

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2657, -8.8924,
0.1153)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2657, -8.8924, 0.1153)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.1517, -8.7080,
-0.1404)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00302C
RGB	0, 48, 44
RGB Percent	0%, 19%, 17%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8118, 0.8274
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.08, 0.81
HSL	175°, 100%, 9%
HSV	175°, 100%, 19%
XYZ	1.5116, 2.2957, 2.7463
YIQ	33.1920, -27.3240, -11.4200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

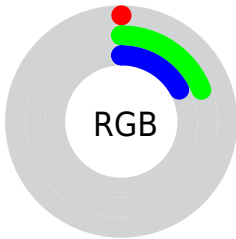
Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 48
Decimal	12332
CIELab	16.97, -16.37, -1.81
CIELCh	17, 16.468, 186.314
Yxy	2.2958, 0.2306, 0.3503
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202412 (0xFF00302C)
YUV	33.1920, 5.3283, -29.1094
Hunter-Lab	15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404

Details

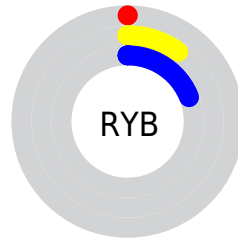
The HunterLab color **15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **7.9824, 13.7792, 4.3065**, and the grayscale version is **12.3829, -0.6607, 0.6728**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.7091, -12.0580, 0.4643**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1520, -8.7082, -0.1402**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.2638, -8.2430, -0.1488**.

Distribution



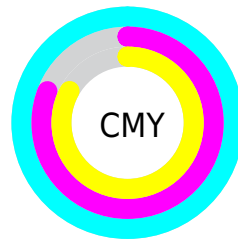
- Red (0%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.1517, -8.7080,
-0.1404

■ 15.1517, -8.7080,
-0.1404

■ 109.1455,
-22.4600, 4.1201

■ 8.7835, -8.5891,
-0.3765

■ 30.8563, -12.1191,
0.4710

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 39.9947, -13.6865,
0.8633

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 49.8907, -15.2036,
1.3048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.4903, -16.6868,
1.7907

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 71.7496, -18.1473,
2.3178


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.6319, -19.5929,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


2.8832


 96.1062, -21.0290,
3.4846


 15.1517, -8.7080,
-0.1404


 15.1517, -8.7080,
-0.1404


 15.1520, -8.7082,
-0.1402

 15.2638, -8.2430,
-0.1488

 15.3748, -7.7846,
-0.1586

 15.4970, -7.2864,
-0.1542

 15.6479, -6.6820,
-0.1128

 15.8286, -5.9706,
-0.0332

■ 16.0397, -5.1538,
0.0852

■ 16.2817, -4.2348,
0.2420

■ 16.5547, -3.2183,
0.4366

■ 16.8584, -2.1102,
0.6679

Harmonies

Analogous

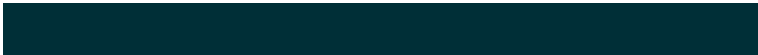
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.1520, -8.1554, 3.8579



15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404



15.1520, -7.3589, -5.1229

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.1520, -8.7080, -0.1402



15.1520, 4.8546, -7.7490



15.1520, 2.9506, 6.7272

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404



7.9824, 13.7792, 4.3065

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.1520, 7.0852, 5.0449



15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404



15.1520, 8.2738, -3.0034

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.1520, -8.7080, -0.1402



15.1520, 0.1861, -10.2916



15.1520, 9.1356, 1.7302



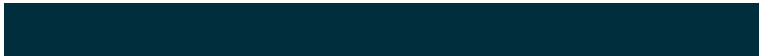
15.1520, -1.7796, 7.0803

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404



15.1520, -5.4543, -8.0912



15.1520, 9.1356, 1.7302



15.1520, 4.4729, 6.3304

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



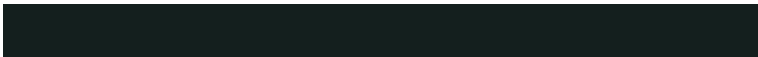
15.1520, -8.7080, -0.1402



20.4738, -5.5247, 0.2715



14.6457, -12.0149, 8.8141



10.9349, -2.9755, 0.1409



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.1520, -8.7080, -0.1402



19.0929, -11.0152, -0.0858



10.4039, -1.5984, -9.5532



9.0961, -1.0110, 0.3858



27.0912, -15.7004, 0.0310



72.2467, -42.1791, 0.7504

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.9824, 13.7792, 4.3065



10.0481, 17.3189, 5.6305



10.4927, 6.3941, 6.5773



8.7114, 0.0821, 0.5914



14.2396, 24.4969, 8.3393



37.9070, 65.0309, 23.6114

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

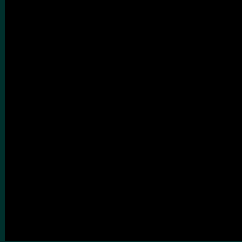
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

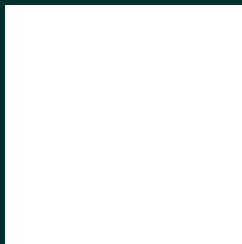
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404.

-0.1404.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404

Protanopia

15.3346, -0.4479, 1.3302

Deuteranopia

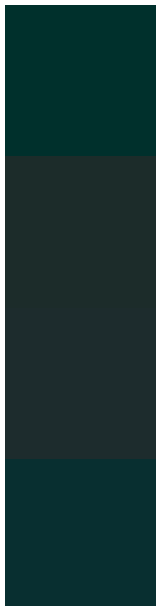
15.2749, 0.7164, -0.2115



Tritanopia

15.3304, -6.2695, -2.7761

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404

Protanomaly

14.8842, -4.4910, 0.3674

Deuteranomaly

15.0068, -3.8877, -0.6295

Tritanomaly

15.1593, -7.0984, -1.7198

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

12.9585, -4.2702, -0.0979

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 48, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 48, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 48, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 48, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 48, 44); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 44); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.1517, -8.7080, -0.1404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 48, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 48,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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