

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.2871, -5.2870,
-1.1348)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.2871, -5.2870,
-1.1348) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.3016, -5.2733,
-1.0840)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	172E2F
RGB	23, 46, 47
RGB Percent	9%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.9098, 0.8196, 0.8157
CMYK	0.51, 0.02, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	182°, 34%, 14%
HSV	182°, 51%, 18%
XYZ	1.8434, 2.3414, 3.0441
YIQ	39.2370, -14.0290, -4.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

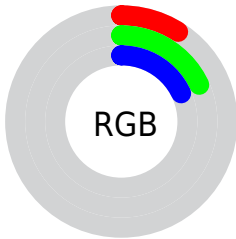
Format	Color
RYB	23, 35, 47
Decimal	1519151
CIELab	17.19, -8.70, -3.48
CIElCh	17, 9.375, 201.818
Yxy	2.3415, 0.2550, 0.3239
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279709231 (0xFF172E2F)
YUV	39.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398
Hunter-Lab	15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11.4869, 5.5940, 2.9918**, and the grayscale version is **14.3118, -0.7636, 0.7776**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1023, -7.4439, -0.7066**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0850, -5.8376, -1.3771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5477, -4.6080, -0.7559**.

Distribution



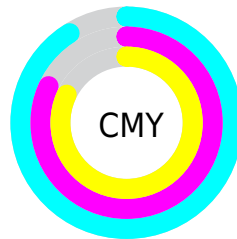
- Red (9%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3016, -5.2733,
-1.0840

■ 15.3016, -5.2733,
-1.0840

109.4347,
-14.8258, 2.4227

■ 8.9193, -4.7283,
-1.1831

■ 31.0462, -7.4322,
-0.6825

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2017, -8.4791,
-0.3823

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1135, -9.5212,
-0.0267

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7279, -10.5653,
0.3785

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.0011, -11.6153,
0.8292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.8966, -12.6743,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.3219

■ 96.3834, -13.7440,
1.8539

■ 15.3016, -5.2733,
-1.0840

■ 15.3016, -5.2733,
-1.0840

■ 15.0850, -5.8376,
-1.3771

■ 15.5477, -4.6080,
-0.7559

■ 14.8966, -6.2990,
-1.6350

■ 15.8227, -3.8445,
-0.3949

■ 14.7350, -6.6609,
-1.8583

■ 16.1266, -2.9872,
-0.0026

■ 14.5802, -6.9993,
-2.0745

■ 16.4593, -2.0415,
0.4188

■ 14.4406, -7.3090,
-2.2716

■ 16.8202, -1.0134,
0.8670

■ 17.2086, 0.0907,
1.3396

■ 17.6237, 1.2642,
1.8342

■ 18.0648, 2.5004,
2.3485

■ 18.5307, 3.7931,
2.8802

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3019, -5.5489, 1.5080



15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840



15.3019, -3.8464, -3.4964

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3019, -5.2734, -1.0838



15.3019, 3.4051, -2.4828



15.3019, -0.0841, 4.9017

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840



11.4869, 5.5940, 2.9918

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3019, 2.4675, 4.1791



15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840



15.3019, 4.5698, 0.1256

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3019, -5.2734, -1.0838



15.3019, 1.1263, -4.3952



15.3019, 4.2155, 2.5298



15.3019, -2.6685, 4.6897

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840



15.3019, -2.3777, -4.5355



15.3019, 4.2155, 2.5298



15.3019, 0.8082, 4.7652

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3019, -5.2734, -1.0838



20.9469, -3.2192, 0.2747



15.1008, -8.3090, 5.8092



11.1897, -1.7321, 0.1415



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3019, -5.2734, -1.0838



19.3038, -7.7182, -1.8871



12.4216, -0.9839, -5.1997



9.0795, -0.9544, 0.3018



26.2365, -13.2011, -4.2959



69.7585, -34.9192, -11.8116

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.8930, 8.7828, -5.4041



14.0314, 14.4616, -8.9578



13.8417, 0.9474, 5.0734



8.7555, 0.3204, -0.0369



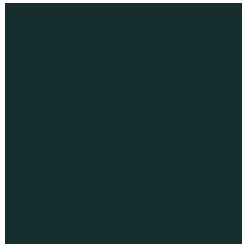
16.2412, 31.6673, -19.3796



43.2985, 84.3611, -51.1759

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

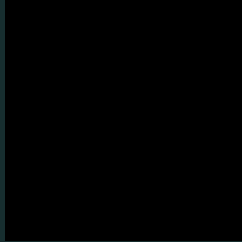
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

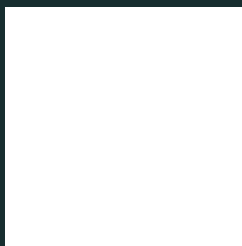
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840.

-1.0840.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840

Protanopia

15.2893, -0.4125, -0.2133

Deuteranopia

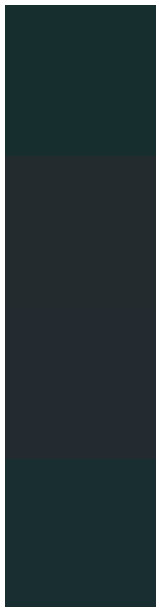
15.2799, 0.8899, -1.4194



Tritanopia

15.3946, -4.8166, -1.7892

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840

Protanomaly

15.1074, -2.2145, -0.8738

Deuteranomaly

15.2191, -1.7109, -1.5457

Tritanomaly

15.3674, -4.9725, -1.4063

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840

Achromatopsia

14.2438, -0.7600, 0.7739

Achromatomaly

14.6507, -2.8176, 0.1137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 46, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 46, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 46, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 46, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 46, 47) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 46, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 46, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 46, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 46, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 46, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3016, -5.2733, -1.0840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 46, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 46,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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