

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2318, -0.2812,
0.7059)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2318, -0.2812, 0.7059)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.2862, -0.5690,
0.9132)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B2A2A
RGB	43, 42, 42
RGB Percent	17%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8353, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.83
HSL	0°, 1%, 17%
HSV	0°, 2%, 17%
XYZ	2.2421, 2.3367, 2.5233
YIQ	42.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	43, 42, 42
Decimal	2828842
CIELab	17.16, 0.45, 0.16
CIELCh	17, 0.479, 19.197
Yxy	2.3368, 0.3157, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281018922 (0xFF2B2A2A)
YUV	42.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

Details

The HunterLab color **15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.4737, -1.0689, 0.7588**, and the grayscale version is **15.3143, -0.8171, 0.8321**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9503, -1.3749, 1.7743**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2094, 0.5723, 1.2198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4028, -1.6733, 0.6225**.

Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (16%)

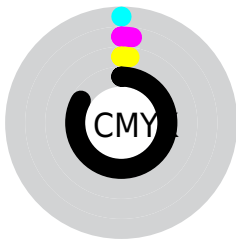
Blue (16%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2862, -0.5690,
0.9132

■ 15.2862, -0.5690,
0.9132

109.4051, -5.3684,
6.1123

■ 8.9055, -0.2542,
0.5581

■ 31.0268, -1.3447,
1.7920

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.1805, -1.8056,
2.2996

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0907, -2.3090,
2.8476

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7036, -2.8517,
3.4333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.9753, -3.4310,
4.0544

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.8695, -4.0447,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.7090

■ 96.3550, -4.6910,
5.3954

■ 15.2862, -0.5690,
0.9132

■ 15.2862, -0.5690,
0.9132

■ 14.2094, 0.5723,
1.2198

■ 16.4028, -1.6733,
0.6225

■ 13.1766, 1.7546,
1.5428

■ 17.5538, -2.7433,
0.3453

■ 12.1947, 2.9786,
1.8833

■ 18.7359, -3.7833,
0.0804

■ 11.2712, 4.2417,
2.2408

■ 19.9460, -4.7971,
-0.1738

■ 10.4154, 5.5347,
2.6131

■ 21.1817, -5.7883,
-0.4187

■ 9.6380, 6.8389,
2.9945

■ 22.4407, -6.7601,
-0.6554

■ 8.9506, 8.1210,
3.3746

■ 23.7212, -7.7152,
-0.8850

■ 8.3424, 9.3813,
3.7537

■ 25.0217, -8.6562,
-1.1085

■ 7.7025, 10.8671,
4.2070

■ 26.3408, -9.5853,
-1.3267

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2865, -0.5594, 0.7855



15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132



15.2865, -0.6457, 1.0187

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2865, -0.5694, 0.9134



15.2865, -1.0134, 0.9933



15.2865, -0.8653, 0.5864

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132



15.4737, -1.0689, 0.7588

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2865, -0.9865, 0.6431



15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132



15.2865, -1.0718, 0.8785

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2865, -0.5694, 0.9134



15.2865, -0.9021, 1.0646



15.2865, -1.0620, 0.7503



15.2865, -0.7306, 0.5959

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132



15.2865, -0.7237, 1.0622



15.2865, -1.0620, 0.7503



15.2865, -0.9090, 0.5983

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2865, -0.5694, 0.9134



19.7701, -0.9112, 1.1225



15.3100, -0.4397, 0.5753



10.7236, -0.5073, 0.6045



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2865, -0.5694, 0.9134



19.4715, -0.6062, 1.2036



15.4026, -0.7634, 1.0456



8.2932, -0.2605, 0.5118



13.7603, 23.5328, 8.8910



37.3489, 63.9313, 24.1335

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4737, -1.0689, 0.7588



19.7996, -1.4820, 0.9325



15.3568, -0.8757, 0.6234



8.4312, -0.6288, 0.3978



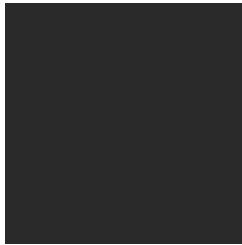
26.4463, -14.0053, -2.8222



71.7972, -38.0180, -7.6703

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

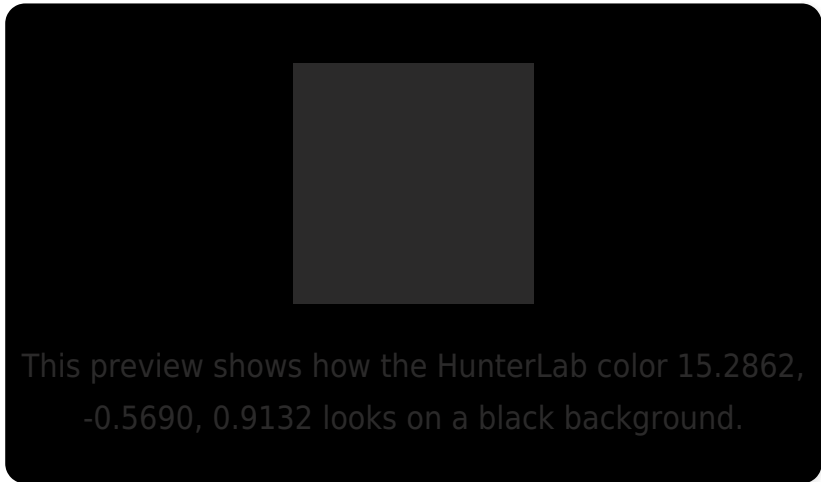
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

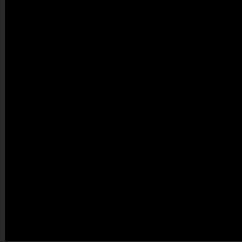
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132.



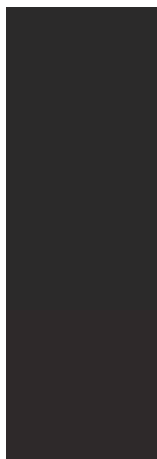
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2862, -0.5690,

0.9132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

Protanopia

15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

Deuteranopia

15.2771, 0.5777, 0.9225



Tritanopia

15.3590, -0.1726, -0.1225

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

Protanomaly

15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

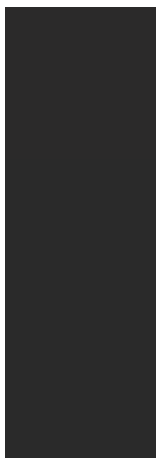
Deuteranomaly

15.2017, 0.3220, 0.8295

Tritanomaly

15.3342, -0.3075, 0.2300

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 42, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(43, 42, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 42, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 42, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 42, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 42, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 42, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 42, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 42, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 42,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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