

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2788, -1.7055,
0.3847)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2788, -1.7055, 0.3847)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.2758, -1.7660,
0.5113)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	272B2B
RGB	39, 43, 43
RGB Percent	15%, 17%, 17%
CMY	0.8471, 0.8314, 0.8314
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	180°, 5%, 16%
HSV	180°, 9%, 17%
XYZ	2.1366, 2.3335, 2.6233
YIQ	41.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	39, 41, 43
Decimal	2566955
CIELab	17.15, -1.77, -0.61
CIELCh	17, 1.871, 199.078
Yxy	2.3336, 0.3012, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280757035 (0xFF272B2B)
YUV	41.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591
Hunter-Lab	15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113

Details

The HunterLab color **15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.5299, 0.2248, 1.1243**, and the grayscale version is **15.1513, -0.8084, 0.8232**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9336, -2.7345, 1.3174**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0145, -2.7010, 0.1798**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5640, -0.7568, 0.8703**.

Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (17%)

Blue (17%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (17%)

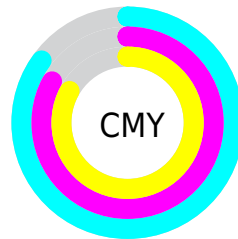


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2758, -1.7660,
0.5113

■ 15.2758, -1.7660,
0.5113

■ 109.3850, -7.6909,
5.3422

■ 8.8961, -1.3413,
0.1993

■ 31.0136, -2.8655,
1.2846

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.1661, -3.4648,
1.7469

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0752, -4.0960,
2.2532

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6871, -4.7579,
2.7998

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.9579, -5.4493,
3.3841

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.8511, -6.1693,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.0039

96.3357, -6.9168,
4.6571

15.2758, -1.7660,
0.5113

15.2758, -1.7660,
0.5113

15.0145, -2.7010,
0.1798

15.5640, -0.7568,
0.8703

14.7794, -3.5555,
-0.1232

15.8776, 0.3218,
1.2540

14.5711, -4.3251,
-0.3957

16.2164, 1.4633,
1.6607

14.3894, -5.0062,
-0.6367

16.5796, 2.6618,
2.0883

14.2339, -5.5961,
-0.8452

16.9665, 3.9112,
2.5347

■ 14.1043, -6.0938,
-1.0209

■ 17.3762, 5.2058,
2.9978

■ 13.9987, -6.5028,
-1.1651

■ 17.8079, 6.5402,
3.4759

■ 13.8992, -6.8913,
-1.3021

■ 18.2606, 7.9095,
3.9673

■ 13.7990, -7.2859,
-1.4411

■ 18.7335, 9.3090,
4.4702

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2761, -1.8029, 1.0139



15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113



15.2761, -1.4771, 0.0814

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2761, -1.7663, 0.5115



15.2761, -0.0389, 0.1834



15.2761, -0.6225, 1.7523

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113



14.5299, 0.2248, 1.1243

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2761, -0.1432, 1.5454



15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113



15.2761, 0.1967, 0.6469

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2761, -1.7663, 0.5115



15.2761, -0.4817, -0.1125



15.2761, 0.1583, 1.1447



15.2761, -1.1473, 1.7189

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113



15.2761, -1.1778, -0.1011



15.2761, 0.1583, 1.1447



15.2761, -0.4506, 1.7088

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2761, -1.7663, 0.5115



19.8000, -1.4827, 0.9331



15.1887, -2.2607, 1.8268



10.7191, -0.8282, 0.4966



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2761, -1.7663, 0.5115



19.4958, -2.5561, 0.5518



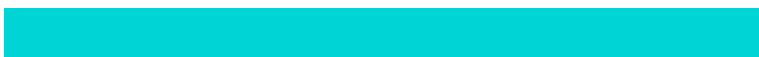
14.8200, -1.0261, -0.0300



8.3581, -0.8867, 0.3066



26.4690, -14.0364, -2.7835



71.8648, -38.1105, -7.5552

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5299, 0.2248, 1.1243



18.2988, 0.6386, 1.5349



14.9714, -0.5280, 1.6145



8.0137, 0.0321, 0.5893



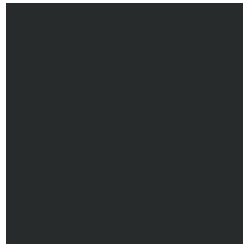
13.7542, 23.5549, 8.8852



37.3433, 63.9518, 24.1281

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

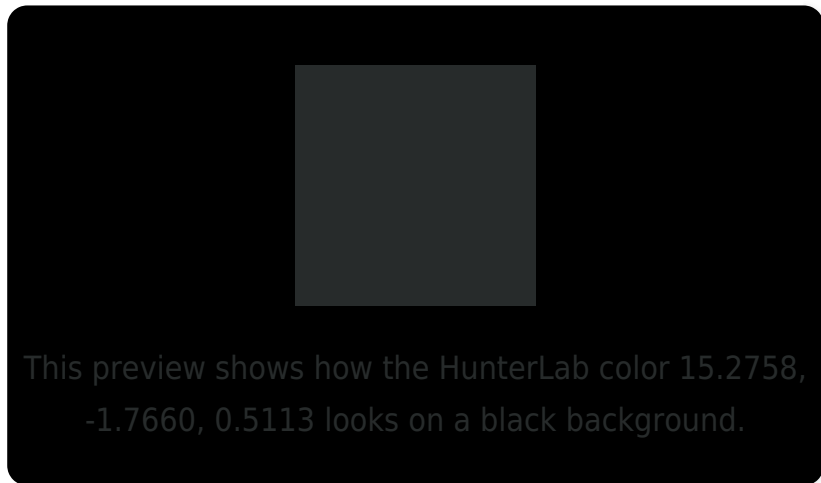
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

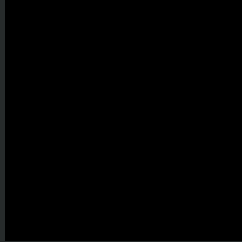
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113.



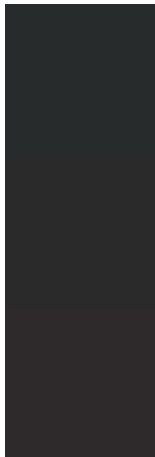
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2758, -1.7660,

0.5113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113

Protanopia

15.2862, -0.5690, 0.9132

Deuteranopia

15.3008, 0.7054, 0.5844



Tritanopia

15.4147, -1.1284, -0.4632

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113

Protanomaly

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

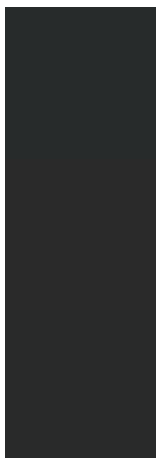
Deuteranomaly

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Tritanomaly

15.3894, -1.2677, -0.1040

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.1476, -1.0510, 0.7416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 43, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 43, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 43, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 43, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 43, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 43, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 43, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 43, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 43, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 43, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.2758, -1.7660, 0.5113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 43, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 43,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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