

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3177, -0.4550,
0.4534)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3177, -0.4550, 0.4534)
contains.

HunterLab(15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.3099, -0.4396,
0.5753)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2B2A2B
RGB	43, 42, 43
RGB Percent	17%, 16%, 17%
CMY	0.8314, 0.8353, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	300°, 1%, 17%
HSV	300°, 2%, 17%
XYZ	2.2603, 2.3439, 2.6188
YIQ	42.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	43, 42, 43
Decimal	2828843
CIELab	17.20, 0.69, -0.49
CIELCh	17, 0.849, 324.445
Yxy	2.3440, 0.3129, 0.3245
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281018923 (0xFF2B2A2B)
YUV	42.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.4507, -1.1979, 1.0934**, and the grayscale version is **15.3502, -0.8190, 0.8340**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9769, -1.2296, 1.3952**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3360, 1.2576, -0.5961**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3268, -2.1015, 1.7236**.

Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (16%)

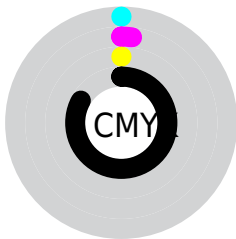
Blue (17%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (17%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3099, -0.4396,
0.5753

■ 15.3099, -0.4396,
0.5753

■ 109.4507, -5.1207,
5.4641

■ 8.9267, -0.1398,
0.2568

■ 31.0568, -1.1814,
1.3652

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2132, -1.6278,
1.8346

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1259, -2.1178,
2.3474

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7411, -2.6479,
2.9002

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.0150, -3.2154,
3.4904

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9113, -3.8179,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.1156

96.3987, -4.4536,
4.7740

15.3099, -0.4396,
0.5753

15.3099, -0.4396,
0.5753

14.3360, 1.2576,
-0.5961

16.3268, -2.1015,
1.7236

13.4094, 2.9883,
-1.7895

17.3810, -3.7271,
2.8478

12.5367, 4.7448,
-2.9994

18.4690, -5.3184,
3.9494

11.7251, 6.5132,
-4.2162

19.5875, -6.8780,
5.0301

10.9825, 8.2698,
-5.4238

20.7337, -8.4090,
6.0917

■ 10.3176, 9.9795,
-6.5979

■ 21.9051, -9.9144,
7.1365

■ 9.7392, 11.5935,
-7.7054

■ 23.0996, -11.3973,
8.1663

■ 9.2356, 13.1125,
-8.7469

■ 24.3156, -12.8604,
9.1832

■ 8.7155, 14.8131,
-9.9121

■ 25.5513, -14.3064,
10.1887

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3102, -0.6260, 0.4278



15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753



15.3102, -0.3551, 0.7908

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3102, -0.4400, 0.5756



15.3102, -0.7730, 1.2645



15.3102, -1.2362, 0.6503

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753



15.4507, -1.1979, 1.0934

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3102, -1.2750, 0.8759



15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753



15.3102, -1.0085, 1.2282

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3102, -0.4400, 0.5756



15.3102, -0.5481, 1.1867



15.3102, -1.1919, 1.0868



15.3102, -1.0855, 0.4714

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753



15.3102, -0.3677, 0.9426



15.3102, -1.1919, 1.0868



15.3102, -1.2627, 0.7233

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3102, -0.4400, 0.5756



19.7838, -0.8354, 0.9252



15.2404, -0.6817, 0.4876



10.7298, -0.4731, 0.5154



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3102, -0.4400, 0.5756



19.5127, -0.3788, 0.6098



15.2983, -0.5049, 0.7452



8.3106, -0.1649, 0.2622



15.9182, 31.2942, -20.9837



43.2185, 84.9646, -56.9687

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3102, -0.4400, 0.5756



19.5127, -0.3788, 0.6098



15.4623, -1.1339, 0.9272



8.3106, -0.1649, 0.2622



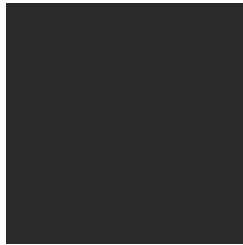
15.9182, 31.2942, -20.9837



43.2185, 84.9646, -56.9687

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

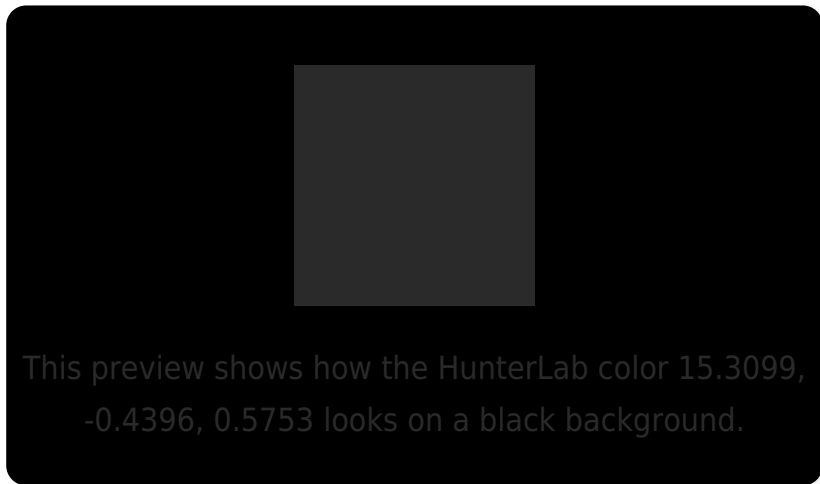
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

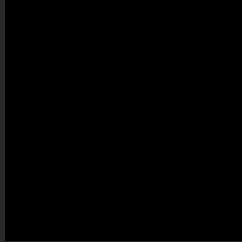
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753.



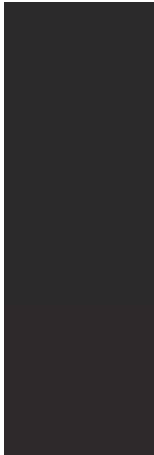
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3099, -0.4396,

0.5753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Protanopia

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Deuteranopia

15.3008, 0.7054, 0.5844



Tritanopia

15.3590, -0.1726, -0.1225

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Protanomaly

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Deuteranomaly

15.2256, 0.4507, 0.4898

Tritanomaly

15.3342, -0.3075, 0.2300

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 42, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 42, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 42, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 42, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 42, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 42, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 42, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 42, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 42, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 42, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 42, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 42,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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