

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.5492, -1.2936,
1.3429)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.5492, -1.2936, 1.3429)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.4504, -1.1982,
1.0937)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A2B2A
RGB	42, 43, 42
RGB Percent	16%, 17%, 16%
CMY	0.8353, 0.8314, 0.8353
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.02, 0.83
HSL	120°, 1%, 17%
HSV	120°, 2%, 17%
XYZ	2.2366, 2.3871, 2.5333
YIQ	42.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

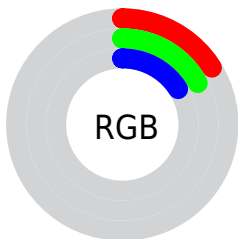
Format	Color
RYB	42, 43, 43
Decimal	2763562
CIELab	17.40, -0.69, 0.49
CIELCh	17, 0.844, 144.440
Yxy	2.3873, 0.3125, 0.3335
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280953642 (0xFF2A2B2A)
YUV	42.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937

Details

The HunterLab color **15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.3101, -0.4393, 0.5750**, and the grayscale version is **15.4090, -0.8222, 0.8372**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.1349, -2.0824, 1.9780**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0740, -2.7284, 2.1276**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8597, 0.4197, 0.0007**.

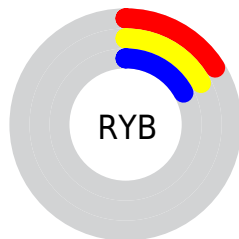
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (17%)

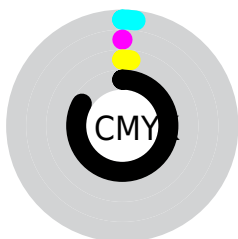
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (17%)

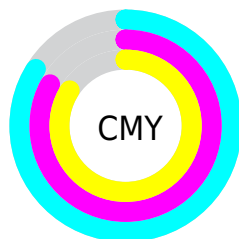


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (83%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (83%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.4504, -1.1982,
1.0937

■ 15.4504, -1.1982,
1.0937

■ 109.7211, -6.5804,
6.4616

■ 9.0516, -0.8140,
0.7175

■ 31.2345, -2.1411,
2.0210

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.4069, -2.6737,
2.5493

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.3344, -3.2433,
3.1165

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 60.9633, -3.8477,
3.7201

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.2502, -4.4852,
4.3580

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.1587, -5.1540,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.0286

96.6579, -5.8528,
5.7302

15.4504, -1.1982,
1.0937

15.4504, -1.1982,
1.0937

15.0740, -2.7284,
2.1276

15.8597, 0.4197,
0.0007

14.7306, -4.1582,
3.0939

16.2996, 2.1150,
-1.1444

14.4213, -5.4764,
3.9849

16.7693, 3.8765,
-2.3341

14.1469, -6.6723,
4.7932

17.2672, 5.6944,
-3.5616

13.9075, -7.7362,
5.5124

17.7920, 7.5597,
-4.8209

■ 13.7033, -8.6605,
6.1373

■ 18.3423, 9.4644,
-6.1065

■ 13.5337, -9.4402,
6.6644

■ 18.9168, 11.4016,
-7.4138

■ 13.3924, -10.0983,
7.1095

■ 19.5141, 13.3652,
-8.7388

■ 13.2529, -10.7560,
7.5542

■ 20.1329, 15.3503,
-10.0779

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.4507, -1.0156, 1.2350



15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937



15.4507, -1.2815, 0.8835

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.4507, -1.1986, 1.0939



15.4507, -0.8699, 0.3981



15.4507, -0.4032, 1.0214

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937



15.3101, -0.4393, 0.5750

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.4507, -0.3636, 0.7985



15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937



15.4507, -0.6340, 0.4363

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.4507, -1.1986, 1.0939



15.4507, -1.0925, 0.4799



15.4507, -0.4483, 0.5838



15.4507, -0.5562, 1.1936

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937



15.4507, -1.2692, 0.7312



15.4507, -0.4483, 0.5838



15.4507, -0.3762, 0.9500

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.4507, -1.1986, 1.0939



19.8661, -1.2793, 1.2285



15.5158, -0.9510, 1.1736



10.7669, -0.6735, 0.6524



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.4507, -1.1986, 1.0939



19.7590, -1.7084, 1.5184



15.4620, -1.1366, 0.9330



8.4141, -0.7241, 0.6443



25.2271, -21.6313, 15.1661



68.4926, -58.7316, 41.1766

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.3101, -0.4393, 0.5750



19.5127, -0.3788, 0.6097



15.2985, -0.5022, 0.7394



8.3105, -0.1649, 0.2621



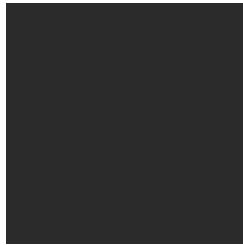
15.9172, 31.2948, -21.0014



43.2157, 84.9665, -57.0214

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

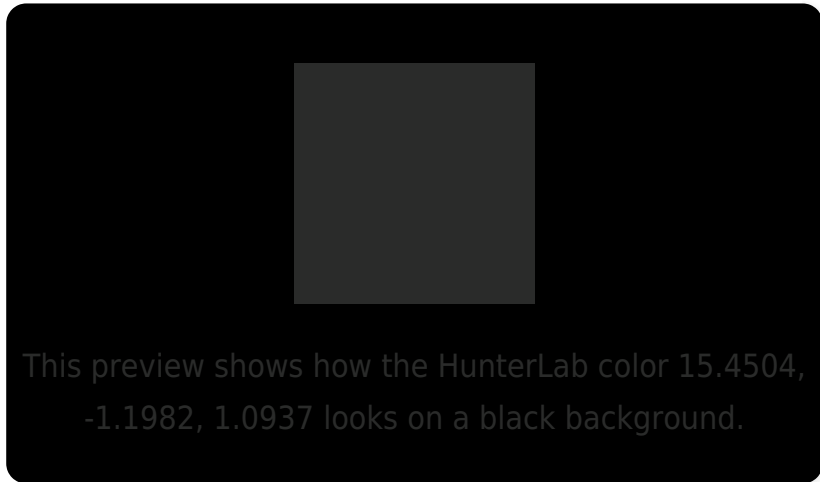
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

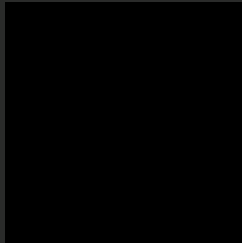
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937.

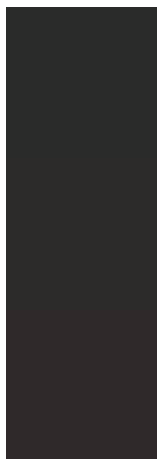


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.4504, -1.1982,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937

Protanopia

15.5897, -0.7126, 1.2631

Deuteranopia

15.3538, 0.8369, 1.0168



Tritanopia

15.3843, -0.0348, -0.4823

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937

Protanomaly

15.5194, -0.9573, 1.1777

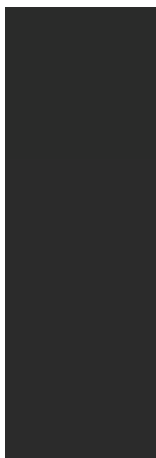
Deuteranomaly

15.4304, -0.0720, 1.0902

Tritanomaly

15.3590, -0.1726, -0.1225

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 43, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 43, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 43, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 43, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 43, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 43, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 43, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 43, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 43, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 43, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.4504, -1.1982, 1.0937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 43, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 43,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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