

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4313, -2.8282,
0.9829)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.4313, -2.8282, 0.9829)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.3683, -2.7177,
0.9715)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	252C2A
RGB	37, 44, 42
RGB Percent	15%, 17%, 16%
CMY	0.8549, 0.8274, 0.8353
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.05, 0.83
HSL	163°, 9%, 16%
HSV	163°, 16%, 17%
XYZ	2.0816, 2.3618, 2.5367
YIQ	41.6790, -3.5300, -2.1060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

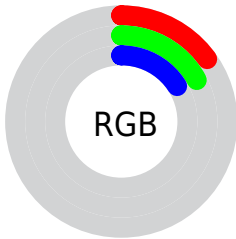
Format	Color
RYB	37, 41, 44
Decimal	2436138
CIELab	17.28, -3.57, 0.26
CIElCh	17, 3.577, 175.803
Yxy	2.3619, 0.2982, 0.3384
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280626218 (0xFF252C2A)
YUV	41.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035
Hunter-Lab	15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715

Details

The HunterLab color **15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.1603, 1.2698, 0.7105**, and the grayscale version is **15.1123, -0.8064, 0.8211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.0269, -3.8293, 1.8212**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0882, -3.7967, 1.0794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.6763, -1.5628, 0.8941**.

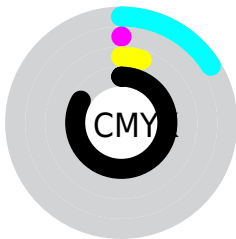
Distribution



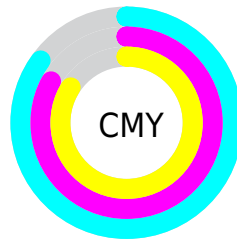
- Red (15%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (83%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.3683, -2.7177,
0.9715

■ 15.3683, -2.7177,
0.9715

■ 109.5632, -9.5704,
6.2248

■ 8.9789, -2.2108,
0.6096

■ 31.1307, -4.0858,
1.8659

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.2937, -4.7993,
2.3801

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.2126, -5.5357,
2.9343

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.8335, -6.2956,
3.5257

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.1128, -7.0792,
4.1523

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.0142, -7.8864,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.8120

96.5065, -8.7169,
5.5033

15.3683, -2.7177,
0.9715

15.3683, -2.7177,
0.9715

15.0882, -3.7967,
1.0794

15.6763, -1.5628,
0.8941

14.8354, -4.7925,
1.2168

16.0107, -0.3379,
0.8464

14.6103, -5.6999,
1.3831

16.3712, 0.9499,
0.8282

14.4130, -6.5142,
1.5772

16.7569, 2.2937,
0.8388

14.2430, -7.2320,
1.7973

17.1670, 3.6870,
0.8772

■ 14.0998, -7.8517,
2.0412

■ 17.6007, 5.1234,
0.9424

■ 13.9727, -8.4119,
2.2954

■ 18.0570, 6.5973,
1.0330

■ 13.8457, -8.9766,
2.5410

■ 18.5348, 8.1032,
1.1477

■ 13.7936, -9.2091,
2.6389

■ 19.0333, 9.6364,
1.2851

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.3686, -2.4010, 1.8432



15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715



15.3686, -2.5376, 0.0069

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.3686, -2.7180, 0.9717



15.3686, 0.0373, -0.9293



15.3686, 0.2908, 2.2933

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715



14.1603, 1.2698, 0.7105

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.3686, 0.9747, 1.6224



15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715



15.3686, 0.8258, -0.2432

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.3686, -2.7180, 0.9717



15.3686, -0.9633, -1.1312



15.3686, 1.1730, 0.7001



15.3686, -0.6778, 2.5742

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715



15.3686, -2.1570, -0.5539



15.3686, 1.1730, 0.7001



15.3686, 0.5626, 2.1081

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.3686, -2.7180, 0.9717



19.7019, -1.8664, 1.1173



15.3894, -2.8616, 2.6895



10.6731, -1.0111, 0.6053



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.3686, -2.7180, 0.9717



19.1404, -3.9834, 1.2710



15.0800, -1.9226, -0.1106



9.0861, -1.0668, 0.5294



26.6737, -18.2292, 6.0117



71.0590, -49.3810, 17.7818

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.1603, 1.2698, 0.7105



17.2386, 2.2985, 0.8627



14.4259, 0.4756, 1.7038



8.7213, 0.1358, 0.4499



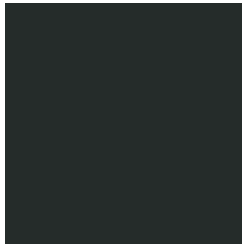
14.4259, 25.1846, 5.6016



38.2956, 66.4682, 17.8787

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

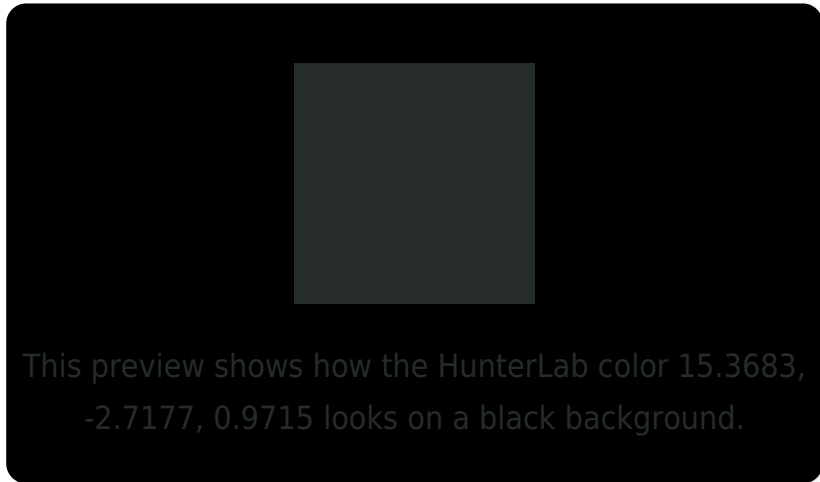
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

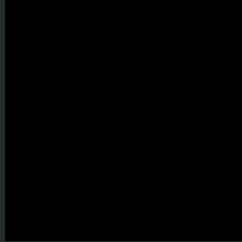
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

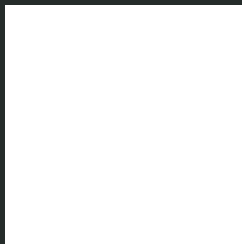
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715.



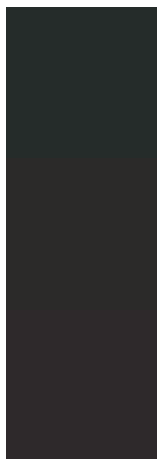
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.3683, -2.7177,

0.9715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715

Protanopia

15.2631, -0.6955, 1.2438

Deuteranopia

15.3008, 0.7054, 0.5844



Tritanopia

15.3136, -1.4312, -1.0012

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715

Protanomaly

15.3599, -1.5623, 1.3397

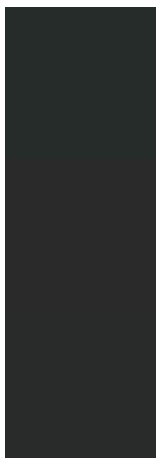
Deuteranomaly

15.3099, -0.4396, 0.5753

Tritanomaly

15.2620, -1.7164, -0.2702

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.3168, -1.6685, 0.9297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 44, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(37, 44, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 44, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 44, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 44, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 44, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 44, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 44, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 44, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 44, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.3683, -2.7177, 0.9715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 44, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 44,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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