

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4566, 14.8542,
9.8613)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.4566, 14.8542,
9.8613) contains.

HunterLab(15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	22
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

**HunterLab(15.4943, 15.0022,
9.8102)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	501900
RGB	80, 25, 0
RGB Percent	31%, 10%, 0%
CMY	0.6863, 0.9019, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 1.00, 0.69
HSL	19°, 100%, 16%
HSV	19°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	3.6559, 2.4007, 0.2707
YIQ	38.5950, 40.8050, 3.8850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

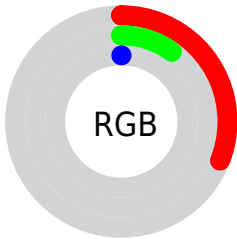
Format	Color
R _Y B	80, 36, 0
Decimal	5249280
CIE Lab	17.46, 24.54, 26.24
CIE LCh	17, 35.925, 46.917
Yxy	2.4009, 0.5778, 0.3794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283439360 (0xFF501900)
YUV	38.5950, -19.0273, 36.3122
Hunter-Lab	15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102

Details

The HunterLab color **15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **18.1967, -4.2407, -13.5898**, and the grayscale version is **14.1639, -0.7557, 0.7696**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2731, 17.1780, 14.4724**, and **4.8498, 8.3506, 2.7835** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4947, 15.0008, 9.8104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3622, 13.1398, 9.4799**.

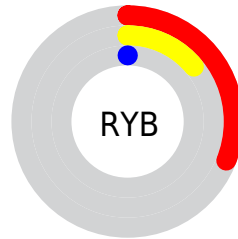
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (10%)

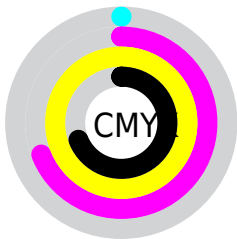
Blue (0%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (0%)

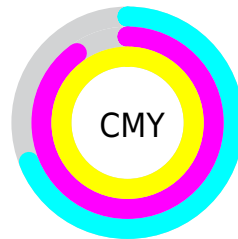


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.4943, 15.0022,
9.8102

15.4943, 15.0022,
9.8102

109.8057, 21.1120,
29.0915

9.0903, 13.7308,
6.3632

31.2902, 17.1568,
14.5085

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

40.4675, 18.0218,
16.8499

0.0000, NaN, NaN

50.3996, 18.7670,
19.0639

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

61.0329, 19.4067,
21.1836

0.0000, NaN, NaN


72.3238, 19.9524,
23.2316


0.0000, NaN, NaN


84.2361, 20.4136,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


25.2246


 96.7390, 20.7980,
27.1748


 15.4943, 15.0022,
9.8102

 15.4943, 15.0022,
9.8102


 15.4947, 15.0008,
9.8104

 16.3622, 13.1398,
9.4799

 17.3343, 11.1918,
9.2006

 18.4181, 9.2825,
8.7298

 19.6034, 7.4480,
8.0770

 20.8798, 5.7069,
7.2656

■ 22.2376, 4.0674,
6.3184

■ 23.6680, 2.5305,
5.2560

■ 25.1633, 1.0926,
4.0960

■ 26.7169, -0.2522,
2.8529

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4947, 22.7978, 5.3549



15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102



15.4947, 3.8739, 10.8463

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4947, 15.0008, 9.8104



15.4947, -15.6937, 4.5048



15.4947, 5.3123, -29.7964

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102



18.1967, -4.2407, -13.5898

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4947, -5.0277, -30.6260



15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102



15.4947, -15.4975, -5.6383

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4947, 15.0008, 9.8104



15.4947, -12.7221, 9.3557



15.4947, -12.0911, -19.9503



15.4947, 16.2861, -18.1169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102



15.4947, -3.1230, 10.8463



15.4947, -12.0911, -19.9503



15.4947, 1.6097, -31.5331

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4947, 15.0008, 9.8104



31.0552, 3.5574, 7.1027



14.1102, 26.1876, -6.5678



15.5777, 2.0596, 3.7963



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4947, 15.0008, 9.8104



20.1145, 20.7772, 12.7582



23.1781, -0.9647, 14.2653



14.0892, -0.2170, 1.4091



46.7624, 54.2344, 29.7642

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.1967, -4.2407, -13.5898



23.7257, -5.1369, -18.5660



9.7456, 12.8598, -39.9416



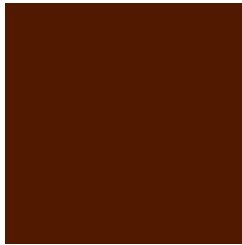
14.2569, -1.2543, 0.1148



55.5030, -10.1010, -47.5688

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

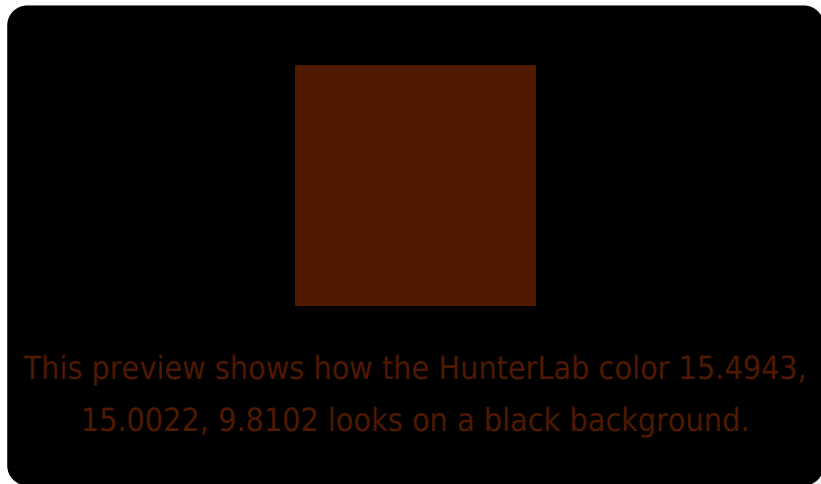
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

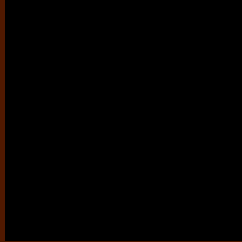
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4943, 15.0022,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102

Protanopia

16.0456, -2.4589, 8.8892

Deuteranopia

15.8009, 0.1257, 9.7386



Tritanopia

15.4409, 16.6706, 6.4883

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102

Protanomaly

15.4644, 3.5305, 8.9303

Deuteranomaly

15.4453, 5.4555, 9.6128

Tritanomaly

15.4701, 15.8632, 8.0782

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102

Achromatopsia

14.2438, -0.7600, 0.7739

Achromatomaly

14.1369, 3.9078, 4.9223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 25, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 25, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 25, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 25, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 25, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 25, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 25, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 25, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 25, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 25, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4943, 15.0022, 9.8102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 25, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 25,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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