

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.5405, 11.8297,  
10.8783)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.5405, 11.8297,  
10.8783) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.5410, 12.0828,  
9.7878)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4C1D00
RGB	76, 29, 0
RGB Percent	30%, 11%, 0%
CMY	0.7020, 0.8863, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 1.00, 0.70
HSL	23°, 100%, 15%
HSV	23°, 100%, 30%
XYZ	3.4199, 2.4152, 0.2859
YIQ	39.7470, 37.3210, 0.9450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

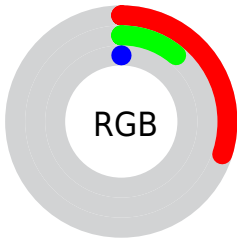
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	76, 47, 0
Decimal	4988160
CIELab	17.53, 20.54, 26.14
CIELCh	18, 33.239, 51.843
Yxy	2.4154, 0.5587, 0.3946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283178240 (0xFF4C1D00)
YUV	39.7470, -19.5953, 31.7939
Hunter-Lab	15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **15.9832, -2.0507, -15.5507**, and the grayscale version is **14.5382, -0.7757, 0.7899**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.2569, 13.9158, 14.4027**, and **4.1300, 7.0728, 2.6687** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5414, 12.0817, 9.7880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3715, 10.4446, 9.4805**.

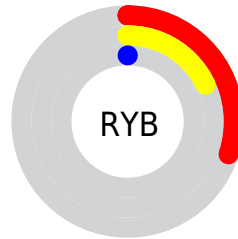
# Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (11%)

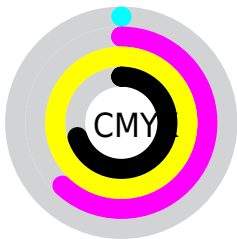
Blue (0%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (0%)

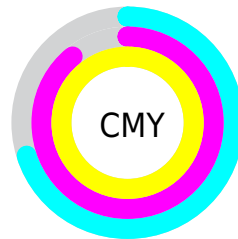


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.5410, 12.0828,  
9.7878

■ 15.5410, 12.0828,  
9.7878

■ 109.8953, 16.5452,  
29.0256

■ 9.1311, 10.9879,  
6.3918

■ 31.3492, 13.8277,  
14.4902

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.5318, 14.4946,  
16.8226

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.4688, 15.0495,  
19.0288

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.1066, 15.5063,  
21.1412

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.4018, 15.8762,  
23.1827


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 84.3182, 16.1680,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


25.1697


 96.8249, 16.3891,  
27.1142


 15.5410, 12.0828,  
9.7878


 15.5410, 12.0828,  
9.7878


 15.5414, 12.0817,  
9.7880

 16.3715, 10.4446,  
9.4805

 17.2732, 8.7738,  
9.2202

 18.2558, 7.1703,  
8.7759

 19.3132, 5.6558,  
8.1461

 20.4388, 4.2384,  
7.3489

■ 21.6259, 2.9200,  
6.4031

■ 22.8689, 1.6986,  
5.3263

■ 24.1625, 0.5697,  
4.1345

■ 25.5020, -0.4725,  
2.8419

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5414, 19.9163, 6.0054



15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878



15.5414, 1.8363, 10.8790

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5414, 12.0815, 9.7880



15.5414, -15.0492, 3.1065



15.5414, 6.5338, -25.3135

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878



15.9832, -2.0507, -15.5507

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5414, -3.3280, -27.8823



15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878



15.5414, -14.3676, -7.0680

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5414, 12.0815, 9.7880



15.5414, -12.7036, 8.2942



15.5414, -10.5479, -19.8398



15.5414, 16.2167, -14.0928



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878



15.5414, -4.3900, 10.8790



15.5414, -10.5479, -19.8398



15.5414, 3.0822, -27.4085

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5414, 12.0815, 9.7880



30.0006, 2.4208, 7.2028



13.2326, 24.2818, -4.0150



15.1838, 1.4273, 3.8654



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5414, 12.0815, 9.7880



20.1524, 16.8726, 12.7132



23.2751, -2.9926, 14.2896



13.3775, -0.3151, 1.3869



20.6661, 17.4077, 13.0391



48.6324, 46.7639, 30.7858



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9832, -2.0507, -15.5507



20.7375, -2.1255, -21.3318



8.6127, 14.2433, -41.5122



13.4128, -1.0781, 0.0464



21.2666, -2.1323, -21.9784

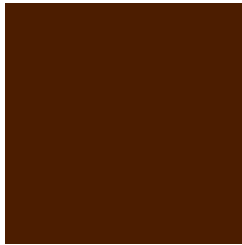


50.0072, -2.2953, -57.5498



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

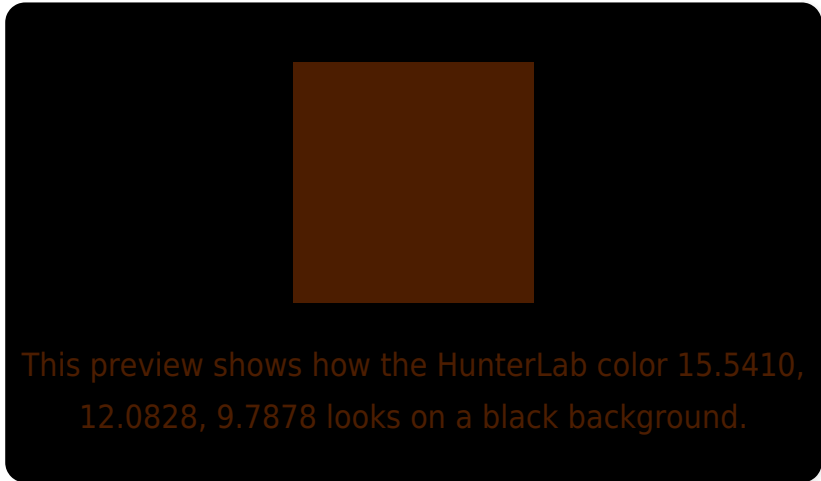
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

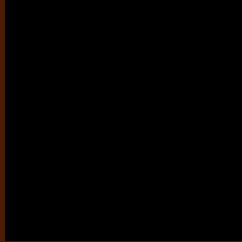
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5410, 12.0828,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878

### Protanopia

16.0387, -2.4970, 8.9901

### Deuteranopia

15.8009, 0.1257, 9.7386



## Tritanopia

15.6536, 14.5043, 5.4969

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878

## Protanomaly

15.4655, 2.4427, 9.0221

## Deuteranomaly

15.4269, 4.3764, 9.5826

## Tritanomaly

15.6587, 13.4640, 7.7177

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878

## Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

## Achromatomaly

14.4528, 2.7996, 5.1818

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 29, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 29, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 29, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 29, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 29, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 29, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 29, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 29, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 29, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 29, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.5410, 12.0828, 9.7878 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 29, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 29,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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