

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2088, 2.4717,  
5.0237)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.2088, 2.4717, 5.0237)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.3203, 2.4419,  
5.2314)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	37271C
RGB	55, 39, 28
RGB Percent	22%, 15%, 11%
CMY	0.7843, 0.8471, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.49, 0.78
HSL	24°, 33%, 16%
HSV	24°, 49%, 22%
XYZ	2.5107, 2.3471, 1.4193
YIQ	42.5300, 13.0670, -0.0290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

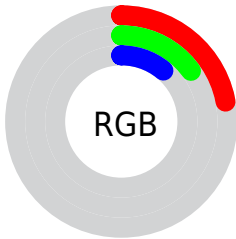
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">55, 47, 28</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3614492</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">17.21, 5.75, 10.19</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">17, 11.704, 60.575</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.3472, 0.4000, 0.3739</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281804572 (0xFF37271C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">42.5300, -7.1633, 10.9362</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.2446, -2.4506, -4.7067**, and the grayscale version is **15.4091, -0.8222, 0.8372**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1113, 2.3628, 7.8515**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5546, 3.3304, 5.8305**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.1225, 1.6164, 4.5354**.

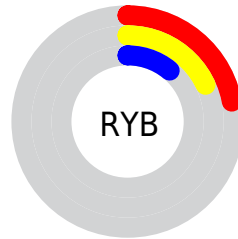
# Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (15%)

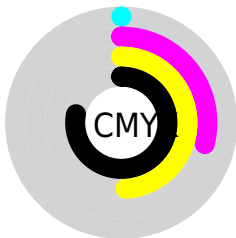
Blue (11%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (11%)

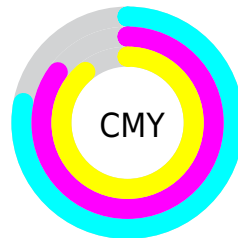


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (49%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.3203, 2.4419,  
5.2314

■ 15.3203, 2.4419,  
5.2314

■ 109.4708, 0.2512,  
15.6523

■ 8.9361, 2.3530,  
5.2152

■ 31.0700, 2.4052,  
7.6619

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2276, 2.2642,  
8.8166

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1414, 2.0573,  
9.9555

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7576, 1.7924,  
11.0882

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.0325, 1.4751,  
12.2206


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.9297, 1.1102,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


13.3570

 96.4180, 0.7012,  
14.5002


 15.3203, 2.4419,  
5.2314

 15.3203, 2.4419,  
5.2314

 14.5546, 3.3304,  
5.8305

 16.1225, 1.6164,  
4.5354


 13.8275, 4.2843,  
6.3214


 16.9570, 0.8537,  
3.7522


 13.1429, 5.3009,  
6.6936

 17.8214, 0.1500,  
2.8914

 12.5007, 6.3549,  
6.9968

 18.7133, -0.4983,  
1.9613

 11.8935, 7.3855,  
7.3864

 19.6304, -1.0952,  
0.9693

■ 11.8400, 7.4775,  
7.4267

■ 20.5708, -1.6446,  
-0.0781

■ 21.5328, -2.1503,  
-1.1753

■ 22.5147, -2.6160,  
-2.3175

■ 23.5153, -3.0450,  
-3.5005

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3207, 5.0660, 3.6092



15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314



15.3207, -0.8822, 5.7432

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3207, 2.4412, 5.2316



15.3207, -6.6862, 0.7730



15.3207, 2.5613, -5.3601

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314



15.2446, -2.4506, -4.7067

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3207, -0.7543, -6.5541



15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314



15.3207, -5.9298, -2.5827

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3207, 2.4412, 5.2316



15.3207, -5.9851, 3.5242



15.3207, -3.8262, -5.4444



15.3207, 5.1393, -2.4547

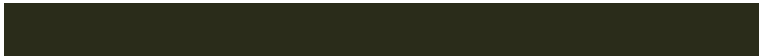


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314



15.3207, -2.9950, 5.4945



15.3207, -3.8262, -5.4444



15.3207, 1.4871, -5.9995

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3207, 2.4412, 5.2316



23.3990, -0.0950, 3.3406



13.5134, 8.7035, -2.0624



12.1943, -0.0281, 1.7751



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3207, 2.4412, 5.2316



18.5291, 4.6375, 7.7222



18.3819, -2.7781, 7.7346



10.3678, -0.2999, 1.0443



19.0093, 14.3224, 11.9642



47.2345, 41.6917, 29.8356



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2446, -2.4506, -4.7067



18.3999, -3.1468, -8.1436



12.1947, 2.8211, -10.0094



10.3609, -0.7833, 0.0660



18.5592, -1.1181, -20.7837

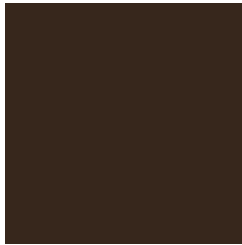


45.9133, 0.5200, -58.5102



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

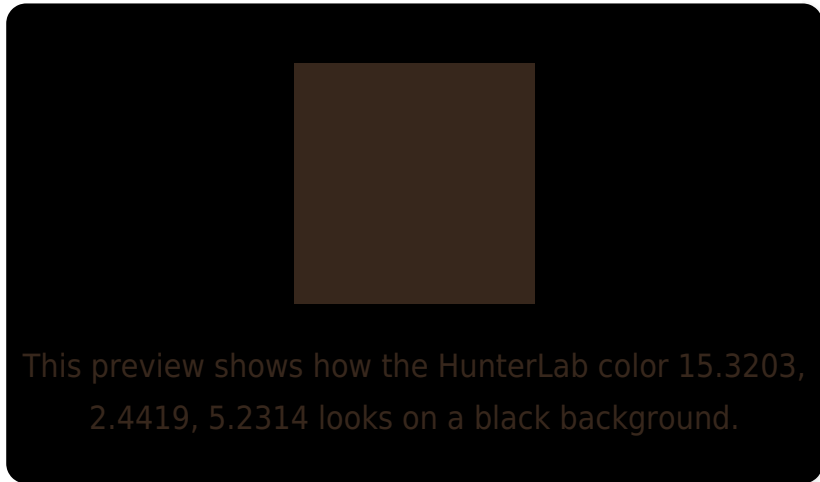
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

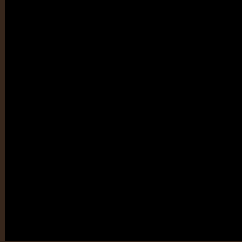
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3203, 2.4419,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314

### Protanopia

15.4832, -1.5902, 5.0617

### Deuteranopia

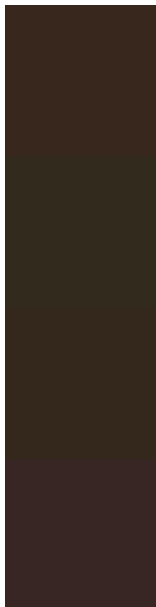
15.4062, 0.4727, 5.2736



## Tritanopia

15.2220, 4.7352, 1.6434

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314

## Protanomaly

15.4842, -0.3947, 5.0835

## Deuteranomaly

15.2692, 1.1549, 5.1632

## Tritanomaly

15.3439, 3.8884, 3.0735

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314

## Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

## Achromatomaly

15.4926, -0.0350, 2.5282

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 39, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 39, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 39, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 39, 28) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 39, 28) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 39, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 39, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 39, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 39, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 39, 28)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3203, 2.4419, 5.2314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 39, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 39,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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