

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2650, -9.9659,
2.4336)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.2650, -9.9659,
2.4336)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003125
RGB	0, 49, 37
RGB Percent	0%, 19%, 15%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8078, 0.8549
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.24, 0.81
HSL	165°, 100%, 10%
HSV	165°, 100%, 19%
XYZ	1.4322, 2.3302, 2.1246
YIQ	32.9810, -25.3520, -14.1200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

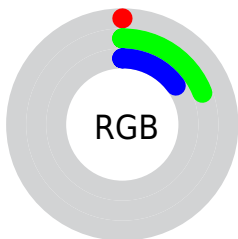
Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 49
Decimal	12581
CIELab	17.13, -19.31, 3.28
CIELCh	17, 19.591, 170.356
Yxy	2.3303, 0.2433, 0.3958
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202661 (0xFF003125)
YUV	32.9810, 1.9814, -28.9243
Hunter-Lab	15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336

Details

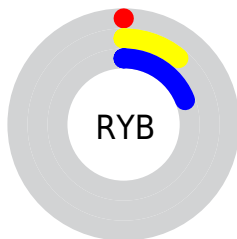
The HunterLab color **15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8.2436, 14.4385, 2.8304**, and the grayscale version is **12.3263, -0.6577, 0.6697**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1107, -13.8727, 3.7143**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2653, -9.9662, 2.4338**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.3934, -9.3962, 2.1925**.

Distribution



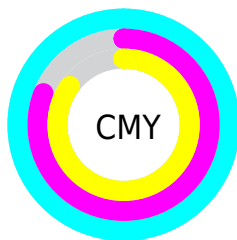
- Red (0%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2650, -9.9659,
2.4336

■ 15.2650, -9.9659,
2.4336

■ 109.3642,
-25.3694, 9.1770

■ 8.8864, -9.9455,
2.0146

■ 30.9999, -13.8714,
3.7622

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.1512, -15.6439,
4.4602

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0592, -17.3478,
5.1832

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6699, -19.0036,
5.9318

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 71.9397, -20.6251,
6.7058


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.8320, -22.2222,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


7.5049


 96.3157, -23.8019,
8.3288


 15.2650, -9.9659,
2.4336


 15.2650, -9.9659,
2.4336


 15.2653, -9.9662,
2.4338

 15.3934, -9.3962,
2.1925

 15.5213, -8.8316,
1.9437

 15.6624, -8.2189,
1.7034

 15.8336, -7.4935,
1.4928

 16.0360, -6.6560,
1.3142

■ 16.2702, -5.7090,
1.1699

■ 16.5364, -4.6571,
1.0610

■ 16.8346, -3.5060,
0.9883

■ 17.1645, -2.2626,
0.9522

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2653, -8.1860, 5.9876



15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336



15.2653, -9.5779, -3.1334

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2653, -9.9660, 2.4338



15.2653, 3.0719, -12.0587



15.2653, 6.5973, 6.7579

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336



8.2436, 14.4385, 2.8304

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2653, 10.5176, 3.9538



15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336



15.2653, 8.2892, -7.1565

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2653, -9.9660, 2.4338



15.2653, -2.5602, -12.9251



15.2653, 11.1774, -0.9671



15.2653, 1.0116, 7.9090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336



15.2653, -8.1179, -7.3002



15.2653, 11.1774, -0.9671



15.2653, 8.1853, 6.0462

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2653, -9.9660, 2.4338



21.2239, -6.2235, 1.3852



15.0887, -11.5761, 9.0948



11.6308, -3.4852, 0.7666



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2653, -9.9660, 2.4338



19.6296, -12.9306, 3.3783



12.3672, -4.2032, -6.3840



9.8390, -1.1669, 0.5425



27.5616, -18.3238, 5.1062



72.2255, -48.7444, 14.9495

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2436, 14.4385, 2.8304



10.5730, 18.4496, 4.1734



9.6025, 9.2429, 6.0786



9.4238, 0.1620, 0.5178



14.8109, 25.7515, 6.5673



38.6927, 66.9287, 19.8373

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

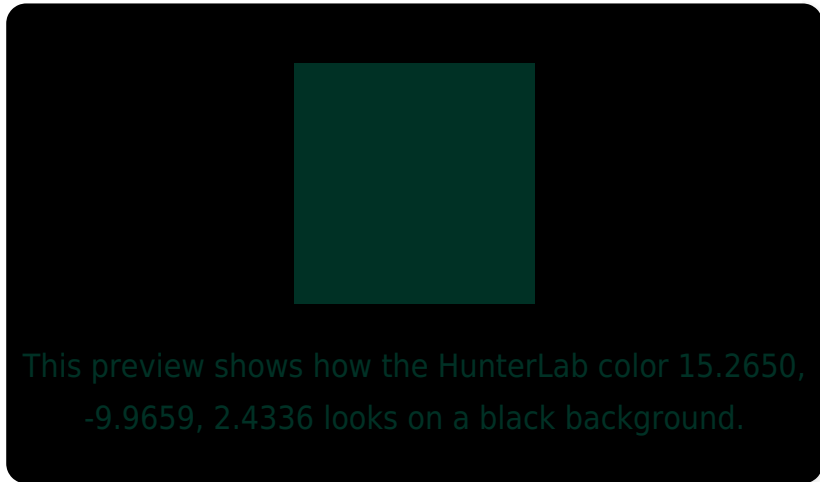
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2650, -9.9659,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336

Protanopia

15.5695, -1.1148, 3.8113

Deuteranopia

15.4445, 1.0080, 2.1659



Tritanopia

15.4344, -5.8722, -2.6234

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336

Protanomaly

15.0311, -5.5408, 2.8929

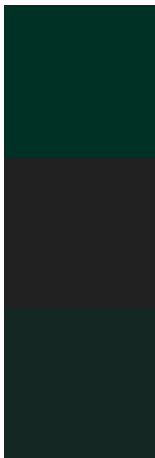
Deuteranomaly

14.9419, -4.4587, 1.8528

Tritanomaly

15.4133, -7.5721, -0.5778

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

13.1376, -5.0082, 1.1778

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 49, 37)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 49, 37)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 49, 37) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 49, 37) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 49, 37) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 49, 37) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 49, 37)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 49, 37); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 49, 37); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 49, 37) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.2650, -9.9659, 2.4336 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 49, 37) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 49,  
37) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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