

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.5813, 16.9708,  
2.1854)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.5813, 16.9708,  
2.1854) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(15.5762, 16.8794,  
2.2521)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4E1828
RGB	78, 24, 40
RGB Percent	31%, 9%, 16%
CMY	0.6941, 0.9059, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.69, 0.49, 0.69
HSL	342°, 53%, 20%
HSV	342°, 69%, 31%
XYZ	3.8515, 2.4262, 2.2728
YIQ	41.9700, 27.0480, 16.4240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

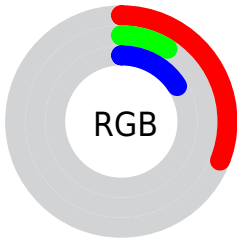
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	78, 24, 40
Decimal	5117992
CIE Lab	17.58, 26.99, 2.83
CIE LCh	18, 27.138, 5.990
Yxy	2.4263, 0.4504, 0.2838
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283308072 (0xFF4E1828)
YUV	41.9700, -0.9712, 31.5983
Hunter-Lab	15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521

# Details

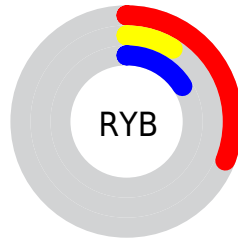
The HunterLab color **15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **24.4762, -13.8755, 3.7984**, and the grayscale version is **15.2039, -0.8112, 0.8261**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4773, 19.1952, 3.5441**, and **5.2746, 9.0744, 3.0862** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5424, 19.0627, 2.9658**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.8387, 14.3789, 1.7112**.

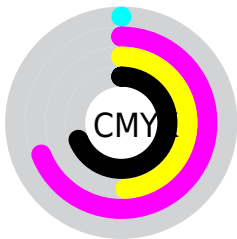
# Distribution



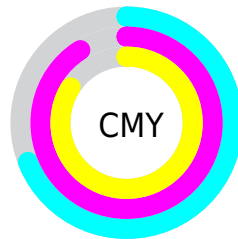
- Red (31%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (69%)












- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521	 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521
109.9628, 23.9457, 8.7788	 9.1617, 15.5009, 1.7801
 31.3936, 19.2630, 3.5162	0.0000, INF, NaN
 40.5802, 20.2421, 4.1873	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 50.5208, 21.0983, 4.8858	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 61.1621, 21.8453, 5.6117	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 72.4606, 22.4948, 6.3645	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 84.3800, 23.0562,	0.0000, NaN, NaN


7.1437


 96.8897, 23.5377,  
7.9486


 15.5762, 16.8794,  
2.2521


 15.5762, 16.8794,  
2.2521


 14.5424, 19.0627,  
2.9658


 16.8387, 14.3789,  
1.7112

 13.7511, 20.7857,  
3.8193


 18.3017, 11.7098,  
1.3441

 13.0262, 22.5408,  
4.6030

 19.9380, 8.9760,  
1.1379

 12.9692, 22.6904,  
4.6570

 21.7227, 6.2437,  
1.0726

 23.6341, 3.5494,  
1.1271

■ 25.6542, 0.9098,  
1.2821

■ 27.7683, -1.6702,  
1.5208

■ 29.9643, -4.1922,  
1.8293

■ 32.2326, -6.6611,  
2.1963

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5766, 15.2037, -6.0723



15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521



15.5766, 13.1111, 7.0784

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5766, 16.8782, 2.2525



15.5766, -8.6396, 8.6799



15.5766, -6.4303, -18.3874

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521



24.4762, -13.8755, 3.7984

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5766, -11.1264, -9.9598



15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521



15.5766, -12.2171, 5.5736

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5766, 16.8782, 2.2525



15.5766, -2.3530, 10.0190



15.5766, -13.0295, -0.7011



15.5766, 0.7498, -20.7879



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521



15.5766, 8.3841, 8.8231



15.5766, -13.0295, -0.7011



15.5766, -8.3044, -16.0165

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5766, 16.8782, 2.2525



30.5521, 5.5900, 1.4565



14.9036, 17.9460, -19.1763



15.0779, 3.0297, 0.7204



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5766, 16.8782, 2.2525



18.4567, 26.7995, 4.6778



16.9592, 11.3913, 7.6279



13.0768, 0.3830, 0.6565



17.0869, 29.8170, 6.7380



41.4218, 71.9433, 18.9575



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5766, 16.8782, 2.2525



18.4567, 26.7995, 4.6778



21.8689, -7.4906, -6.1968



13.0768, 0.3830, 0.6565



17.0869, 29.8170, 6.7380

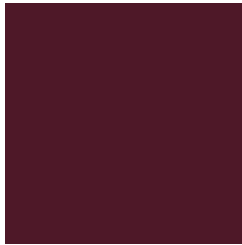


41.4218, 71.9433, 18.9575



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

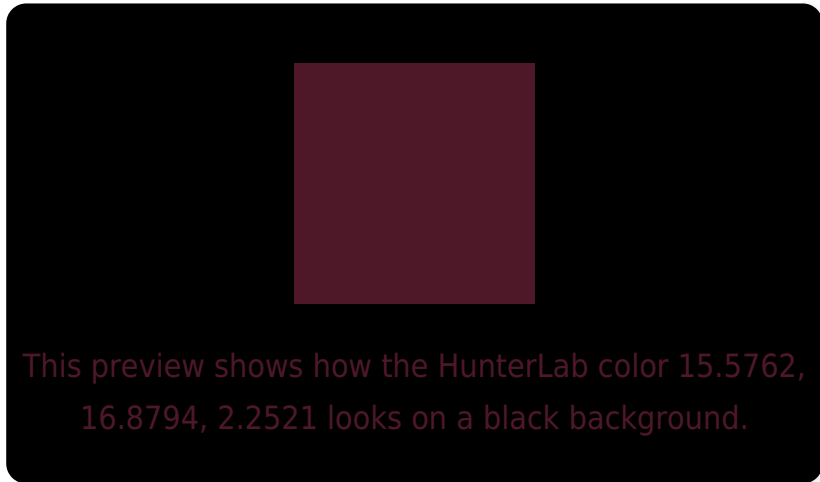
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

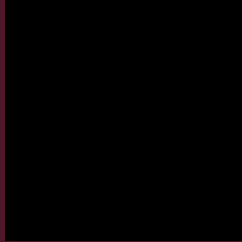
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5762, 16.8794,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521

### Protanopia

15.9812, -0.1051, -1.7739

### Deuteranopia

16.0160, 0.5373, 3.3991



## Tritanopia

15.6381, 14.4343, 5.7235

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521

## Protanomaly

15.3920, 5.5999, -0.7768

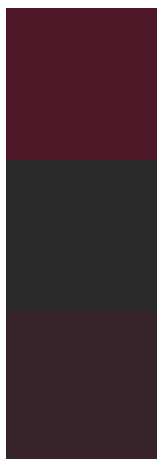
## Deuteranomaly

15.4719, 6.4416, 2.6195

## Tritanomaly

15.5591, 15.1124, 4.6448

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521

## Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

## Achromatomaly

14.7458, 5.3876, 0.7457

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 24, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 24, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 24, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 24, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 24, 40) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 24, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 24, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 24, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 24, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 24, 40)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.5762, 16.8794, 2.2521 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 24, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 24,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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