

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3600, 16.6360,  
5.5028)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.3600, 16.6360,  
5.5028) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.3587, 16.5940,  
5.5135)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4F171C
RGB	79, 23, 28
RGB Percent	31%, 9%, 11%
CMY	0.6902, 0.9098, 0.8902
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.65, 0.69
HSL	355°, 55%, 20%
HSV	355°, 71%, 31%
XYZ	3.7404, 2.3589, 1.3568
YIQ	40.3140, 31.7710, 13.4270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

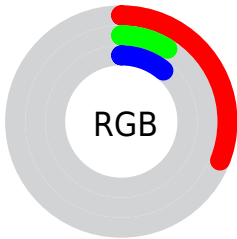
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	79, 23, 28
Decimal	5183260
CIE Lab	17.27, 26.67, 10.99
CIE LCh	17, 28.849, 22.397
Yxy	2.3590, 0.5017, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283373340 (0xFF4F171C)
YUV	40.3140, -6.0708, 33.9276
Hunter-Lab	15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135




# Details

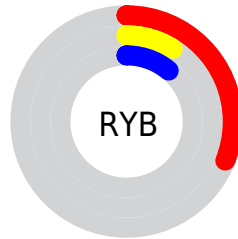
The HunterLab color **15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **25.0372, -12.5487, -0.1350**, and the grayscale version is **14.6807, -0.7833, 0.7976**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2102, 18.8360, 8.2368**, and **4.9907, 8.5906, 2.8845** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3536, 18.7834, 6.2819**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6124, 14.1037, 4.7539**.

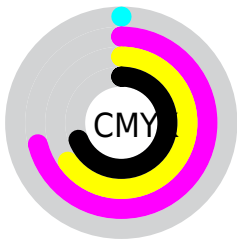
# Distribution







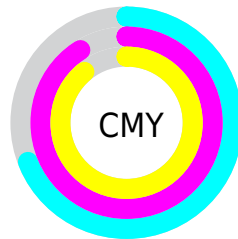
-  Red (31%)
-  Green (9%)
-  Blue (11%)






-  Red (31%)
-  Yellow (9%)
-  Blue (11%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (65%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (91%)
-  Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.3587, 16.5940,  
5.5135

■ 15.3587, 16.5940,  
5.5135

109.5449, 23.5671,  
16.3777

■ 8.9704, 15.2720,  
5.5676

■ 31.1187, 18.9575,  
8.0781

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2806, 19.9260,  
9.2881

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1985, 20.7714,  
10.4772

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8185, 21.5078,  
11.6560

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.0969, 22.1467,  
12.8314


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 83.9974, 22.6978,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


14.0081


 96.4890, 23.1690,  
15.1894


 15.3587, 16.5940,  
5.5135


 15.3587, 16.5940,  
5.5135

 14.3536, 18.7834,  
6.2819

 16.6124, 14.1037,  
4.7539


 13.5989, 20.5586,  
6.9880

 18.0842, 11.4713,  
4.0420

 12.9526, 22.3010,  
7.4452

 19.7443, 8.8055,  
3.3992

 21.5646, 6.1730,  
2.8322

 23.5210, 3.6074,  
2.3392

■ 25.5936, 1.1216,  
1.9140

■ 27.7661, -1.2837,  
1.5488

■ 30.0253, -3.6138,  
1.2357

■ 32.3605, -5.8767,  
0.9675

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3591, 18.0837, -1.2780



15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135



15.3591, 10.0023, 8.8844

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3591, 16.5927, 5.5138



15.3591, -11.3998, 7.4668



15.3591, -2.8463, -22.6144

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135



25.0372, -12.5487, -0.1350

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3591, -9.2870, -16.3669



15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135



15.3591, -13.5072, 2.6867

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3591, 16.5927, 5.5138



15.3591, -6.3651, 9.9145



15.3591, -12.8241, -6.0265



15.3591, 5.6431, -20.4252



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135



15.3591, 4.2311, 10.1373



15.3591, -12.8241, -6.0265



15.3591, -5.2930, -21.3529

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3591, 16.5927, 5.5138



30.4370, 4.9855, 3.1009



16.1542, 21.4077, -16.8202



15.0171, 2.7115, 1.5890



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3591, 16.5927, 5.5138



17.9916, 26.1535, 8.8666



19.0571, 7.2348, 9.3470



13.0587, 0.2853, 0.9146



16.8663, 29.0023, 9.9819



40.9788, 70.3049, 25.4916



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3591, 16.5927, 5.5138



17.9916, 26.1535, 8.8666



19.0623, -3.3172, -11.3195



13.0587, 0.2853, 0.9146



16.8663, 29.0023, 9.9819

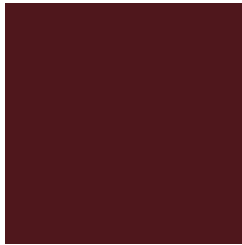


40.9788, 70.3049, 25.4916



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

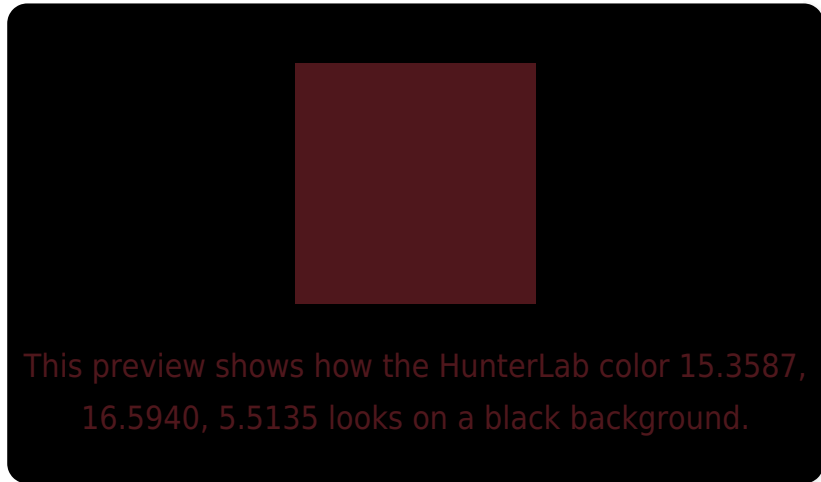
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

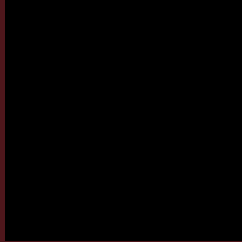
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3587, 16.5940,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135

### Protanopia

15.8612, -1.1831, 3.2103

### Deuteranopia

15.8442, 0.7164, 6.3341



## Tritanopia

15.4458, 16.0360, 6.2680

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135

## Protanomaly

15.0890, 5.1151, 3.4408

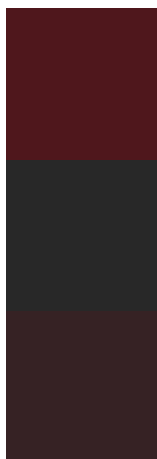
## Deuteranomaly

15.2755, 6.4238, 5.7319

## Tritanomaly

15.4600, 16.0983, 6.0603

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135

## Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

## Achromatomaly

14.3377, 4.9350, 2.0192

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 23, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 23, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 23, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 23, 28) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 23, 28) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 23, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 23, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 23, 28); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 23, 28);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 23, 28)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3587, 16.5940, 5.5135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 23, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 23,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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