

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.3895, 0.7813,
1.0779)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.3895, 0.7813, 1.0779)
contains.

HunterLab(15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.3538, 0.8369,
1.0168)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F292A
RGB	47, 41, 42
RGB Percent	18%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8157, 0.8392, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.11, 0.82
HSL	350°, 7%, 17%
HSV	350°, 13%, 18%
XYZ	2.3832, 2.3574, 2.5199
YIQ	42.9080, 3.2550, 1.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	47, 41, 42
Decimal	3090730
CIELab	17.26, 2.98, 0.35
CIELCh	17, 2.998, 6.740
Yxy	2.3575, 0.3282, 0.3247
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281280810 (0xFF2F292A)
YUV	42.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887
Hunter-Lab	15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.4371, -2.4389, 0.7617**, and the grayscale version is **15.5136, -0.8278, 0.8429**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0980, 0.4653, 1.9795**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2299, 2.2371, 1.1379**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5279, -0.5285, 0.9333**.

Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (16%)

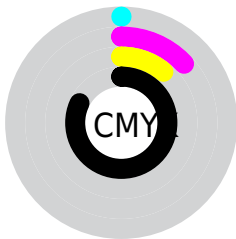
Blue (16%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3538, 0.8369,
1.0168

■ 15.3538, 0.8369,
1.0168

■ 109.5353, -2.7092,
6.3129

■ 8.9660, 0.9678,
0.6507

■ 31.1124, 0.4183,
1.9235

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2738, 0.1112,
2.4430

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1911, -0.2498,
3.0020

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8106, -0.6593,
3.5980

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.0886, -1.1131,
4.2287

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9886, -1.6077,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.8925

96.4798, -2.1405,
5.5876

15.3538, 0.8369,
1.0168

15.3538, 0.8369,
1.0168

14.2299, 2.2371,
1.1379

16.5279, -0.5285,
0.9333

13.1624, 3.6720,
1.3013

17.7452, -1.8593,
0.8817

12.1602, 5.1347,
1.5127

19.0011, -3.1587,
0.8578

11.2337, 6.6107,
1.7769

20.2915, -4.4299,
0.8579

10.3947, 8.0733,
2.0967

21.6131, -5.6766,
0.8787

■ 9.6564, 9.4795,
2.4703

■ 22.9630, -6.9020,
0.9175

■ 9.0195, 10.8042,
2.8784

■ 24.3387, -8.1093,
0.9721

■ 8.3760, 12.3578,
3.2085

■ 25.7383, -9.3012,
1.0405

■ 7.8835, 13.7183,
3.4076

■ 27.1599, -10.4801,
1.1212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3541, 0.7100, 0.2092



15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168



15.3541, 0.5113, 1.7367

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3541, 0.8365, 1.0171



15.3541, -1.7853, 2.0299



15.3541, -1.4600, -0.6619

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168



16.4371, -2.4389, 0.7617

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3541, -2.1076, -0.1234



15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168



15.3541, -2.2925, 1.4370

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3541, 0.8365, 1.0171



15.3541, -1.0114, 2.3006



15.3541, -2.4092, 0.6522



15.3541, -0.6279, -0.7893

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168



15.3541, 0.0863, 2.0795



15.3541, -2.4092, 0.6522



15.3541, -1.7060, -0.5215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3541, 0.8365, 1.0171



21.0199, -0.4257, 1.2127



15.4015, 1.2431, -0.8409



11.2144, -0.2064, 0.6492



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3541, 0.8365, 1.0171



19.2830, 1.6250, 1.3497



15.7870, -0.0784, 1.8473



8.7154, 0.1041, 0.5335



14.2994, 24.7183, 7.4560



38.0153, 65.4321, 22.0082

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3541, 0.8365, 1.0171



19.2830, 1.6250, 1.3497



15.9797, -1.5351, -0.1587



8.7154, 0.1041, 0.5335



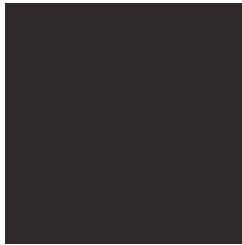
14.2994, 24.7183, 7.4560



38.0153, 65.4321, 22.0082

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

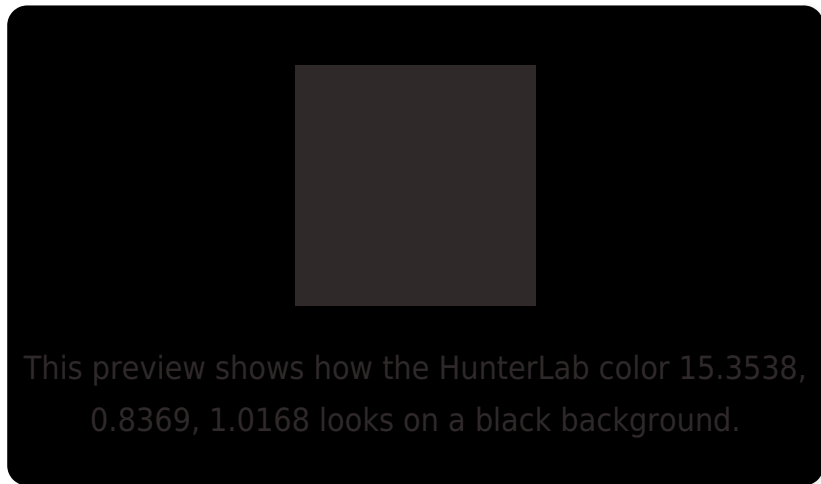
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

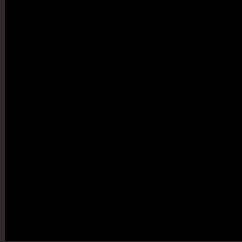
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168.

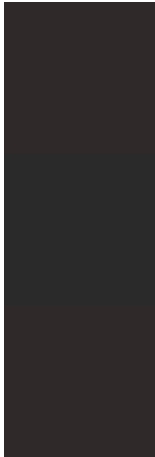


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3538, 0.8369,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168

Protanopia

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Deuteranopia

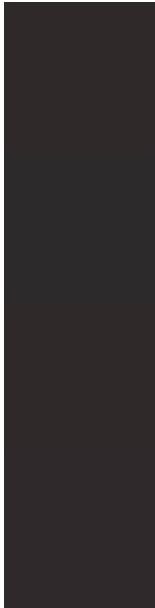
15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168



Tritanopia

15.4015, 1.0929, 0.3363

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168

Protanomaly

15.3812, -0.1940, 0.6645

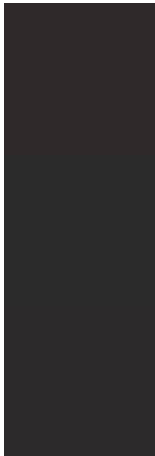
Deuteranomaly

15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168

Tritanomaly

15.3774, 0.9635, 0.6802

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.3812, -0.1940, 0.6645

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 41, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 41, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 41, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 41, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 41, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 41, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 41, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 41, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 41, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 41, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 41, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 41,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor