

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.5833, -4.2993,
0.8992)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.5833, -4.2993, 0.8992)
contains.

HunterLab(15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.6060, -4.3352,
0.8575)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	202E2B
RGB	32, 46, 43
RGB Percent	13%, 18%, 17%
CMY	0.8745, 0.8196, 0.8314
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.07, 0.82
HSL	167°, 18%, 15%
HSV	167°, 30%, 18%
XYZ	2.0087, 2.4355, 2.6497
YIQ	41.4720, -7.3810, -3.9010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

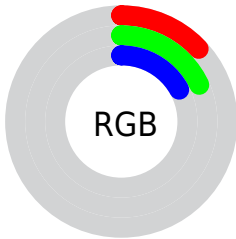
Format	Color
R_YB	32, 40, 46
Decimal	2108971
CIE Lab	17.62, -6.69, 0.02
CIE LCh	18, 6.694, 179.865
Yxy	2.4356, 0.2832, 0.3433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280299051 (0xFF202E2B)
YUV	41.4720, 0.7533, -8.3069
Hunter-Lab	15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575

Details

The HunterLab color **15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13.1730, 3.3256, 1.0180**, and the grayscale version is **15.0439, -0.8027, 0.8174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4569, -6.4249, 1.8697**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3618, -5.2952, 0.9136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8801, -3.2849, 0.8361**.

Distribution



Red (13%)

Green (18%)

Blue (17%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (18%)

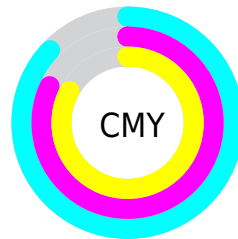


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (87%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.6060, -4.3352,
0.8575

■ 15.6060, -4.3352,
0.8575

110.0198,
-12.8229, 6.0045

■ 9.1875, -3.6656,
0.5072

■ 31.4311, -6.1790,
1.7213

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.6211, -7.0940,
2.2224

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.5648, -8.0157,
2.7646

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.2089, -8.9481,
3.3447

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.5101, -9.8937,
3.9607

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.4322, -10.8540,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.6103

■ 96.9443, -11.8302,
5.2921

■ 15.6060, -4.3352,
0.8575

■ 15.6060, -4.3352,
0.8575

■ 15.3618, -5.2952,
0.9136

■ 15.8801, -3.2849,
0.8361

■ 15.1465, -6.1591,
1.0035

■ 16.1829, -2.1496,
0.8488

■ 14.9603, -6.9231,
1.1263

■ 16.5143, -0.9364,
0.8953

■ 14.8024, -7.5852,
1.2805

■ 16.8736, 0.3478,
0.9747

■ 14.6715, -8.1473,
1.4635

■ 17.2602, 1.6957,
1.0858

■ 14.5484, -8.6830,
1.6513

■ 17.6731, 3.1004,
1.2274

■ 14.4302, -9.2013,
1.8264

■ 18.1115, 4.5550,
1.3977

■ 18.5743, 6.0532,
1.5953

■ 19.0606, 7.5891,
1.8184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.6063, -3.8814, 2.5020



15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575



15.6063, -3.8894, -0.9902

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.6063, -4.3354, 0.8577



15.6063, 1.0357, -2.4902



15.6063, 1.0513, 3.5764

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575



13.1730, 3.3256, 1.0180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.6063, 2.4771, 2.4893



15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575



15.6063, 2.4678, -1.0061

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.6063, -4.3354, 0.8577



15.6063, -0.8422, -3.0589



15.6063, 3.0072, 0.8413



15.6063, -0.8249, 3.9520

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575



15.6063, -3.1287, -2.0611



15.6063, 3.0072, 0.8413



15.6063, 1.6024, 3.2891

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.6063, -4.3354, 0.8577



20.3953, -2.5621, 1.0715



15.5444, -5.0165, 4.2782



11.3514, -1.4572, 0.5960



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.6063, -4.3354, 0.8577



19.3669, -6.4908, 1.1362



14.7061, -2.4552, -1.4024



9.0896, -1.0472, 0.4790



26.8080, -17.4109, 4.0775



71.4370, -47.0748, 12.3309

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1730, 3.3256, 1.0180



15.5031, 5.7272, 1.4185



13.9461, 1.4152, 2.8086



8.7178, 0.1168, 0.5001



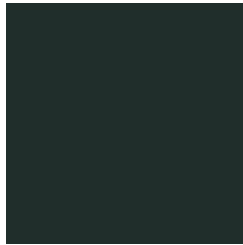
14.3437, 24.8820, 6.8040



38.1088, 65.7782, 20.6270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

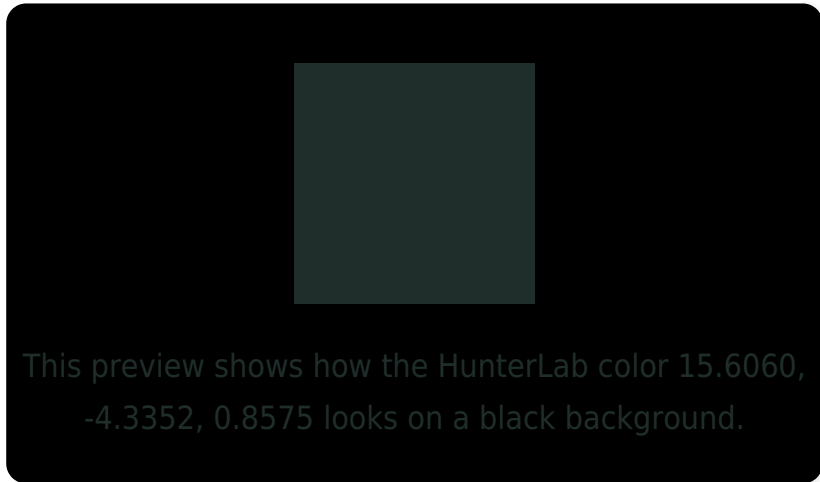
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

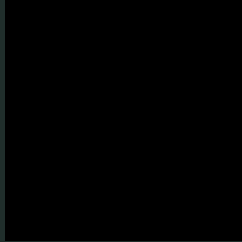
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575.



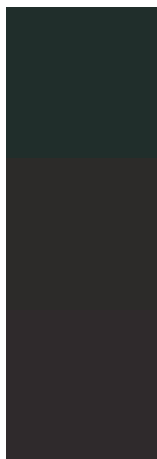
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.6060, -4.3352,

0.8575.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575

Protanopia

15.5670, -0.8369, 1.5877

Deuteranopia

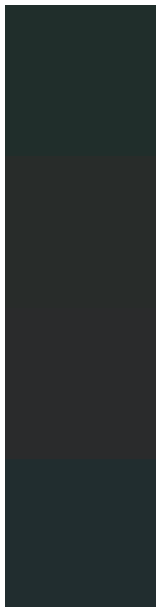
15.6273, 0.6927, 0.6009



Tritanopia

15.5623, -2.9180, -1.5320

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575

Protanomaly

15.5552, -2.0487, 1.2000

Deuteranomaly

15.4979, -0.9376, 0.4172

Tritanomaly

15.5092, -3.2169, -0.7807

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

15.1888, -2.1228, 0.7714

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 46, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 46, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 46, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 46, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 46, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 46, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(32, 46, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 46, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 46, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 46, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.6060, -4.3352, 0.8575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 46, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 46,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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