

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3065, -10.8455,
1.8582)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3065, -10.8455,
1.8582) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.5810,
-10.0044, 2.1218)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003227
RGB	0, 50, 39
RGB Percent	0%, 20%, 15%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8039, 0.8471
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.80
HSL	167°, 100%, 10%
HSV	167°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.5068, 2.4277, 2.3086
YIQ	33.7960, -26.2690, -14.0210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

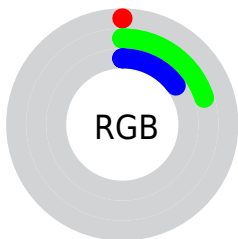
Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 50
Decimal	12839
CIELab	17.59, -19.17, 2.56
CIELCh	18, 19.341, 172.407
Yxy	2.4278, 0.2414, 0.3889
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202919 (0xFF003227)
YUV	33.7960, 2.5656, -29.6391
Hunter-Lab	15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218

Details

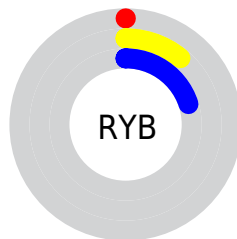
The HunterLab color **15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **8.3806, 14.6391, 3.1799**, and the grayscale version is **12.5816, -0.6713, 0.6836**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4536, -13.9557, 3.3268**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5813, -10.0047, 2.1220**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7081, -9.4442, 1.9028**.

Distribution



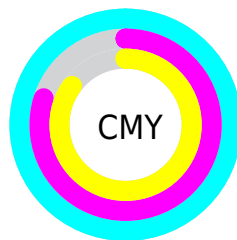
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.5810, -10.0044,
2.1218

■ 15.5810, -10.0044,
2.1218

■ 109.9718,
-25.3013, 8.5101

■ 9.1658, -9.6038,
1.6547

■ 31.3995, -13.8711,
3.3452

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.5867, -15.6299,
3.9992

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.5278, -17.3221,
4.6821

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.1695, -18.9676,
5.3934

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.4684, -20.5801,
6.1326

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.3882, -22.1688,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.8989

■ 96.8983, -23.7409,
7.6916

■ 15.5810, -10.0044,
2.1218

■ 15.5810, -10.0044,
2.1218

■ 15.5813, -10.0047,
2.1220

■ 15.7081, -9.4442,
1.9028

■ 15.8345, -8.8894,
1.6777

■ 15.9755, -8.2810,
1.4644

■ 16.1474, -7.5575,
1.2836

■ 16.3512, -6.7192,
1.1375

■ 16.5875, -5.7687,
1.0280

■ 16.8567, -4.7104,
0.9562

■ 17.1587, -3.5501,
0.9228

■ 17.4932, -2.2949,
0.9277

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5813, -8.3696, 5.8288



15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218



15.5813, -9.4669, -3.5032

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5813, -10.0045, 2.1220



15.5813, 3.4153, -11.6420



15.5813, 6.1720, 6.9069

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218



8.3806, 14.6391, 3.1799

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5813, 10.2218, 4.2214



15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218



15.5813, 8.4823, -6.6378

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5813, -10.0045, 2.1220



15.5813, -2.2076, -12.8136



15.5813, 11.1212, -0.5432



15.5813, 0.5926, 7.9396

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218



15.5813, -7.9086, -7.5942



15.5813, 11.1212, -0.5432



15.5813, 7.7874, 6.2289

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5813, -10.0045, 2.1220



21.2356, -6.1566, 1.2181



15.3527, -11.8961, 9.2518



11.6374, -3.4474, 0.6723



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

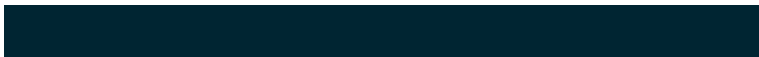
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5813, -10.0045, 2.1220



19.6636, -12.7237, 2.8889



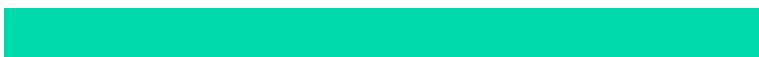
12.3809, -3.9758, -6.8919



9.8404, -1.1592, 0.5227



27.6112, -18.0221, 4.3929



72.3629, -47.9074, 12.9710

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3806, 14.6391, 3.1799



10.5518, 18.3714, 4.4839



9.8723, 9.1883, 6.2438



9.4224, 0.1545, 0.5375



14.7833, 25.6498, 6.9717



38.6319, 66.7041, 20.7326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5810,

-10.0044, 2.1218.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218

Protanopia

15.8417, -1.2906, 3.4922

Deuteranopia

15.7130, 0.8434, 1.7813



Tritanopia

15.6952, -6.1562, -2.7091

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218

Protanomaly

15.3257, -5.6500, 2.5735

Deuteranomaly

15.2357, -4.5610, 1.4962

Tritanomaly

15.7047, -7.7454, -0.6114

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

13.4742, -4.9258, 0.8721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 50, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 50, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 50, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 50, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 50, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 50, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 50, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 50, 39); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 39); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 50, 39) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.5810, -10.0044, 2.1218 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 50, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 50,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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