

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2443, -7.4746,
-2.9186)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2443, -7.4746,
-2.9186) contains.

HunterLab(15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.3392, -7.5906,
-2.7868)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	003033
RGB	0, 48, 51
RGB Percent	0%, 19%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8118, 0.8000
CMYK	1.00, 0.06, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	184°, 100%, 10%
HSV	184°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.6545, 2.3529, 3.4989
YIQ	33.9900, -29.5710, -9.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

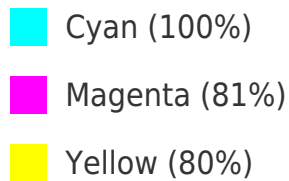
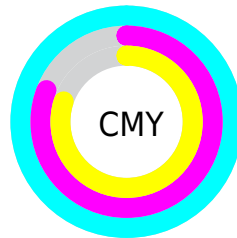
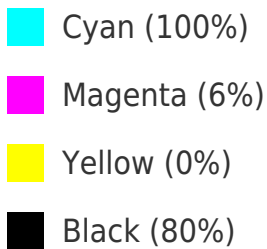
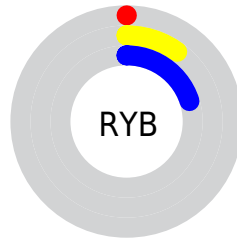
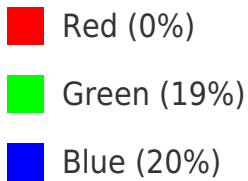
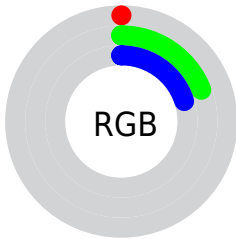
Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 51
Decimal	12339
CIELab	17.24, -13.69, -6.27
CIELCh	17, 15.062, 204.618
Yxy	2.3530, 0.2204, 0.3135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202419 (0xFF003033)
YUV	33.9900, 8.3859, -29.8092
Hunter-Lab	15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8.7692, 13.1077, 5.6326**, and the grayscale version is **12.6259, -0.6737, 0.6860**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0248, -10.4026, -2.6774**, and **0.9363, 2.5396, -6.6525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3394, -7.5907, -2.7867**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5259, -7.2724, -2.5208**.


Distribution





Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15.3392, -7.5906,
-2.7868

 15.3392, -7.5906,
-2.7868


 109.5071,
-19.8492, -0.4886

 8.9529, -7.1429,
-2.7045


 31.0938, -10.5518,
-2.7115

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 40.2535, -11.9337,
-2.5582

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 50.1693, -13.2821,
-2.3409

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 60.7874, -14.6097,
-2.0664

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 72.0640, -15.9251,
-1.7400


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 83.9628, -17.2342,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-1.3661


 96.4527, -18.5412,
-0.9480


 15.3392, -7.5906,
-2.7868


 15.3392, -7.5906,
-2.7868


 15.3394, -7.5907,
-2.7867

 15.5259, -7.2724,
-2.5208

 15.7106, -6.9635,
-2.2610

 15.9106, -6.5984,
-1.9828

 16.1414, -6.1191,
-1.6653

 16.4039, -5.5255,
-1.3091

■ 16.6984, -4.8198,
-0.9155

■ 17.0252, -4.0058,
-0.4865

■ 17.3839, -3.0886,
-0.0243

■ 17.7740, -2.0744,
0.4683

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3395, -8.1654, 1.5494



15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868



15.3395, -5.2884, -6.9923

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3395, -7.5906, -2.7866



15.3395, 6.4625, -4.4088



15.3395, -0.0418, 6.7518

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868



8.7692, 13.1077, 5.6326

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3395, 4.2284, 5.9341



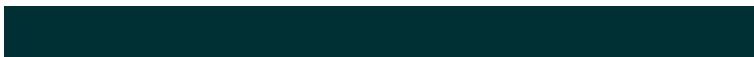
15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868



15.3395, 8.2374, 0.0844

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3395, -7.5906, -2.7866



15.3395, 2.7517, -8.0942



15.3395, 7.3783, 3.7443



15.3395, -4.0908, 6.3722

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868



15.3395, -2.9363, -8.7619



15.3395, 7.3783, 3.7443



15.3395, 1.4191, 6.6166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3395, -7.5906, -2.7866



21.8697, -5.3362, -0.7169



15.4055, -13.0804, 8.9817



11.5316, -2.8568, -0.3989



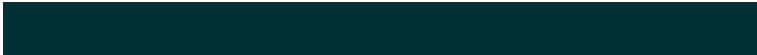
59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3395, -7.5906, -2.7866



19.7125, -9.7156, -3.6658



9.2190, 1.3510, -14.4385



9.8196, -1.0374, 0.3073



26.5823, -13.0512, -5.0518



69.4139, -33.8239, -13.7454

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5774, 18.6285, -11.0836



12.3325, 23.9757, -14.1693



12.3966, 3.9614, 7.7078



9.4636, 0.3767, -0.0488



16.6623, 32.3762, -19.0117



43.6728, 84.7733, -49.1608

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

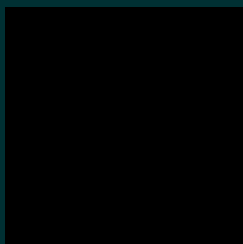
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

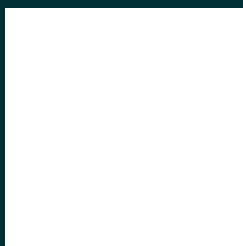
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868.



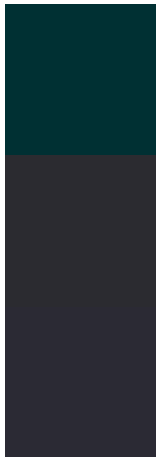
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868.

-2.7868.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868

Protanopia

15.6676, -0.1478, -0.9301

Deuteranopia

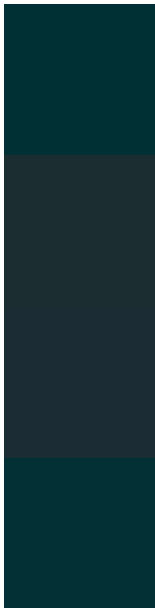
15.5482, 0.8496, -2.7932



Tritanopia

15.4729, -7.0116, -3.0374

Trichromacy



Original Color
15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868

Protanomaly
15.2694, -3.9870, -1.9437

Deuteranomaly
15.1073, -3.1317, -3.4960

Tritanomaly
15.4311, -7.1738, -3.0997

Monochromacy



Original Color
15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868

Achromatopsia
12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly
13.3222, -4.0278, -0.7957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 48, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 48, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 48, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 48, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 48, 51) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 48, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 48, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 48, 51); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 51); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 51) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3392, -7.5906, -2.7868 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 48, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 48,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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