab(15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(15.2001, 3.5130,
2.2751)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Hex | 362626 |
| RGB | 54, 38, 38 |
| RGB Percent | 21%, 15%, 15% |
| CMY | 0.7882, 0.8510, 0.8510 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.79 |
| HSL | 0°, 17%, 18% |
| HSV | 0°, 30%, 21% |
| XYZ | 2.5643, 2.3104, 2.1445 |
| YIQ | 42.7840, 9.5360, 3.3920 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 54, 38, 38 |
| Decimal | 3548710 |
| CIE Lab | 17.04, 7.55, 2.95 |
| CIE LCh | 17, 8.109, 21.351 |
| Yxy | 2.3105, 0.3653, 0.3292 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281738790 (0xFF362626) |
| YUV | 42.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364 |
| Hunter-Lab | 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 |

Details

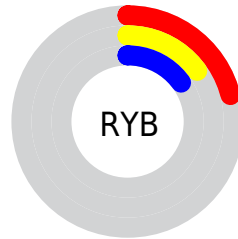
The HunterLab color **15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.2116, -4.5802, -0.2205**, and the grayscale version is **15.4776, -0.8258, 0.8409**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9479, 3.6422, 3.4556**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.9914, 5.1532, 2.7381**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4885, 1.9257, 1.8364**.

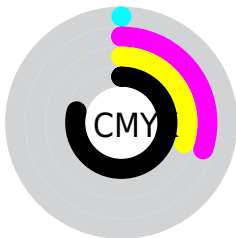
Distribution



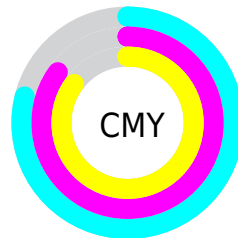
- Red (21%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2001, 3.5130,
2.2751

■ 15.2001, 3.5130,
2.2751

■ 109.2391, 2.1963,
8.8496

■ 8.8277, 3.3124,
1.8667

■ 30.9178, 3.7207,
3.5542

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.0616, 3.6866,
4.2313

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.9628, 3.5792,
4.9353

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5672, 3.4078,
5.6660

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.8310, 3.1789,
6.4233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.7175, 2.8981,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.2067

96.1959, 2.5694,
8.0157

15.2001, 3.5130,
2.2751

15.2001, 3.5130,
2.2751

13.9914, 5.1532,
2.7381

16.4885, 1.9257,
1.8364

12.8744, 6.8360,
3.2215

17.8447, 0.3961,
1.4216

11.8648, 8.5338,
3.7176

19.2601, -1.0786,
1.0294

10.9797, 10.1981,
4.2115

20.7274, -2.5029,
0.6578

10.2365, 11.7551,
4.6797

22.2406, -3.8824,
0.3045

■ 9.5823, 13.2750,
5.1419

■ 23.7948, -5.2228,
-0.0327

■ 8.8834, 15.0895,
5.6997

■ 25.3859, -6.5295,
-0.3560

■ 8.8565, 15.1641,
5.7228

■ 27.0105, -7.8075,
-0.6672

■ 28.6658, -9.0609,
-0.9680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2005, 3.7930, 0.1836



15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751



15.2005, 2.0384, 3.7498

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2005, 3.5124, 2.2754



15.2005, -4.1015, 3.2188



15.2005, -1.4687, -3.9258

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751



18.2116, -4.5802, -0.2205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2005, -3.4665, -2.8226



15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751



15.2005, -4.9264, 1.4442

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2005, 3.5124, 2.2754



15.2005, -2.3827, 4.2358



15.2005, -4.7010, -0.7787



15.2005, 0.8254, -3.6159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751



15.2005, 0.6226, 4.2865



15.2005, -4.7010, -0.7787



15.2005, -2.1951, -3.7027

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2005, 3.5124, 2.2754



23.4815, 0.4904, 1.8603



15.6104, 5.6170, -3.5381



12.2213, 0.3049, 0.9849



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2005, 3.5124, 2.2754



18.6551, 6.3965, 3.4917



16.9653, 0.2778, 4.0503



10.1224, 0.1189, 0.7709



15.0505, 25.7717, 9.7253



38.8678, 66.5596, 25.1154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2116, -4.5802, -0.2205



23.6456, -7.0931, -0.6707



16.2247, -1.5249, -2.7827



10.6149, -1.1948, 0.3660



28.9613, -15.3524, -3.0577



74.7933, -39.6476, -7.8973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

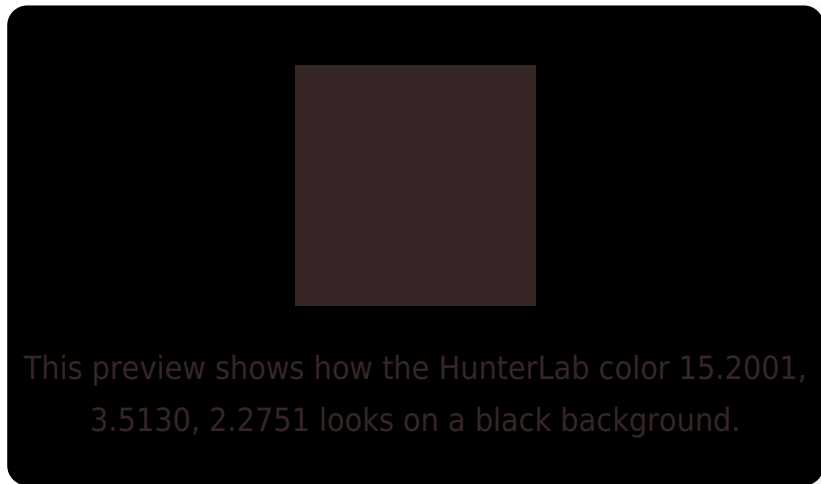
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

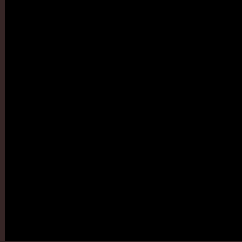
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751.

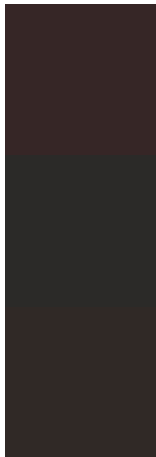


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2001, 3.5130,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751

Protanopia

15.2405, -0.8193, 1.5671

Deuteranopia

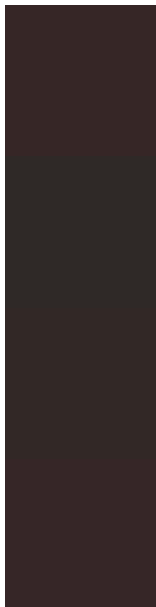
15.3434, 0.6245, 2.3796



Tritanopia

15.2437, 3.7390, 1.6505

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751

Protanomaly

15.2863, 0.4736, 1.9827

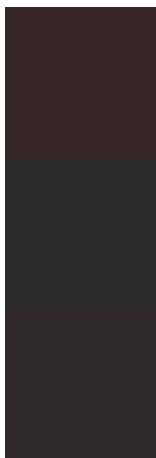
Deuteranomaly

15.2828, 1.5674, 2.3306

Tritanomaly

15.2216, 3.6247, 1.9665

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.3307, 0.7131, 1.3461

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(54, 38, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(54, 38, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(54, 38, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(54, 38, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(54, 38, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 38, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(54, 38, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.2001, 3.5130, 2.2751 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(54, 38, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(54, 38,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor