

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2402, 5.1716,
9.4815)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2402, 5.1716, 9.4815)
contains.

HunterLab(15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.3354, 5.1168,
9.5392)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	402400
RGB	64, 36, 0
RGB Percent	25%, 14%, 0%
CMY	0.7490, 0.8588, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 1.00, 0.75
HSL	34°, 100%, 13%
HSV	34°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.7452, 2.3517, 0.3092
YIQ	40.2680, 28.2440, -5.2600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

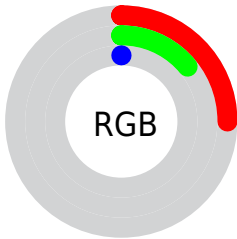
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 64, 0
Decimal	4203520
CIE Lab	17.23, 10.16, 25.29
CIE LCh	17, 27.254, 68.123
Yxy	2.3519, 0.5078, 0.4350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282393600 (0xFF402400)
YUV	40.2680, -19.8521, 20.8130
Hunter-Lab	15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **10.9571, 2.6648, -19.4479**, and the grayscale version is **14.7096, -0.7849, 0.7992**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2009, 5.6163, 14.2137**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3357, 5.1159, 9.5394**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9439, 4.2118, 9.2148**.

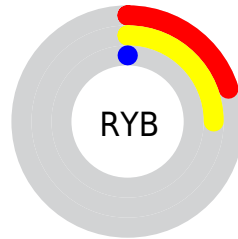
Distribution



 Red (25%)

 Green (14%)

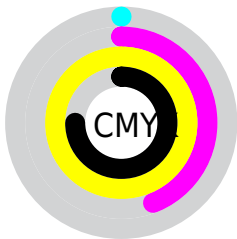
 Blue (0%)



 Red (20%)

 Yellow (25%)

 Blue (0%)

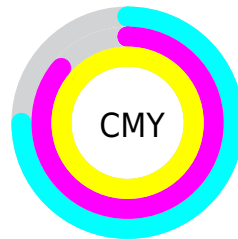


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (44%)


 Yellow (100%)

 Black (75%)



 Cyan (75%)

 Magenta (86%)

 Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3354, 5.1168,
9.5392

■ 15.3354, 5.1168,
9.5392

■ 109.5000, 5.0117,
28.3183

■ 8.9496, 4.6927,
6.2647

■ 31.0892, 5.6572,
14.1317

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2485, 5.7709,
16.4030

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1639, 5.8018,
18.5529

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7816, 5.7607,
20.6131

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.0579, 5.6555,
22.6058

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9563, 5.4924,

0.0000, NaN, NaN


24.5469


 96.4460, 5.2765,
26.4481


 15.3354, 5.1168,
9.5392


 15.3354, 5.1168,
9.5392


 15.3357, 5.1159,
9.5394

 15.9439, 4.2118,
9.2148

 16.5721, 3.3080,
8.9313

 17.2311, 2.4698,
8.5101

 17.9219, 1.7127,
7.9172

 18.6429, 1.0368,
7.1598

■ 19.3923, 0.4405,
6.2466

■ 20.1685, -0.0787,
5.1872

■ 20.9700, -0.5240,
3.9916

■ 21.7952, -0.8992,
2.6694

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3358, 12.6991, 7.2510



15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392



15.3358, -2.8615, 9.9959

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3358, 5.1159, 9.5393



15.3358, -12.9253, -1.2985



15.3358, 9.4677, -14.9554

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392



10.9571, 2.6648, -19.4479

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3358, 1.3361, -20.7686



15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392



15.3358, -10.8403, -10.6978

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3358, 5.1159, 9.5393



15.3358, -12.3101, 5.2208



15.3358, -5.9695, -18.9120



15.3358, 15.5379, -5.4170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392



15.3358, -7.2100, 9.2001



15.3358, -5.9695, -18.9120



15.3358, 6.8273, -17.5810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3358, 5.1159, 9.5393



26.4302, -0.0171, 7.0330



10.8523, 19.3928, 0.7466



13.7748, 0.0535, 3.8291



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3358, 5.1159, 9.5393



19.8792, 7.4105, 12.3792



21.5697, -6.7507, 13.1729



11.9818, -0.5180, 1.3506



22.8515, 8.9253, 14.2372



55.5810, 25.9120, 34.7024

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9571, 2.6648, -19.4479



13.9784, 4.4212, -27.0159



6.2516, 16.6265, -41.8580



11.7436, -0.7202, -0.0963



15.9530, 5.5926, -32.0126



37.6435, 18.9665, -87.9942

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

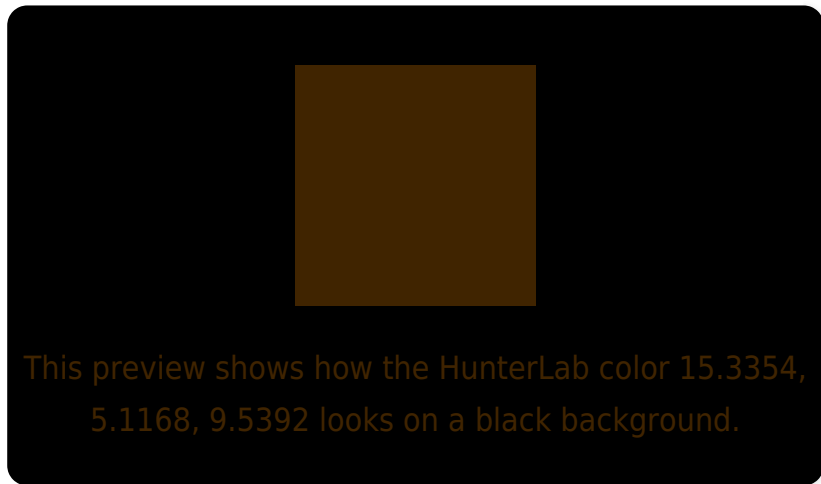
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

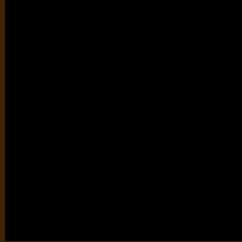
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3354, 5.1168,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392

Protanopia

15.4651, -2.1571, 8.9413

Deuteranopia

15.4858, 0.2006, 9.5458



Tritanopia

15.2935, 8.7447, 3.1062

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392

Protanomaly

15.1935, 0.3922, 9.0329

Deuteranomaly

15.3316, 1.9321, 9.4811

Tritanomaly

15.2635, 7.2811, 6.3840

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

14.7451, 0.4364, 5.3954

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 36, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 36, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 36, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 36, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 36, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 36, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 36, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 36, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 36, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 36, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3354, 5.1168, 9.5392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 36, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 36,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor