

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4005, 0.7562,
0.1283)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.4005, 0.7562, 0.1283)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.3499, 0.9690,
-0.1139)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E292D
RGB	46, 41, 45
RGB Percent	18%, 16%, 18%
CMY	0.8196, 0.8392, 0.8235
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.02, 0.82
HSL	312°, 6%, 17%
HSV	312°, 11%, 18%
XYZ	2.3933, 2.3562, 2.8113
YIQ	42.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 41, 45
Decimal	3025197
CIE Lab	17.26, 3.21, -1.78
CIE LCh	17, 3.667, 331.049
Yxy	2.3563, 0.3165, 0.3116
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281215277 (0xFF2E292D)
YUV	42.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740
Hunter-Lab	15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.1017, -2.5758, 1.8104**, and the grayscale version is **15.5235, -0.8283, 0.8434**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1227, 0.7654, 0.3359**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.3161, 2.7014, -1.0328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4332, -0.7356, 0.8170**.

Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (16%)

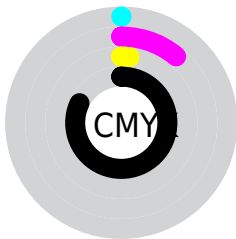
Blue (18%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (18%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3499, 0.9690,
-0.1139

■ 15.3499, 0.9690,
-0.1139

■ 109.5278, -2.4624,
4.1751

■ 8.9625, 1.0814,
-0.3358

■ 31.1074, 0.5829,
0.5059

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2684, 0.2899,
0.9018

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.1853, -0.0581,
1.3464

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8044, -0.4554,
1.8354

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.0820, -0.8977,
2.3653

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 83.9818, -1.3814,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.9333

96.4726, -1.9037,
3.5373

15.3499, 0.9690,
-0.1139

15.3499, 0.9690,
-0.1139

14.3161, 2.7014,
-1.0328

16.4332, -0.7356,
0.8170

13.3372, 4.4565,
-1.9325

17.5593, -2.4089,
1.7539

12.4213, 6.2212,
-2.8009

18.7239, -4.0517,
2.6938

11.5770, 7.9735,
-3.6211

19.9231, -5.6658,
3.6347

10.8141, 9.6792,
-4.3700

21.1535, -7.2534,
4.5757

■ 10.1427, 11.2893,
-5.0181

■ 22.4122, -8.8175,
5.5162

■ 9.5681, 12.7545,
-5.5395

■ 23.6969, -10.3607,
6.4561

■ 8.9982, 14.3344,
-6.0872

■ 25.0054, -11.8858,
7.3954

■ 8.4449, 16.0290,
-6.6884

■ 26.3360, -13.3953,
8.3343

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3502, 0.2247, -0.8843



15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139



15.3502, 1.2302, 0.8703

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3502, 0.9686, -0.1136



15.3502, -0.8565, 2.6177



15.3502, -2.4950, -0.1779

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139



16.1017, -2.5758, 1.8104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3502, -2.7677, 0.8007



15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139



15.3502, -1.8373, 2.3769

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3502, 0.9686, -0.1136



15.3502, 0.1597, 2.4080



15.3502, -2.5300, 1.7277



15.3502, -1.7755, -0.9231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139



15.3502, 1.0905, 1.5029



15.3502, -2.5300, 1.7277



15.3502, -2.6411, 0.1368

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3502, 0.9686, -0.1136



20.3546, -0.4374, 0.7585



15.0848, 0.1201, -0.8622



11.3047, -0.1937, 0.3950



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3502, 0.9686, -0.1136



18.9359, 1.8303, -0.4711



15.2892, 0.6409, 0.7544



8.7473, 0.2761, 0.0800



15.6396, 29.5591, -11.4117



41.5694, 78.2946, -28.2212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3502, 0.9686, -0.1136



18.9359, 1.8303, -0.4711



16.1589, -2.2568, 0.9922



8.7473, 0.2761, 0.0800



15.6396, 29.5591, -11.4117



41.5694, 78.2946, -28.2212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

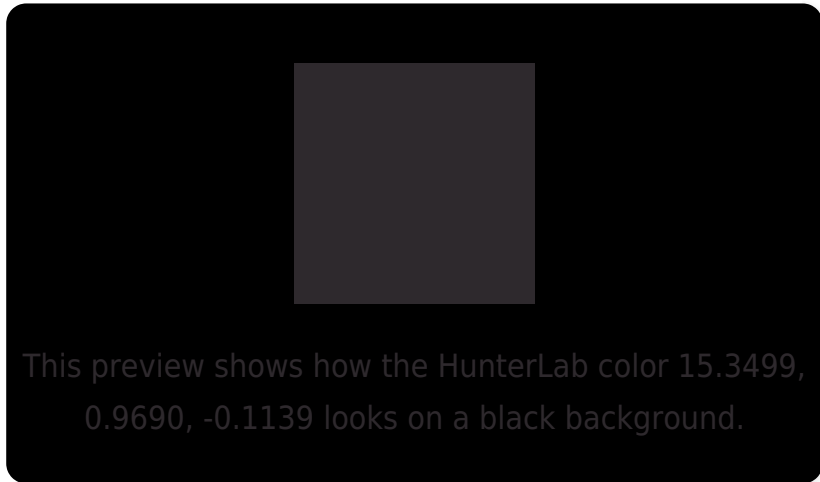
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

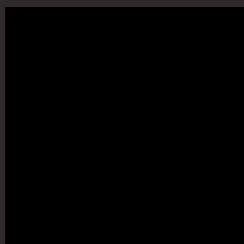
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139.



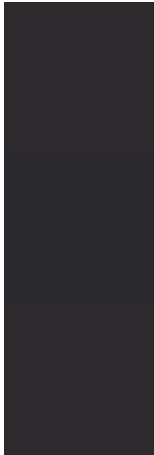
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139.

-0.1139.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139

Protanopia

15.3148, -0.2737, -0.5746

Deuteranopia

15.2749, 0.7164, -0.2115



Tritanopia

15.3250, 0.8358, 0.2389

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139

Protanomaly

15.3843, -0.0348, -0.4823

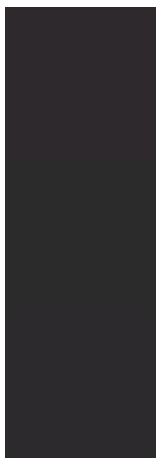
Deuteranomaly

15.2749, 0.7164, -0.2115

Tritanomaly

15.3250, 0.8358, 0.2389

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.4054, -0.0628, 0.3207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 41, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 41, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 41, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 41, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 41, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 41, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 41, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 41, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 41, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 41, 45)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3499, 0.9690, -0.1139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 41, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 41,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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