

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4606, 29.7014,  
-15.0065)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.4606, 29.7014,  
-15.0065) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.4248, 29.6206,  
-14.8792)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	54004A
RGB	84, 0, 74
RGB Percent	33%, 0%, 29%
CMY	0.6706, 1.0000, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.12, 0.67
HSL	307°, 100%, 16%
HSV	307°, 100%, 33%
XYZ	4.8922, 2.3792, 6.6800
YIQ	33.5520, 26.3100, 40.8220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

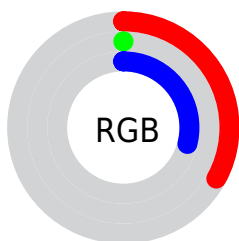
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">84, 0, 74</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5505098</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">17.36, 42.18, -21.36</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">17, 47.280, 333.147</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.3794, 0.3507, 0.1705</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283695178</a> (0xFF54004A)
YUV	<a href="#">33.5520, 19.9409, 44.2429</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **25.2244, -21.3193, 14.4946**, and the grayscale version is **12.4403, -0.6638, 0.6759**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2643, 33.2393, -15.6899**, and **6.9789, 13.2947, -5.9020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.4248, 29.6207, -14.8789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0477, 27.7258, -14.2198**.

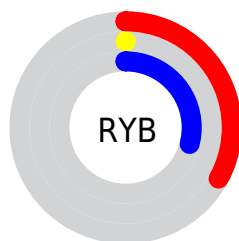
# Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (0%)

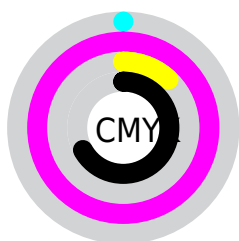
Blue (29%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (29%)

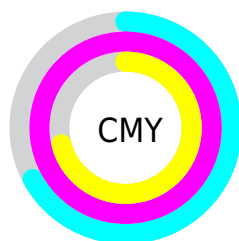


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (100%)











Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792	 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792
 109.6720, 42.0291, -17.5700	 9.0291, 28.0540, -14.6100
 31.2022, 33.1247, -15.8359	0.0000, INF, -NF
 40.3717, 34.7330, -16.2695	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 50.2965, 36.2193, -16.6417	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 60.9229, 37.5875, -16.9492	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 72.2075, 38.8448, -17.1931	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 84.1138, 39.9991,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-17.3758


 96.6108, 41.0583,  
-17.5004

 15.4248, 29.6206,  
-14.8792

 15.4248, 29.6206,  
-14.8792


 15.4248, 29.6207,  
-14.8789

 16.0477, 27.7258,  
-14.2198

 16.7378, 25.7183,  
-13.4566

 17.6769, 23.0672,  
-12.2538

 18.8587, 19.9279,  
-10.6912

 20.2624, 16.4781,  
-8.8711

■ 21.8633, 12.8662,  
-6.8845

■ 23.6366, 9.1988,  
-4.8015

■ 25.5594, 5.5444,  
-2.6712

■ 27.6117, 1.9417,  
-0.5248

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4252, 15.9790, -37.1112



15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792



15.4252, 34.3350, 2.1278

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4252, 29.6196, -14.8785



15.4252, -2.2156, 10.7976



15.4252, -17.0321, -19.5241

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792



25.2244, -21.3193, 14.4946

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4252, -19.1871, -0.5702



15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792



15.4252, -12.5524, 10.7976

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4252, 29.6196, -14.8785



15.4252, 12.6523, 10.7976



15.4252, -17.7670, 8.4915



15.4252, -10.8372, -41.0568



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792



15.4252, 30.8075, 7.7470



15.4252, -17.7670, 8.4915



15.4252, -18.1320, -12.2668

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4252, 29.6196, -14.8785



30.9858, 12.6646, -6.6375



8.3873, 21.9920, -53.7389



15.3723, 7.0418, -3.7210



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4252, 29.6196, -14.8785



20.3669, 39.0795, -19.4008



14.1079, 24.9054, 3.3254



13.8868, 0.7343, -0.1213



19.3664, 37.1647, -18.4861



46.4156, 88.9243, -43.1542



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4252, 29.6196, -14.8785



20.3669, 39.0795, -19.4008



25.6650, -18.5834, 8.0379



13.8868, 0.7343, -0.1213



19.3664, 37.1647, -18.4861

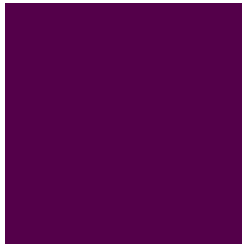


46.4156, 88.9243, -43.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

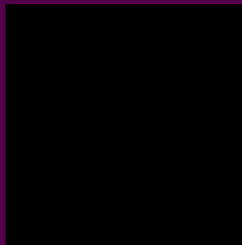
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792

### Protanopia

16.4964, 4.1309, -29.5365

### Deuteranopia

16.8998, 0.5664, -9.3293



## Tritanopia

16.3803, 14.8686, 5.6616

# Trichromacy



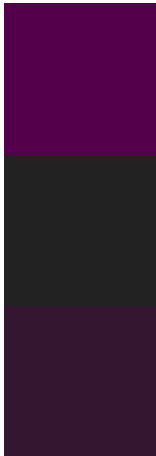
**Original Color**  
15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792

**Protanomaly**  
13.6917, 12.0989, -31.3317

**Deuteranomaly**  
14.7233, 12.0956, -14.7215

**Tritanomaly**  
15.4505, 20.5917, -0.4390

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792

**Achromatopsia**  
12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

**Achromatomaly**  
12.3517, 11.0083, -6.1442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 0, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 0, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 0, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 0, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 0, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 0, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 0, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 0, 74); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 0, 74); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 0, 74) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4248, 29.6206, -14.8792 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 0, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 0,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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