

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3799, -10.5856,
3.9461)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3799, -10.5856,
3.9461) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.4659,
-10.7476, 4.1033)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 013220 |
| RGB | 1, 50, 32 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 20%, 13% |
| CMY | 0.9961, 0.8039, 0.8745 |
| CMYK | 0.98, 0.00, 0.36, 0.80 |
| HSL | 158°, 96%, 10% |
| HSV | 158°, 98%, 20% |
| XYZ | 1.4138, 2.3919, 1.7537 |
| YIQ | 33.2970, -23.4260, -15.9860 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 1, 31, 50 |
| Decimal | 78368 |
| CIE Lab | 17.42, -21.10, 7.12 |
| CIE LCh | 17, 22.265, 161.356 |
| Yxy | 2.3920, 0.2543, 0.4302 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278268448 (0xFF013220) |
| YUV | 33.2970, -0.6394, -28.3245 |
| Hunter-Lab | 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 |

Details

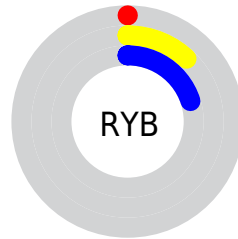
The HunterLab color **15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**, and the color name is **dark green**. A complement of this color would be **8.6423, 14.6980, 1.3555**, and the grayscale version is **12.4333, -0.6634, 0.6755**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2650, -15.0661, 6.0352**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4389, -10.8733, 4.1752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.6031, -10.1208, 3.7334**.

Distribution



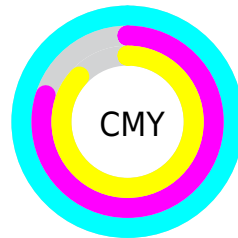
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4659, -10.7476,
4.1033

■ 15.4659, -10.7476,
4.1033

■ 109.7508,
-27.1465, 12.8485

■ 9.0652, -10.6247,
3.7481

■ 31.2541, -14.9485,
6.0266

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.4282, -16.8446,
6.9726

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.3573, -18.6612,
7.9221

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.9878, -20.4214,
8.8803

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.2761, -22.1405,
9.8504


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 84.1859, -23.8294,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


10.8343


 96.6864, -25.4960,
11.8333

 15.4659, -10.7476,
4.1033


 15.4659, -10.7476,
4.1033


 15.4389, -10.8733,
4.1752

 15.6031, -10.1208,
3.7334

 15.7411, -9.4925,
3.3447

 15.9005, -8.7824,
2.9597

 16.0920, -7.9513,
2.5927

 16.3166, -7.0009,
2.2472

■ 16.5747, -5.9353,
1.9264

■ 16.8664, -4.7602,
1.6328

■ 17.1916, -3.4829,
1.3684

■ 17.5499, -2.1116,
1.1347

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4662, -8.0715, 7.2543



15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033



15.4662, -11.0376, -1.6146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4662, -10.7477, 4.1034



15.4662, 1.6430, -15.3451



15.4662, 9.4060, 6.7025

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033



8.6423, 14.6980, 1.3555

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4662, 13.0000, 2.9516



15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033



15.4662, 8.0610, -10.6078

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4662, -10.7477, 4.1034



15.4662, -4.5263, -14.6279



15.4662, 12.4716, -3.3336



15.4662, 3.2585, 8.4293

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033



15.4662, -9.9042, -6.4719



15.4662, 12.4716, -3.3336



15.4662, 10.9942, 5.7343

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4662, -10.7477, 4.1034



21.2073, -6.3862, 2.1493



15.5883, -10.9019, 9.3053



11.6176, -3.5926, 1.2007



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4662, -10.7477, 4.1034



19.4785, -13.8535, 5.5593



14.3505, -6.4608, -3.7383



9.8322, -1.2045, 0.6393



27.3432, -19.6595, 8.2625



71.6287, -52.4018, 23.5909

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.6423, 14.6980, 1.3555



10.7013, 18.9202, 2.3112



9.0893, 11.4665, 5.6140



9.4306, 0.1989, 0.4205



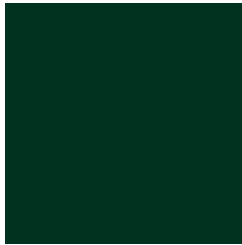
14.9828, 26.3835, 4.0622



39.0987, 68.4249, 13.8914

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

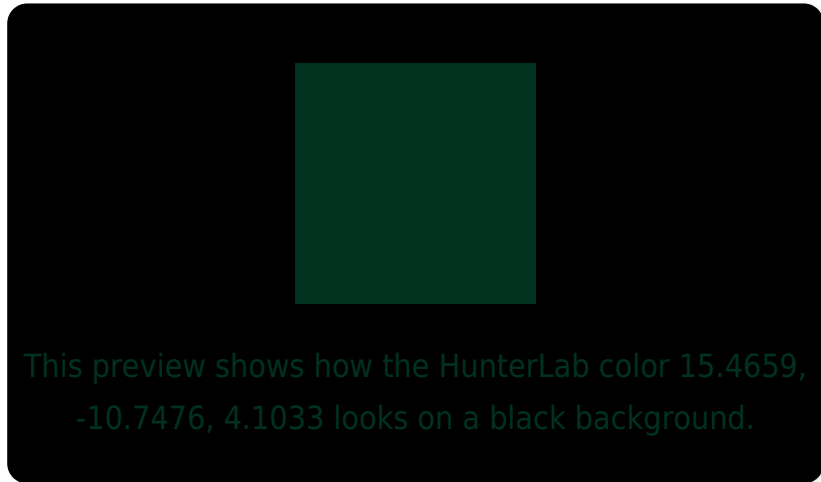
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

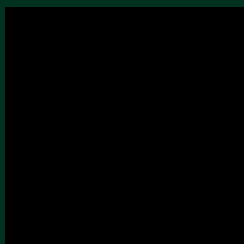
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4659,

-10.7476, 4.1033.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033

Protanopia

15.5589, -1.3239, 5.1346

Deuteranopia

15.7329, 0.6268, 4.0023



Tritanopia

15.7528, -5.9933, -2.1861

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033

Protanomaly

15.2438, -6.2228, 4.5069

Deuteranomaly

15.1984, -4.9858, 3.6649

Tritanomaly

15.6737, -8.0165, 0.5038

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

13.1159, -5.1341, 1.4878

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 50, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 50, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 50, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 50, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 50, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 50, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 50, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 50, 32); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 50, 32); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 50, 32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4659, -10.7476, 4.1033 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 50, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 50,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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