

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2604, 2.6075,
-18.1312)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2604, 2.6075,
-18.1312) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.1785, 2.6714,
-18.0264)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	17294D
RGB	23, 41, 77
RGB Percent	9%, 16%, 30%
CMY	0.9098, 0.8392, 0.6980
CMYK	0.70, 0.47, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	220°, 54%, 20%
HSV	220°, 70%, 30%
XYZ	2.4859, 2.3039, 7.3349
YIQ	39.7220, -22.2840, 7.3800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

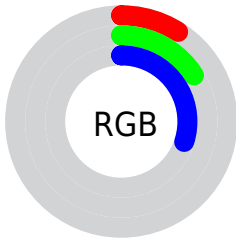
Format	Color
RYB	23, 37, 77
Decimal	1517901
CIELab	17.01, 6.14, -24.47
CIELCh	17, 25.228, 284.095
Yxy	2.3039, 0.2050, 0.1900
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279707981 (0xFF17294D)
YUV	39.7220, 18.3781, -14.6652
Hunter-Lab	15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264

Details

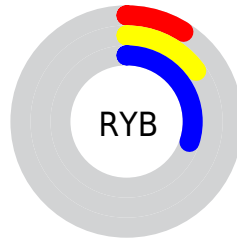
The HunterLab color **15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **21.8355, 0.8583, 11.2685**, and the grayscale version is **14.4249, -0.7697, 0.7837**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9490, 2.5997, -18.6979**, and **3.9144, 6.6580, -19.2653** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.7611, 4.0453, -21.7010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6944, 1.5568, -14.6216**.

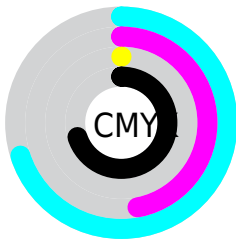
Distribution



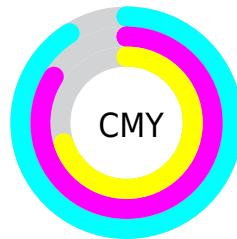
- Red (9%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1785, 2.6714,
-18.0264

■ 15.1785, 2.6714,
-18.0264

■ 109.1972, 0.6829,
-21.3787

■ 8.8079, 2.5858,
-18.0059

■ 30.8902, 2.6926,
-19.0064

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 40.0316, 2.5763,
-19.5121

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.9305, 2.3923,
-19.9701

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.5328, 2.1488,
-20.3705

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.7945, 1.8518,
-20.7103

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.6792, 1.5061,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-20.9904

■ 96.1557, 1.1154,
-21.2123

■ 15.1785, 2.6714,
-18.0264

■ 15.1785, 2.6714,
-18.0264

■ 13.7611, 4.0453,
-21.7010

■ 16.6944, 1.5568,
-14.6216

■ 12.4539, 5.6931,
-25.6527

■ 18.2941, 0.6664,
-11.4711

■ 11.2243, 7.4177,
-30.0421

■ 19.9662, -0.0328,
-8.5473

■ 21.7015, -0.5709,
-5.8202

■ 23.4925, -0.9733,
-3.2612

■ 25.3331, -1.2611,
-0.8446

■ 27.2183, -1.4517,
1.4519

■ 29.1439, -1.5595,
3.6470

■ 31.1064, -1.5960,
5.7569

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1787, -4.3853, -17.8088



15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264



15.1787, 9.9464, -11.8286

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1787, 2.6716, -18.0260



15.1787, 10.3338, 7.4112



15.1787, -11.8664, 3.9811

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264



21.8355, 0.8583, 11.2685

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1787, -9.2154, 7.5651



15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264



15.1787, 3.1287, 9.2429

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1787, 2.6716, -18.0260



15.1787, 14.8919, 3.6696



15.1787, -4.0049, 9.2992



15.1787, -11.9433, -2.7024

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264



15.1787, 13.5819, -6.0407



15.1787, -4.0049, 9.2992



15.1787, -11.2723, 5.4880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.1787, 2.6716, -18.0260



30.2215, -1.1934, -4.7789



24.0952, -14.0396, 4.4197



15.3214, -0.5767, -2.6891



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1787, 2.6716, -18.0260



16.7394, 6.7219, -31.7786



12.0659, 12.0489, -26.8555



13.1627, -0.6656, -0.2562



14.5024, 11.1791, -42.2593



33.0488, 33.0723, -112.7019

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3324, 17.0275, 1.6333



17.9612, 26.4961, 3.7449



25.6878, -8.8717, 13.8021



13.0801, 0.4006, 0.6098



17.1472, 30.0385, 5.8598



41.5561, 72.4383, 16.9906

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

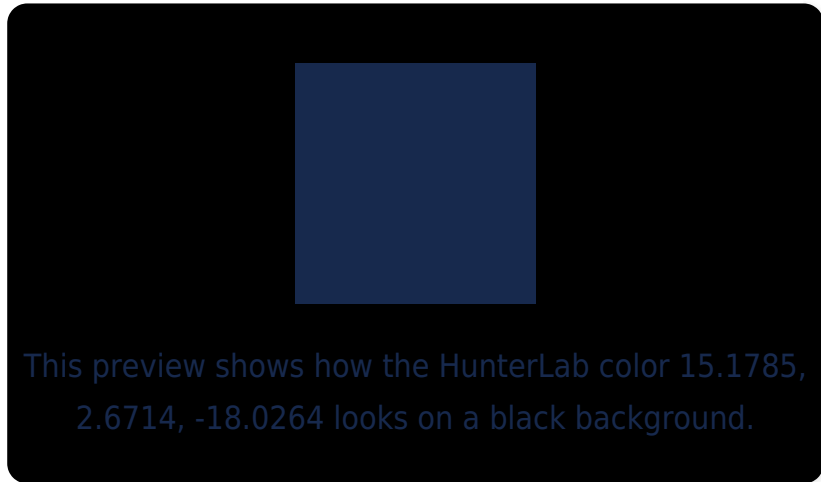
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

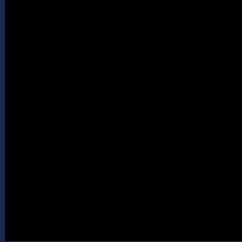
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264.

-18.0264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264

Protanopia

15.2180, 2.7999, -17.9284

Deuteranopia

14.9985, -0.4411, -17.7946



Tritanopia

15.0443, -7.4358, -2.7524

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264

Protanomaly

15.2180, 2.7999, -17.9284

Deuteranomaly

14.9310, 0.5615, -17.9409

Tritanomaly

15.0155, -4.2355, -7.7018

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

14.5420, -0.1492, -4.7744

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 41, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 41, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 41, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 41, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 41, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 41, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 41, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 41, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 41, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 41, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.1785, 2.6714, -18.0264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 41, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 41,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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