

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4065, -1.3062,
0.6756)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.4065, -1.3062, 0.6756)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.4065, -1.3055,
0.6750)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	292B2B
RGB	41, 43, 43
RGB Percent	16%, 17%, 17%
CMY	0.8392, 0.8314, 0.8314
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.00, 0.83
HSL	180°, 2%, 16%
HSV	180°, 5%, 17%
XYZ	2.2144, 2.3736, 2.6270
YIQ	42.4020, -1.1920, -0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 42, 43
Decimal	2698027
CIE Lab	17.34, -0.89, -0.31
CIE LCh	17, 0.944, 199.368
Yxy	2.3737, 0.3069, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280888107 (0xFF292B2B)
YUV	42.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296
Hunter-Lab	15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750

Details

The HunterLab color **15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.0320, -0.3062, 0.9826**, and the grayscale version is **15.3470, -0.8189, 0.8338**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0845, -2.2055, 1.5056**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1329, -2.2761, 0.3309**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.7068, -0.2634, 1.0457**.

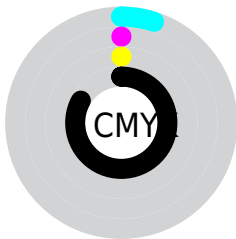
Distribution



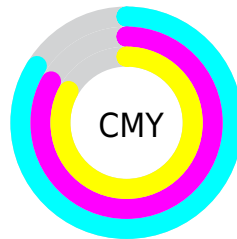
- Red (16%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4065, -1.3055,
0.6750

■ 15.4065, -1.3055,
0.6750

■ 109.6367, -6.7889,
5.6548

■ 9.0128, -0.9119,
0.3466

■ 31.1790, -2.2776,
1.4909

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.3464, -2.8226,
1.9715

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.2693, -3.4037,
2.4947

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8939, -4.0188,
3.0571

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.1768, -4.6664,
3.6563

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.0814, -5.3447,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.2902

96.5770, -6.0526,
4.9568

15.4065, -1.3055,
0.6750

15.4065, -1.3055,
0.6750

15.1329, -2.2761,
0.3309

15.7068, -0.2634,
1.0457

14.8855, -3.1686,
0.0146

16.0322, 0.8453,
1.4401

14.6647, -3.9784,
-0.2720

16.3824, 2.0142,
1.8566

14.4706, -4.7011,
-0.5276

16.7568, 3.2371,
2.2929

14.3030, -5.3338,
-0.7510

17.1544, 4.5083,
2.7472

■ 14.1614, -5.8745,
-0.9417

■ 17.5745, 5.8222,
3.2174

■ 14.0451, -6.3230,
-1.0997

■ 18.0161, 7.1735,
3.7017

■ 13.9455, -6.7108,
-1.2361

■ 18.4783, 8.5574,
4.1984

■ 13.8456, -7.1027,
-1.3739

■ 18.9602, 9.9696,
4.7061

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4068, -1.3259, 0.9288



15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750



15.4068, -1.1569, 0.4621

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4068, -1.3058, 0.6752



15.4068, -0.4300, 0.5161



15.4068, -0.7277, 1.3125

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750



15.0320, -0.3062, 0.9826

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4068, -0.4860, 1.2059



15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750



15.4068, -0.3134, 0.7480

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4068, -1.3058, 0.6752



15.4068, -0.6517, 0.3692



15.4068, -0.3339, 1.0003



15.4068, -0.9934, 1.2938

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750



15.4068, -1.0040, 0.3730



15.4068, -0.3339, 1.0003



15.4068, -0.6410, 1.2902

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4068, -1.3058, 0.6752



19.8798, -1.2038, 1.0322



15.3625, -1.5549, 1.3426



10.7731, -0.6395, 0.5637



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4068, -1.3058, 0.6752



19.6831, -1.8932, 0.7874



15.1796, -0.9327, 0.4098



8.3944, -0.7590, 0.3520



26.4686, -14.0387, -2.7780



71.8637, -38.1173, -7.5391

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0320, -0.3062, 0.9826



19.0270, -0.1432, 1.3255



15.2556, -0.6825, 1.2353



8.1528, -0.1146, 0.5501



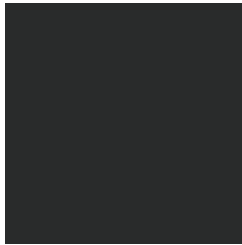
13.7543, 23.5552, 8.8837



37.3434, 63.9521, 24.1267

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

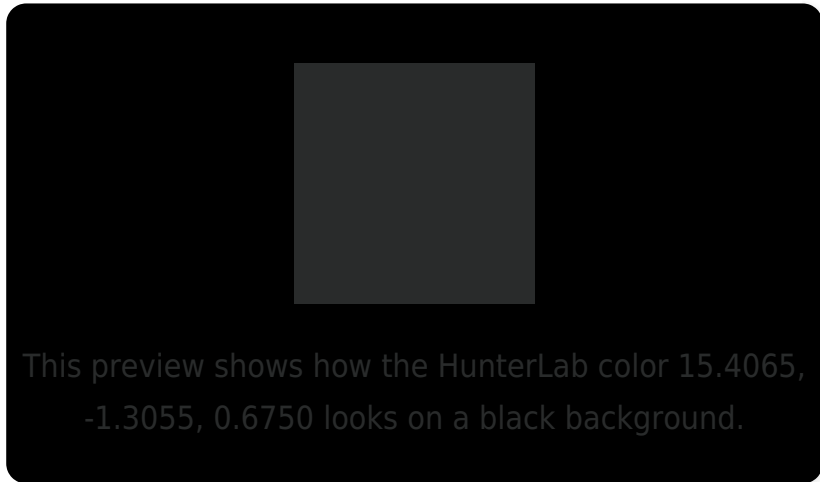
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

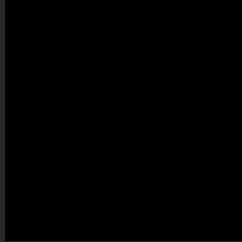
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750.



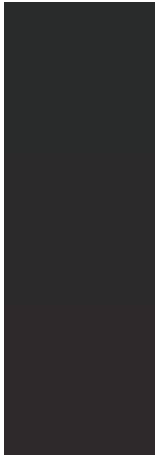
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4065, -1.3055,

0.6750.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750

Protanopia

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Deuteranopia

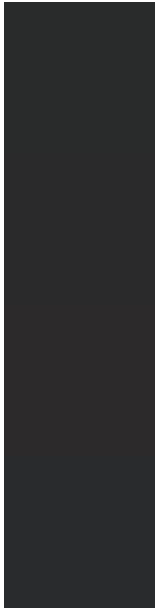
15.3008, 0.7054, 0.5844



Tritanopia

15.4804, -0.8990, -0.3765

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750

Protanomaly

15.2400, -0.6816, 0.4874

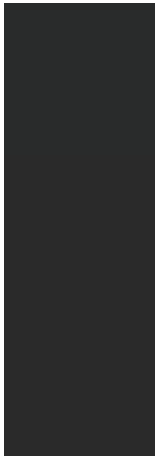
Deuteranomaly

15.3812, -0.1940, 0.6645

Tritanomaly

15.4552, -1.0373, -0.0187

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 43, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 43, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 43, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 43, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 43, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 43, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 43, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 43, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 43, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 43, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4065, -1.3055, 0.6750 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 43, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 43,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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