

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3736, 28.6149,
-7.7961)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3736, 28.6149,
-7.7961) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.4079, 28.6437,
-7.5413)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57003E
RGB	87, 0, 62
RGB Percent	34%, 0%, 24%
CMY	0.6588, 1.0000, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.29, 0.66
HSL	317°, 100%, 17%
HSV	317°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	4.8000, 2.3740, 4.7627
YIQ	33.0810, 31.9500, 37.7260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

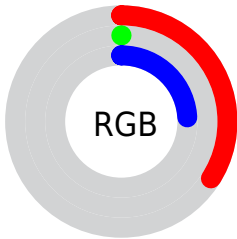
Format	Color
R_{YB}	87, 0, 62
Decimal	5701694
CIE _{Lab}	17.34, 41.11, -12.99
CIE _{LCh}	17, 43.113, 342.469
Yxy	2.3742, 0.4021, 0.1989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283891774 (0xFF57003E)
YUV	33.0810, 14.2571, 47.2870
Hunter-Lab	15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413

Details

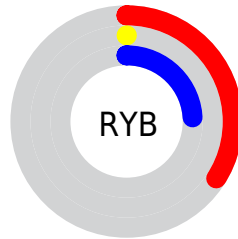
The HunterLab color **15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **26.2424, -21.5474, 13.7146**, and the grayscale version is **12.3082, -0.6567, 0.6687**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1887, 32.0851, -8.2634**, and **6.9163, 12.5242, -0.8004** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4079, 28.6436, -7.5405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0969, 26.8843, -7.7525**.

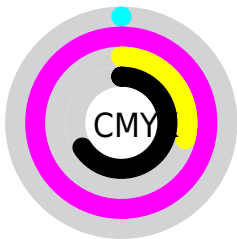
Distribution



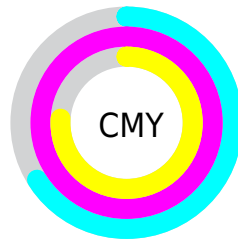
- Red (34%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.4079, 28.6437,
-7.5413

15.4079, 28.6437,
-7.5413

109.6396, 40.7189,
-7.8069

9.0141, 27.0767,
-7.1898

31.1809, 32.0887,
-8.0908

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

40.3484, 33.6585,
-8.2448

0.0000, NaN, NaN

50.2715, 35.1049,
-8.3246

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

60.8963, 36.4329,
-8.3364

0.0000, NaN, NaN

72.1793, 37.6502,
-8.2861

0.0000, NaN, NaN

84.0841, 38.7653,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.1783

96.5797, 39.7859,
-8.0174

15.4079, 28.6437,
-7.5413

15.4079, 28.6437,
-7.5413

15.4079, 28.6436,
-7.5405

16.0969, 26.8843,
-7.7525

16.8674, 24.9866,
-7.8348

17.9043, 22.4242,
-7.4903

19.1958, 19.3697,
-6.7694

20.7176, 16.0067,
-5.7484

■ 22.4421, 12.4840,
-4.5026

■ 24.3424, 8.9057,
-3.0953

■ 26.3943, 5.3366,
-1.5747

■ 28.5772, 1.8126,
0.0246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4083, 18.4982, -26.4888



15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413



15.4083, 29.5365, 4.9309

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4083, 28.6424, -7.5407



15.4083, -5.5811, 10.7858



15.4083, -14.6208, -23.2178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413



26.2424, -21.5474, 13.7146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4083, -17.7327, -4.8187



15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413



15.4083, -13.7083, 10.7858

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4083, 28.6424, -7.5407



15.4083, 6.9237, 10.7858



15.4083, -17.4540, 6.1720



15.4083, -7.2888, -39.4054

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413



15.4083, 24.4751, 8.9696



15.4083, -17.4540, 6.1720



15.4083, -16.0727, -16.6641

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4083, 28.6424, -7.5407



31.5492, 12.0888, -4.2296



9.4369, 23.4493, -50.4256



15.2723, 6.5438, -2.3201



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4083, 28.6424, -7.5407



20.0909, 37.2858, -9.3396



14.3975, 24.9771, 6.7986



14.6326, 0.7033, 0.1135



19.1267, 35.5066, -8.9703



45.1563, 83.5248, -18.8305

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4083, 28.6424, -7.5407



20.0909, 37.2858, -9.3396



26.8992, -17.5021, 4.1611



14.6326, 0.7033, 0.1135



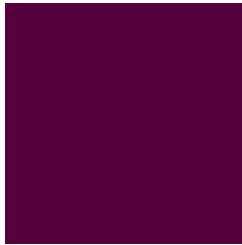
19.1267, 35.5066, -8.9703



45.1563, 83.5248, -18.8305

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

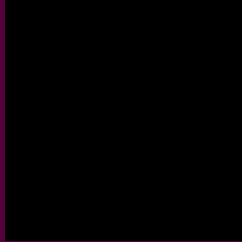
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413.

-7.5413.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413

Protanopia

16.6600, 3.8079, -22.5245

Deuteranopia

16.8533, 0.8770, -3.6823



Tritanopia

16.1637, 17.7554, 6.6861

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413

Protanomaly

14.3094, 12.6678, -21.6104

Deuteranomaly

14.7871, 12.1863, -7.2652

Tritanomaly

15.5545, 21.9343, 2.6521

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

12.1452, 10.9471, -3.9571

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 0, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 0, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 0, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 0, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 0, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 0, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 0, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 0, 62); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 0, 62); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 0, 62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4079, 28.6437, -7.5413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 0, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 0,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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