

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3369, -8.0680,
0.8413)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413)
contains.

HunterLab(15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.3369, -8.0680,
0.8413)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B302A
RGB	11, 48, 42
RGB Percent	4%, 19%, 16%
CMY	0.9569, 0.8118, 0.8353
CMYK	0.77, 0.00, 0.13, 0.81
HSL	170°, 63%, 12%
HSV	170°, 77%, 19%
XYZ	1.6129, 2.3522, 2.5595
YIQ	36.2530, -20.1260, -9.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

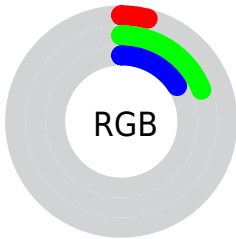
Format	Color
RYB	11, 31, 48
Decimal	733226
CIELab	17.24, -14.77, 0.01
CIELCh	17, 14.775, 179.950
Yxy	2.3523, 0.2472, 0.3605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278923306 (0xFF0B302A)
YUV	36.2530, 2.8333, -22.1469
Hunter-Lab	15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413

Details

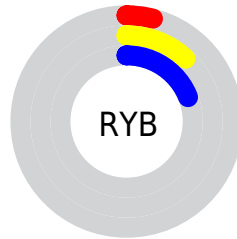
The HunterLab color **15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9.5303, 10.2901, 2.7528**, and the grayscale version is **13.3591, -0.7128, 0.7258**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.9727, -11.1635, 1.6292**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2172, -8.5806, 0.9737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.4764, -7.4845, 0.7311**.

Distribution



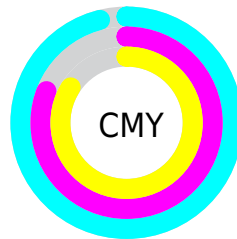
- Red (4%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3369, -8.0680,
0.8413

■ 15.3369, -8.0680,
0.8413

■ 109.5027,
-20.9236, 5.9733

■ 8.9509, -7.6708,
0.4932

■ 31.0909, -11.2075,
1.7008

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2504, -12.6634,
2.2001

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1659, -14.0793,
2.7405

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.7838, -15.4693,
3.3191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.0602, -16.8430,
3.9336


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.9588, -18.2070,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


4.5818


 96.4485, -19.5660,
5.2622


 15.3369, -8.0680,
0.8413


 15.3369, -8.0680,
0.8413


 15.2172, -8.5806,
0.9737


 15.4764, -7.4845,
0.7311


 15.0972, -9.0974,
1.1036

 15.6449, -6.7933,
0.6554

 15.0620, -9.2496,
1.1410

 15.8435, -5.9951,
0.6162

 16.0729, -5.0925,
0.6144

 16.3332, -4.0896,
0.6503

■ 16.6244, -2.9921,
0.7238

■ 16.9463, -1.8063,
0.8342

■ 17.2982, -0.5395,
0.9804

■ 17.6795, 0.8011,
1.1610

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3372, -7.1842, 4.1960



15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413



15.3372, -7.1900, -3.5018

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3372, -8.0681, 0.8415



15.3372, 3.4106, -7.3936



15.3372, 3.4240, 6.0945

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413



9.5303, 10.2901, 2.7528

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3372, 6.7983, 4.1872



15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413



15.3372, 6.7900, -3.5165

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3372, -8.0681, 0.8415



15.3372, -0.8262, -8.9677



15.3372, 8.0903, 0.8282



15.3372, -0.8122, 6.6884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413



15.3372, -5.6632, -6.2607



15.3372, 8.0903, 0.8282



15.3372, 4.7124, 5.6163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3372, -8.0681, 0.8415



20.6908, -4.7657, 0.8418



15.0295, -10.2494, 7.8325



11.0449, -2.5924, 0.4471



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3372, -8.0681, 0.8415



19.0762, -11.2807, 1.4345



12.3544, -2.9468, -5.8591



9.0922, -1.0328, 0.4420



26.9150, -16.7625, 2.5440



71.7410, -45.2290, 7.9665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5303, 10.2901, 2.7528



10.6608, 15.9928, 4.5331



11.3081, 5.3480, 5.4013



8.7152, 0.1029, 0.5366



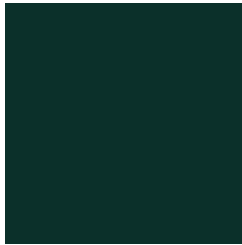
14.2958, 24.7049, 7.5094



38.0080, 65.4050, 22.1164

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

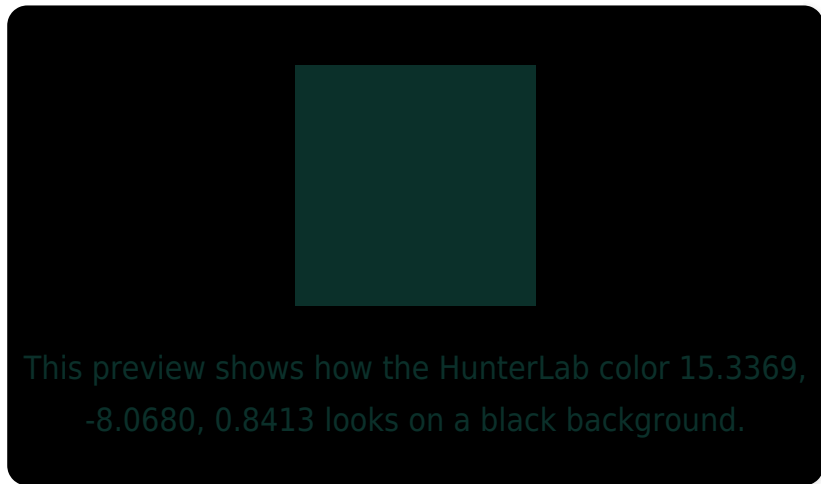
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

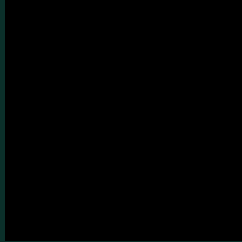
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

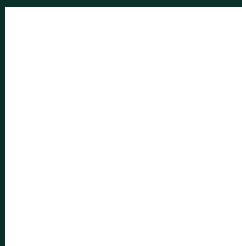
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3369, -8.0680,

0.8413.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413

Protanopia

15.2901, -0.6907, 1.9666

Deuteranopia

15.3008, 0.7054, 0.5844



Tritanopia

15.4344, -5.8722, -2.6234

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413

Protanomaly

15.0388, -4.0112, 1.2821

Deuteranomaly

15.1628, -3.4152, 0.3467

Tritanomaly

15.2964, -6.5675, -1.5281

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413

Achromatopsia

13.2823, -0.7087, 0.7217

Achromatomaly

13.7497, -3.8015, 0.4987

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 48, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 48, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 48, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 48, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 48, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 48, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 48, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 48, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 48, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 48, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3369, -8.0680, 0.8413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 48, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 48,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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