

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3212, -2.1125,
1.1667)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3212, -2.1125, 1.1667)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.2289, -2.0265,
1.1811)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	272B29
RGB	39, 43, 41
RGB Percent	15%, 17%, 16%
CMY	0.8471, 0.8314, 0.8392
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.05, 0.83
HSL	150°, 5%, 16%
HSV	150°, 9%, 17%
XYZ	2.1008, 2.3192, 2.4348
YIQ	41.5760, -1.7420, -1.4700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	39, 42, 43
Decimal	2566953
CIE Lab	17.08, -2.27, 0.69
CIE LCh	17, 2.371, 163.086
Yxy	2.3193, 0.3065, 0.3383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280757033 (0xFF272B29)
YUV	41.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592
Hunter-Lab	15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811

Details

The HunterLab color **15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.5767, 0.4773, 0.4572**, and the grayscale version is **15.0798, -0.8046, 0.8193**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.8807, -3.0264, 2.0719**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9179, -3.2444, 1.5585**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.5676, -0.7374, 0.8199**.

Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (17%)

Blue (16%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (17%)

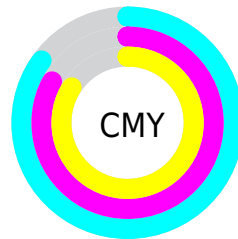


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.2289, -2.0265,
1.1811

■ 15.2289, -2.0265,
1.1811

■ 109.2946, -8.2056,
6.6349

■ 8.8538, -1.5891,
0.8048

■ 30.9542, -3.1996,
2.1333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.1014, -3.8302,
2.6722

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.0056, -4.4902,
3.2491

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.6128, -5.1789,
3.8618

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 71.8792, -5.8956,
4.5083

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.7683, -6.6395,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.1869

96.2491, -7.4097,
5.8962

15.2289, -2.0265,
1.1811

15.2289, -2.0265,
1.1811

14.9179, -3.2444,
1.5585

15.5676, -0.7374,
0.8199

14.6343, -4.3825,
1.9496

15.9322, 0.6162,
0.4757

14.3787, -5.4340,
2.3520

16.3223, 2.0265,
0.1499

14.1514, -6.3924,
2.7632

16.7370, 3.4864,
-0.1568

13.9524, -7.2522,
3.1800

17.1753, 4.9890,
-0.4440

■ 13.7813, -8.0094,
3.5990

■ 17.6361, 6.5283,
-0.7114

■ 13.6368, -8.6649,
4.0157

■ 18.1186, 8.0986,
-0.9594

■ 13.5005, -9.2901,
4.4098

■ 18.6216, 9.6950,
-1.1880

■ 13.3654, -9.9127,
4.7738

■ 19.1442, 11.3130,
-1.3980

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.2292, -1.6837, 1.6974



15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811



15.2292, -2.0484, 0.5488

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.2292, -2.0268, 1.1813



15.2292, -0.5205, -0.4141



15.2292, 0.1392, 1.6428

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811



14.5767, 0.4773, 0.4572

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2292, 0.4622, 1.1039



15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811



15.2292, 0.0769, -0.0938

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.2292, -2.0268, 1.1813



15.2292, -1.1865, -0.3911



15.2292, 0.4392, 0.4680



15.2292, -0.4367, 1.9558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811



15.2292, -1.8782, 0.1445



15.2292, 0.4392, 0.4680



15.2292, 0.2814, 1.4831

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.2292, -2.0268, 1.1813



19.7794, -1.5964, 1.2279



15.3204, -1.7923, 1.9805



10.7067, -0.8966, 0.6740



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.2292, -2.0268, 1.1813



19.4204, -2.9755, 1.6267



15.2746, -1.7750, 0.5340



8.3365, -1.0067, 0.6156



25.5570, -19.5733, 10.3092



69.2450, -54.0336, 30.0929

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5767, 0.4773, 0.4572



18.3738, 1.0418, 0.4655



14.5314, 0.2329, 1.1028



8.0353, 0.1490, 0.2813



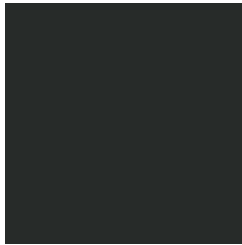
14.3510, 25.7455, 0.2116



38.7072, 68.9674, 4.2363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

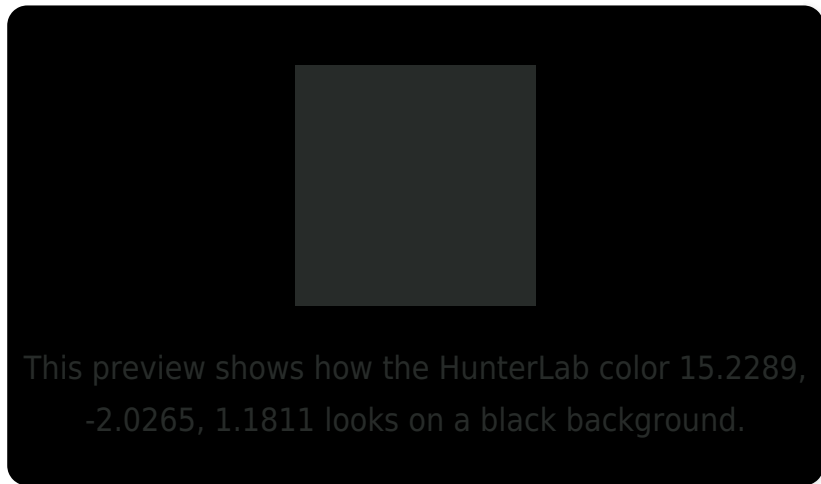
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

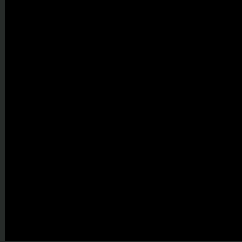
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811.

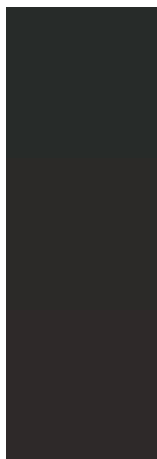


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811

Protanopia

15.2405, -0.8193, 1.5671

Deuteranopia

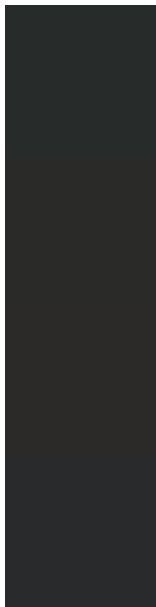
15.2539, 0.4529, 1.2533



Tritanopia

15.1799, -0.7401, -0.7548

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811

Protanomaly

15.1703, -1.0641, 1.4834

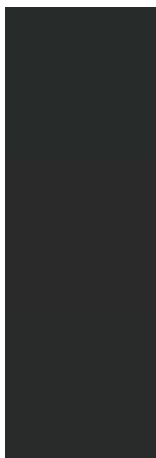
Deuteranomaly

15.2631, -0.6955, 1.2438

Tritanomaly

15.1291, -1.0189, -0.0337

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.1476, -1.0510, 0.7416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 43, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 43, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 43, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 43, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 43, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 43, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 43, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 43, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 43, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 43, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.2289, -2.0265, 1.1811 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 43, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 43,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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