

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3584, 6.2758,
1.1169)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3584, 6.2758, 1.1169)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.3581, 6.2756,
1.1171)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B242A
RGB	59, 36, 42
RGB Percent	23%, 14%, 16%
CMY	0.7686, 0.8588, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.29, 0.77
HSL	344°, 24%, 19%
HSV	344°, 39%, 23%
XYZ	2.8524, 2.3587, 2.4954
YIQ	43.5610, 11.7820, 6.7420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

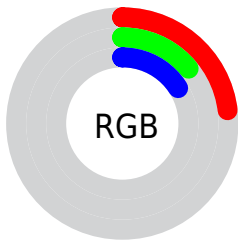
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 36, 42
Decimal	3875882
CIE Lab	17.27, 11.99, 0.55
CIE LCh	17, 11.998, 2.617
Yxy	2.3588, 0.3701, 0.3061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282065962 (0xFF3B242A)
YUV	43.5610, -0.7696, 13.5400
Hunter-Lab	15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.3909, -6.9237, 1.5283**, and the grayscale version is **15.7264, -0.8391, 0.8544**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1429, 6.9784, 2.1460**, and **0.8033, 1.3757, 0.5191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.1461, 8.2353, 1.3027**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6700, 4.3261, 1.0211**.

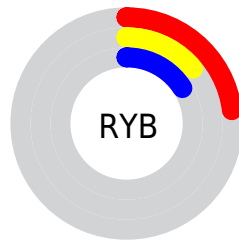
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (14%)

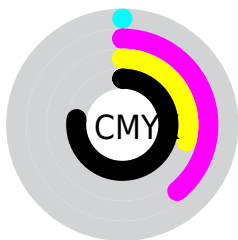
Blue (16%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (16%)

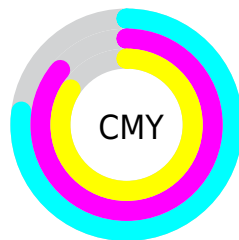


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (77%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3581, 6.2756,
1.1171

■ 15.3581, 6.2756,
1.1171

■ 109.5436, 7.0123,
6.5082

■ 8.9699, 5.7199,
0.7414

■ 31.1178, 7.0449,
2.0512

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2797, 7.2610,
2.5824

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1975, 7.3881,
3.1522

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8174, 7.4378,
3.7582

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.0958, 7.4189,
4.3984

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9963, 7.3382,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.0712

96.4878, 7.2012,
5.7748

15.3581, 6.2756,
1.1171

15.3581, 6.2756,
1.1171

14.1461, 8.2353,
1.3027

16.6700, 4.3261,
1.0211

13.0491, 10.1699,
1.5881

18.0668, 2.4091,
1.0016

12.0854, 12.0181,
1.9811

19.5374, 0.5327,
1.0476

11.2733, 13.6928,
2.4804

21.0721, -1.3009,
1.1488

10.5931, 15.2003,
3.0383

22.6632, -3.0934,
1.2969

■ 9.8984, 16.9852,
3.4993

■ 24.3042, -4.8482,
1.4848

■ 9.8256, 17.1890,
3.5398

■ 25.9897, -6.5697,
1.7065

■ 27.7155, -8.2623,
1.9574

■ 29.4777, -9.9301,
2.2335

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3585, 5.4297, -2.3099



15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171



15.3585, 5.0863, 3.8259

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3585, 6.2749, 1.1174



15.3585, -4.1893, 5.2076



15.3585, -3.7143, -5.7786

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171



19.3909, -6.9237, 1.5283

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3585, -5.9504, -2.9102



15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171



15.3585, -6.2073, 3.4312

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3585, 6.2749, 1.1174



15.3585, -1.1178, 5.8432



15.3585, -6.8233, 0.5492



15.3585, -0.5205, -6.7688

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171



15.3585, 3.3560, 5.0038



15.3585, -6.8233, 0.5492



15.3585, -4.5931, -4.9753

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3585, 6.2749, 1.1174



24.5929, 1.5501, 1.3255



15.2673, 6.9725, -6.5388



12.7119, 0.8180, 0.6854



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3585, 6.2749, 1.1174



18.2791, 10.7025, 1.6912



16.3360, 3.4038, 4.0675



10.8603, 0.2444, 0.5822



15.7059, 27.3330, 6.7674



39.7618, 68.8582, 19.7644

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3585, 6.2749, 1.1174



18.2791, 10.7025, 1.6912



18.1528, -4.0455, -2.3995



10.8603, 0.2444, 0.5822



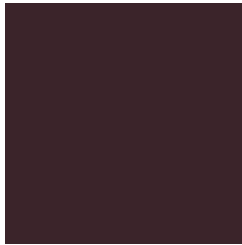
15.7059, 27.3330, 6.7674



39.7618, 68.8582, 19.7644

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

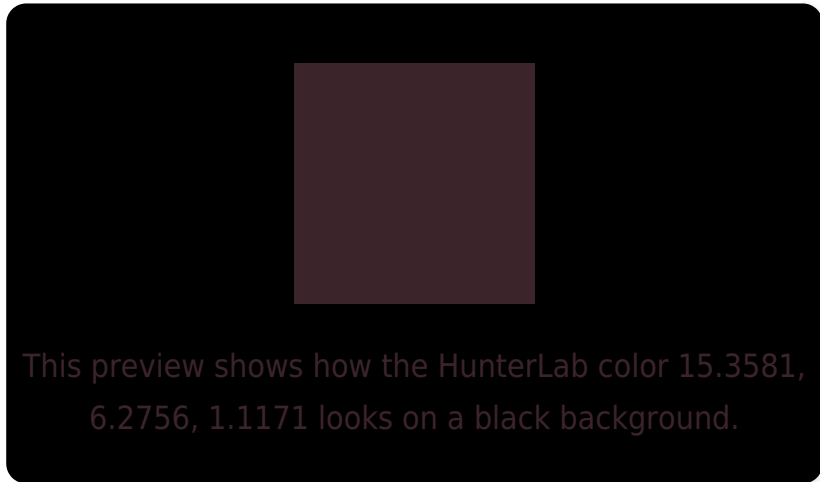
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

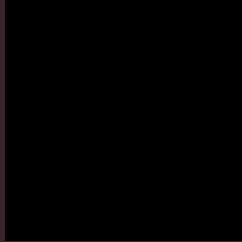
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171.

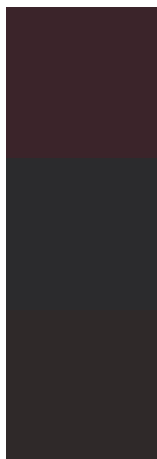


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3581, 6.2756,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171

Protanopia

15.6160, -0.4287, -0.1987

Deuteranopia

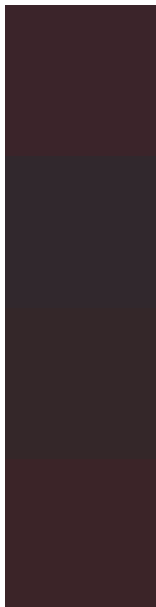
15.4089, 0.9766, 1.4401



Tritanopia

15.2907, 5.9363, 2.0832

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171

Protanomaly

15.3623, 2.1534, -0.0776

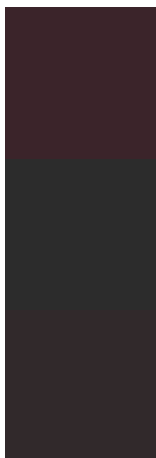
Deuteranomaly

15.3010, 2.8773, 1.3499

Tritanomaly

15.3126, 6.0468, 1.7685

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

15.5347, 1.4899, 0.8756

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 36, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 36, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 36, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 36, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 36, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 36, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 36, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 36, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 36, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 36, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3581, 6.2756, 1.1171 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 36, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 36,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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