

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3097, -1.4678,
0.2041)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3097, -1.4678, 0.2041)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.3646, -1.4041,
0.2479)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	282B2C
RGB	40, 43, 44
RGB Percent	16%, 17%, 17%
CMY	0.8431, 0.8314, 0.8275
CMYK	0.09, 0.02, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	195°, 5%, 16%
HSV	195°, 9%, 17%
XYZ	2.1936, 2.3607, 2.7229
YIQ	42.2170, -2.1090, -0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 42, 44
Decimal	2632492
CIE Lab	17.28, -1.08, -1.11
CIE LCh	17, 1.550, 225.879
Yxy	2.3608, 0.3014, 0.3244
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280822572 (0xFF282B2C)
YUV	42.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443
Hunter-Lab	15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.0815, -0.1808, 1.3978**, and the grayscale version is **15.2850, -0.8156, 0.8305**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0355, -2.3233, 1.0277**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8282, -1.9603, -0.4251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.9219, -0.7884, 0.9238**.

Distribution



 Red (16%)

 Green (17%)

 Blue (17%)



 Red (16%)

 Yellow (16%)

 Blue (17%)

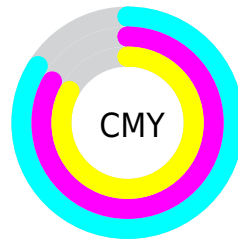


 Cyan (9%)

 Magenta (2%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (83%)



 Cyan (84%)

 Magenta (83%)

 Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3646, -1.4041,
0.2479

■ 15.3646, -1.4041,
0.2479

109.5561, -6.9813,
4.8471

■ 8.9756, -1.0031,
-0.0252

■ 31.1260, -2.4032,
0.9554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2886, -2.9597,
1.3893

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.2071, -3.5514,
1.8692

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8277, -4.1765,
2.3912

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.1066, -4.8334,
2.9523

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.0076, -5.5206,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.5500

96.4997, -6.2369,
4.1822

15.3646, -1.4041,
0.2479

15.3646, -1.4041,
0.2479

14.8282, -1.9603,
-0.4251

15.9219, -0.7884,
0.9238

14.3128, -2.4507,
-1.0944

16.4981, -0.1175,
1.6005

13.8198, -2.8700,
-1.7577

17.0925, 0.6037,
2.2772

13.3501, -3.2128,
-2.4128

17.7042, 1.3706,
2.9531

12.9047, -3.4738,
-3.0571

18.3322, 2.1791,
3.6277

■ 12.4843, -3.6483,
-3.6878

■ 18.9758, 3.0256,
4.3004

■ 12.0892, -3.7343,
-4.3026

■ 19.6339, 3.9067,
4.9710

■ 11.6999, -3.8034,
-4.9326

■ 20.3060, 4.8194,
5.6393

■ 11.3061, -3.8941,
-5.5975

■ 20.9913, 5.7610,
6.3052

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3649, -1.6249, 0.6148



15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479



15.3649, -1.0262, 0.0364

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3649, -1.4044, 0.2481



15.3649, 0.0073, 0.6390



15.3649, -1.0511, 1.5895

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479



15.0815, -0.1808, 1.3978

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3649, -0.6140, 1.5955



15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479



15.3649, 0.0004, 1.0546

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3649, -1.4044, 0.2481



15.3649, -0.2094, 0.2663



15.3649, -0.2280, 1.4022



15.3649, -1.4225, 1.3854

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479



15.3649, -0.7340, 0.0152



15.3649, -0.2280, 1.4022



15.3649, -0.9071, 1.6145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3649, -1.4044, 0.2481



19.6971, -1.3134, 0.8137



15.5310, -2.1835, 1.5466



10.6571, -0.7263, 0.4247



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3649, -1.4044, 0.2481



19.1140, -1.9456, 0.0986



14.9114, -0.6574, -0.2980



8.9759, -0.7867, 0.1801



21.1399, -6.5895, -12.1982



54.9999, -15.5824, -35.1072

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9248, 0.5950, 0.1273



18.4130, 1.2524, -0.0927



15.5293, -0.9326, 1.8882



8.7447, 0.2623, 0.1164



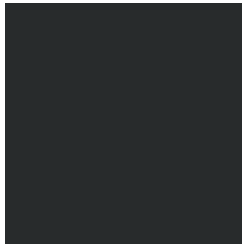
15.4726, 28.9672, -9.1485



41.0961, 76.6137, -21.7809

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

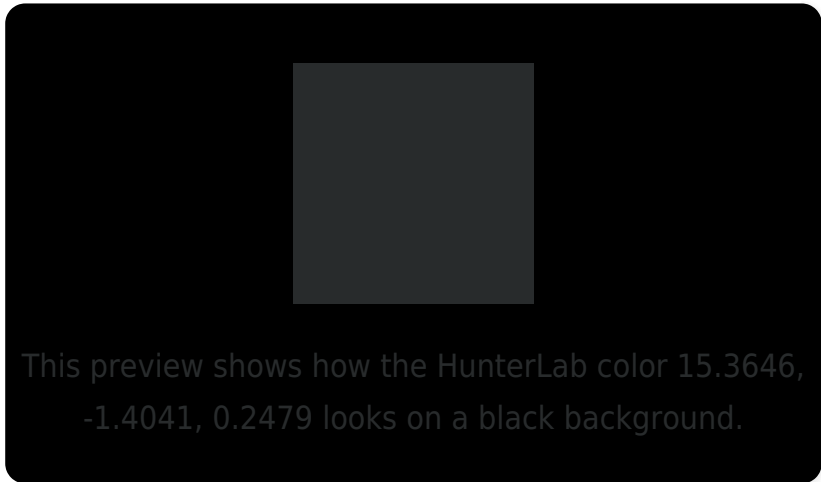
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

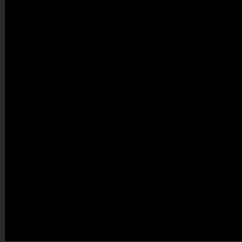
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

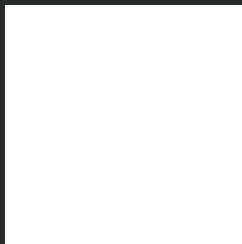
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479.

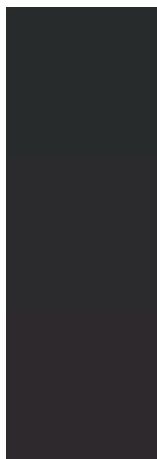


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3646, -1.4041,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479

Protanopia

15.3342, -0.3075, 0.2300

Deuteranopia

15.3250, 0.8358, 0.2389



Tritanopia

15.4147, -1.1284, -0.4632

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479

Protanomaly

15.2644, -0.5484, 0.1407

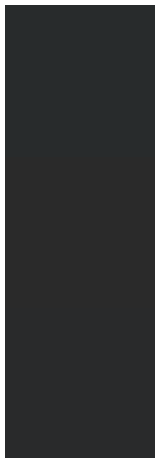
Deuteranomaly

15.4054, -0.0628, 0.3207

Tritanomaly

15.3894, -1.2677, -0.1040

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.1716, -0.9197, 0.4009

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 43, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 43, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 43, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 43, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 43, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 43, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 43, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 43, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 43, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 43, 44)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3646, -1.4041, 0.2479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 43, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 43,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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