

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4055, 0.1686,  
1.4262)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.4055, 0.1686, 1.4262)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.4818, 0.0582,  
1.5069)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E2A29
RGB	46, 42, 41
RGB Percent	18%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8196, 0.8353, 0.8392
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.82
HSL	12°, 6%, 17%
HSV	12°, 11%, 18%
XYZ	2.3549, 2.3969, 2.4363
YIQ	43.0820, 2.7050, 0.5370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	46, 42, 41
Decimal	3025449
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	17.45, 1.60, 1.31
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	17, 2.067, 39.237
Yxy	2.3970, 0.3276, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281215529 (0xFF2E2A29)
YUV	43.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591
Hunter-Lab	15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.9543, -1.6728, 0.1960**, and the grayscale version is **15.5725, -0.8309, 0.8461**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2467, -0.4033, 2.5415**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5520, 0.9652, 2.0520**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4441, -0.8085, 0.9473**.

# Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (16%)

Blue (16%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.4818, 0.0582,  
1.5069

■ 15.4818, 0.0582,  
1.5069

109.7815, -4.1776,  
7.2735

■ 9.0792, 0.2833,  
1.0910

■ 31.2742, -0.5567,  
2.5494

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.4502, -0.9484,  
3.1268

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.3809, -1.3878,  
3.7392

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.0129, -1.8706,  
4.3850

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.3027, -2.3935,  
5.0626

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.2140, -2.9537,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.7706

96.7158, -3.5490,  
6.5080

15.4818, 0.0582,  
1.5069

15.4818, 0.0582,  
1.5069

14.5520, 0.9652,  
2.0520

16.4441, -0.8085,  
0.9473

13.6573, 1.9169,  
2.5784

17.4347, -1.6371,  
0.3753

12.8023, 2.9149,  
3.0812

18.4513, -2.4316,  
-0.2069

11.9921, 3.9591,  
3.5541

19.4916, -3.1955,  
-0.7977

11.2323, 5.0465,  
3.9889

20.5535, -3.9321,  
-1.3961

■ 10.5294, 6.1691,  
4.3751

■ 21.6355, -4.6444,  
-2.0011

■ 9.8898, 7.3099,  
4.7071

■ 22.7359, -5.3352,  
-2.6123

■ 9.3112, 8.4007,  
5.1166

■ 23.8536, -6.0068,  
-3.2290

■ 8.8361, 9.3174,  
5.6079

■ 24.9874, -6.6614,  
-3.8509

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4821, 0.3039, 1.0142



15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069



15.4821, -0.4244, 1.8142

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4821, 0.0578, 1.5071



15.4821, -1.8691, 1.2189



15.4821, -0.6452, -0.2559

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069



15.9543, -1.6728, 0.1960

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4821, -1.2253, -0.1961



15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069



15.4821, -1.9262, 0.6693

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4821, 0.0578, 1.5071



15.4821, -1.5350, 1.6522



15.4821, -1.6922, 0.1475



15.4821, -0.1059, -0.0129



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069



15.4821, -0.8119, 1.8792



15.4821, -1.6922, 0.1475



15.4821, -0.8420, -0.2707

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4821, 0.0578, 1.5071



20.4053, -0.7718, 1.3544



15.3500, 0.9689, -0.1138



11.3366, -0.4047, 0.7709



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4821, 0.0578, 1.5071



19.1414, 0.3892, 2.0913



16.0618, -0.9204, 2.1371



8.8033, -0.1041, 0.7567



15.5688, 19.8600, 9.9411



40.0568, 57.5682, 25.6906



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9543, -1.6728, 0.1960



19.8875, -2.3464, 0.0194



15.3633, -0.7042, -0.5207



9.0005, -0.8267, 0.2091



22.3199, -8.2114, -10.1720



58.4049, -20.3433, -29.0857



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

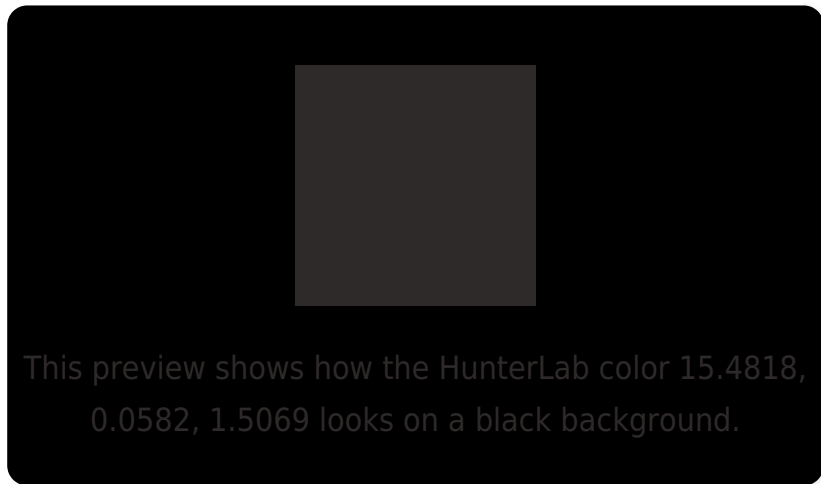
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

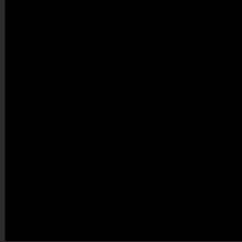
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069.



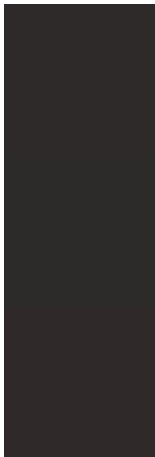
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4818, 0.0582,

1.5069.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069

### Protanopia

15.5670, -0.8369, 1.5877

### Deuteranopia

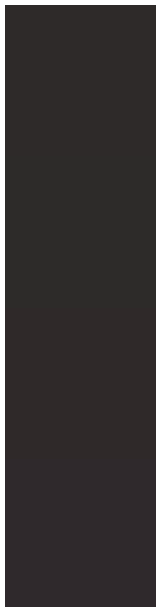
15.4089, 0.9766, 1.4401



## Tritanopia

15.4262, 1.2250, -0.0149

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069

## Protanomaly

15.6389, -0.5876, 1.6730

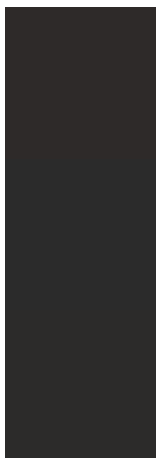
## Deuteranomaly

15.3307, 0.7131, 1.3461

## Tritanomaly

15.4015, 1.0929, 0.3363

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069

## Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

## Achromatomaly

15.5897, -0.7126, 1.2631

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 42, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 42, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 42, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 42, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 42, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 42, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 42, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 42, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 42, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 42, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4818, 0.0582, 1.5069 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 42, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 42,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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