

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2494, 10.0181,  
9.0020)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.2494, 10.0181,  
9.0020) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.2661, 9.7176,  
9.0194)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	471F05
RGB	71, 31, 5
RGB Percent	28%, 12%, 2%
CMY	0.7216, 0.8784, 0.9804
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.93, 0.72
HSL	24°, 87%, 15%
HSV	24°, 93%, 28%
XYZ	3.1159, 2.3305, 0.4292
YIQ	39.9960, 32.1860, 0.3940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

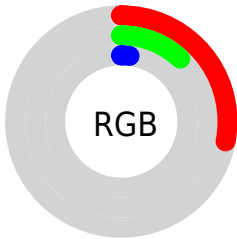
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	71, 48, 5
Decimal	4660997
CIE Lab	17.13, 17.20, 23.40
CIE LCh	17, 29.046, 53.682
Yxy	2.3307, 0.5303, 0.3966
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282851077 (0xFF471F05)
YUV	39.9960, -17.2530, 27.1905
Hunter-Lab	15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **15.3747, -2.0809, -13.5512**, and the grayscale version is **14.6126, -0.7797, 0.7939**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0002, 10.9797, 13.5230**, and **2.7958, 4.7878, 1.8066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7268, 10.7495, 9.2628**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0826, 8.2108, 8.7596**.

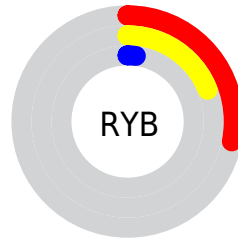
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (12%)

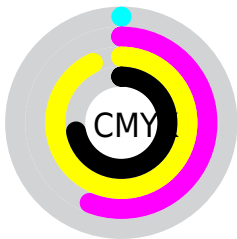
Blue (2%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (2%)

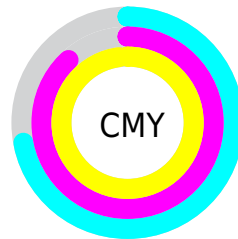


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (93%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.2661, 9.7176,  
9.0194

■ 15.2661, 9.7176,  
9.0194

■ 109.3665, 12.7920,  
26.8230

■ 8.8875, 8.8575,  
6.2212

■ 31.0014, 11.1087,  
13.4409

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.1529, 11.6085,  
15.5679

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0610, 12.0035,  
17.5864

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6719, 12.3075,  
19.5260

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 71.9418, 12.5308,  
21.4068


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.8342, 12.6817,


0.0000, NaN, NaN

23.2433

 96.3180, 12.7670,  
25.0460


 15.2661, 9.7176,  
9.0194


 15.2661, 9.7176,  
9.0194


 14.7268, 10.7495,  
9.2628

 16.0826, 8.2108,  
8.7596

 16.9665, 6.7468,  
8.3883

 17.9172, 5.3639,  
7.8419

 18.9291, 4.0697,  
7.1358

 19.9964, 2.8664,  
6.2864

■ 21.1143, 1.7527,  
5.3099

■ 22.2780, 0.7247,  
4.2208

■ 23.4835, -0.2226,  
3.0325

■ 24.7272, -1.0949,  
1.7565

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2665, 16.5189, 5.7198



15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194



15.2665, 0.9629, 10.5037

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2665, 9.7165, 9.0196



15.2665, -13.5610, 2.3945



15.2665, 6.0643, -20.3402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194



15.3747, -2.0809, -13.5512

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2665, -2.5158, -22.9322



15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194



15.2665, -12.7592, -6.5238

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2665, 9.7165, 9.0196



15.2665, -11.5756, 7.3360



15.2665, -9.0926, -16.9207



15.2665, 14.1176, -11.0223



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194



15.2665, -4.3762, 10.3278



15.2665, -9.0926, -16.9207



15.2665, 3.1050, -22.1782

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2665, 9.7165, 9.0196



28.0342, 1.7488, 6.3729



12.8181, 21.2954, -3.5417



14.0088, 1.0282, 3.3679



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2665, 9.7165, 9.0196



18.8067, 14.8260, 11.8481



22.2236, -3.3891, 13.2517



12.6191, -0.3214, 1.3062



20.3495, 16.3729, 12.8259



48.5144, 44.8682, 30.6798



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3747, -2.0809, -13.5512



18.8736, -1.6342, -20.0626



8.7604, 11.9737, -34.7375



12.6318, -0.9933, 0.0444



20.4193, -1.6086, -22.0499

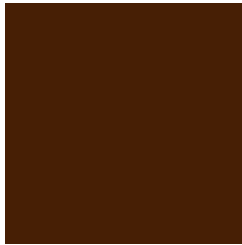


48.5672, -0.8996, -58.7627



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

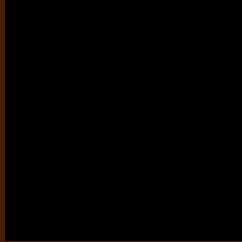
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194.



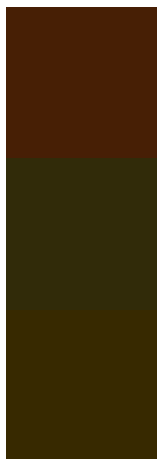
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2661, 9.7176,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194

### Protanopia

15.4934, -1.9997, 8.5229

### Deuteranopia

15.4858, 0.2006, 9.5458



## Tritanopia

15.3472, 12.2121, 4.6627

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194

## Protanomaly

15.2919, 1.9157, 8.5656

## Deuteranomaly

15.2303, 3.7839, 9.2275

## Tritanomaly

15.3759, 11.1882, 6.7435

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194

## Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

## Achromatomaly

14.5123, 1.9662, 4.7406

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 31, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 31, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 31, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 31, 5) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 31, 5) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 31, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 31, 5)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 31, 5); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 31, 5); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 31, 5) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.2661, 9.7176, 9.0194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 31, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 31,  
5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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