

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.4669, 2.8429,
5.9316)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.4669, 2.8429, 5.9316)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.4773, 2.8926,
5.8440)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	39271A
RGB	57, 39, 26
RGB Percent	22%, 15%, 10%
CMY	0.7765, 0.8471, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.54, 0.78
HSL	25°, 37%, 16%
HSV	25°, 54%, 22%
XYZ	2.5993, 2.3955, 1.3026
YIQ	42.9000, 14.9010, -0.2270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

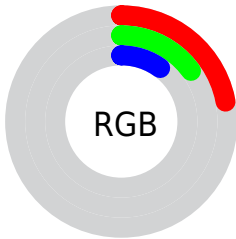
Format	Color
RYB	57, 48, 26
Decimal	3745562
CIELab	17.44, 6.51, 11.91
CIELCh	17, 13.573, 61.359
Yxy	2.3956, 0.4128, 0.3804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281935642 (0xFF39271A)
YUV	42.9000, -8.3317, 12.3657
Hunter-Lab	15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440

Details

The HunterLab color **15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.2193, -2.4126, -5.7440**, and the grayscale version is **15.5332, -0.8288, 0.8440**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2627, 2.7878, 8.6350**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7127, 3.8302, 6.4091**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2806, 2.0218, 5.1685**.

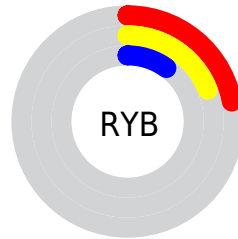
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (15%)

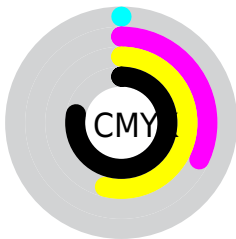
Blue (10%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (10%)

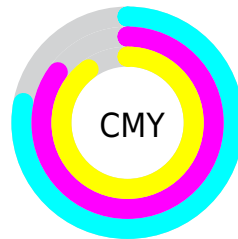


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (54%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4773, 2.8926,
5.8440

■ 15.4773, 2.8926,
5.8440

109.7729, 1.0523,
17.2206

■ 9.0753, 2.7176,
5.9347

■ 31.2686, 2.9530,
8.5626

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.4440, 2.8548,
9.8364

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.3743, 2.6878,
11.0836

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.0059, 2.4605,
12.3159

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.2953, 2.1789,
13.5411

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.2061, 1.8478,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

14.7646

■ 96.7075, 1.4713,
15.9902

■ 15.4773, 2.8926,
5.8440

■ 15.4773, 2.8926,
5.8440

■ 14.7127, 3.8302,
6.4091

■ 16.2806, 2.0218,
5.1685

■ 13.9892, 4.8361,
6.8520

■ 17.1185, 1.2185,
4.3929

■ 13.3105, 5.9048,
7.1668

■ 17.9882, 0.4791,
3.5278

■ 12.6698, 6.9779,
7.4992

■ 18.8873, -0.2000,
2.5825

■ 12.3258, 7.5678,
7.7276

■ 19.8134, -0.8228,
1.5656

■ 20.7643, -1.3935,
0.4845

■ 21.7382, -1.9161,
-0.6545

■ 22.7334, -2.3944,
-1.8456

■ 23.7485, -2.8322,
-3.0839

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4777, 6.0308, 4.0832



15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440



15.4777, -1.0022, 6.3671

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4777, 2.8919, 5.8442



15.4777, -7.5664, 0.6743



15.4777, 3.2259, -6.4758

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440



15.2193, -2.4126, -5.7440

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4777, -0.6504, -8.0026



15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440



15.4777, -6.6655, -3.2979

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4777, 2.8919, 5.8442



15.4777, -6.8138, 3.8576



15.4777, -4.2243, -6.7183



15.4777, 6.2365, -2.9360

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440



15.4777, -3.4368, 6.0789



15.4777, -4.2243, -6.7183



15.4777, 1.9687, -7.2756

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4777, 2.8919, 5.8442



24.1388, -0.0570, 3.6375



13.3833, 10.0954, -2.1694



12.8898, -0.0045, 1.9854



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4777, 2.8919, 5.8442



18.6687, 5.4223, 8.5166



19.0308, -3.1728, 8.6264



10.3751, -0.3121, 1.0523



19.1925, 13.8729, 12.0692



47.7040, 40.4802, 30.1037

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.2193, -2.4126, -5.7440



18.2501, -2.9203, -9.8241



11.7195, 3.7652, -12.2957



10.3536, -0.7712, 0.0571



18.2831, -0.6580, -21.4320



45.1586, 1.8339, -60.4032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

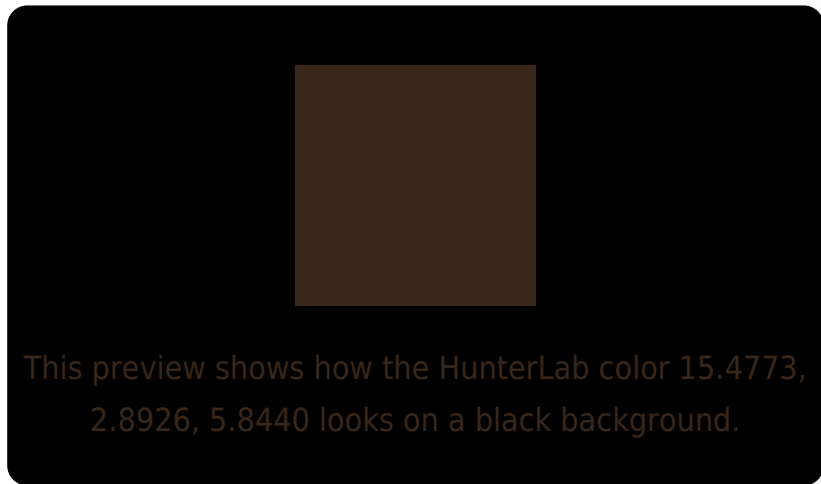
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

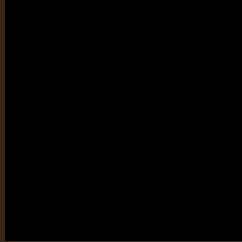
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440.

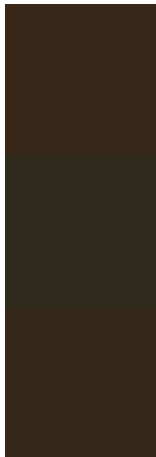


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4773, 2.8926,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440

Protanopia

15.5433, -1.4102, 5.3623

Deuteranopia

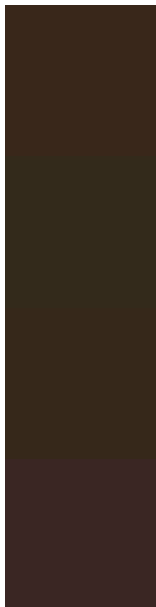
15.4613, 0.5994, 5.7901



Tritanopia

15.4139, 5.3294, 1.8694

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440

Protanomaly

15.6169, -0.0001, 5.6864

Deuteranomaly

15.4157, 1.5832, 5.7681

Tritanomaly

15.5149, 4.3891, 3.5605

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.5495, 0.1188, 2.9099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 39, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 39, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 39, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 39, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 39, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 39, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 39, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 39, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 39, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 39, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4773, 2.8926, 5.8440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 39, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 39,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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