

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.6425, 41.4908,
-103.8632)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.6425, 41.4908,
-103.8632) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.6481, 41.4951,
-103.8191)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	140099
RGB	20, 0, 153
RGB Percent	8%, 0%, 60%
CMY	0.9215, 1.0000, 0.4000
CMYK	0.87, 1.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	248°, 100%, 30%
HSV	248°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	6.0383, 2.4486, 30.2914
YIQ	23.4220, -37.1930, 51.8230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

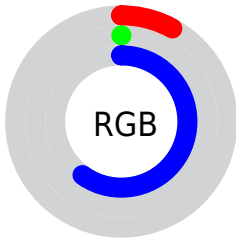
Format	Color
RYB	20, 0, 153
Decimal	1310873
CIELab	17.69, 54.32, -72.48
CIELCh	18, 90.577, 306.846
Yxy	2.4488, 0.1557, 0.0631
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279500953 (0xFF140099)
YUV	23.4220, 63.8820, -3.0011
Hunter-Lab	15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191

Details

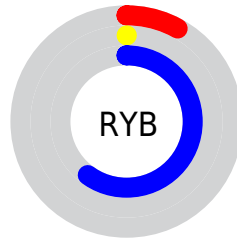
The HunterLab color **15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **52.6953, -20.8718, 32.1052**, and the grayscale version is **9.2068, -0.4913, 0.5002**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4938, 45.4701, -93.3587**, and **9.5922, 26.0188, -68.1565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6486, 41.4955, -103.8153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2587, 37.6671, -92.2378**.

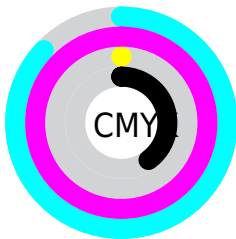
Distribution



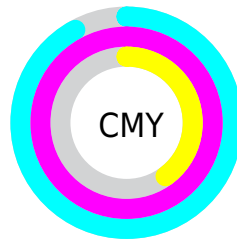
- Red (8%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.6481, 41.4951,
-103.8191

■ 15.6481, 41.4951,
-103.8191

■ 110.1009, 57.2273,
-93.9106

■ 9.2240, 40.1605,
-120.8520

■ 31.4846, 45.4528,
-93.1891

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 40.6793, 47.4365,
-91.6789

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.6274, 49.3293,
-91.1728

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.2756, 51.1164,
-91.2460


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 72.5807, 52.7960,
-91.6674


0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.5064, 54.3710,

-92.3023

 97.0220, 55.8463,
-93.0678


 15.6481, 41.4951,
-103.8191

 15.6481, 41.4951,
-103.8191

 15.6486, 41.4955,
-103.8153

 17.2587, 37.6671,
-92.2378

 19.6323, 32.7787,
-78.3434

 22.8122, 27.2225,
-63.7943

 26.6148, 21.7850,
-50.3555

 30.8879, 16.7587,
-38.5226

■ 35.5217, 12.1771,
-28.2010

■ 40.4399, 7.9816,
-19.1262

■ 45.5893, 4.0957,
-11.0305

■ 50.9319, 0.4501,
-3.6909

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.6486, 5.5385, -156.2477



15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191



15.6486, 76.0617, -31.4587

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.6486, 41.4955, -103.8153



15.6486, 23.8847, 10.9540



15.6486, -27.3851, -5.8949

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191



52.6953, -20.8718, 32.1052

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.6486, -27.3851, 10.9540



15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191



15.6486, -6.3292, 10.9540

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.6486, 41.4955, -103.8153



15.6486, 62.0778, 10.9540



15.6486, -21.2829, 10.9540



15.6486, -26.3418, -62.2626

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191



15.6486, 86.0928, -1.9780



15.6486, -21.2829, 10.9540



15.6486, -27.3851, 3.2354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.6486, 41.4955, -103.8153



53.7188, 11.0016, -26.2755



44.3507, -19.5176, -13.3017



24.0366, 6.1644, -14.4771



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.6486, 41.4955, -103.8153



20.8297, 55.4449, -139.8213



21.6752, 47.7300, -68.2447



24.6235, 0.0844, -1.5097



14.2576, 37.7483, -94.1317



1.9794, 4.8254, -9.8496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.0953, 55.6454, -26.3057



38.9114, 74.3787, -34.8691



48.6844, -36.8947, 29.3532



25.1192, 1.7085, -0.4160



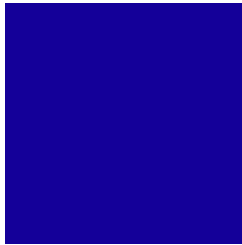
26.4574, 50.6108, -24.0019



3.2868, 6.3697, -3.6195

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

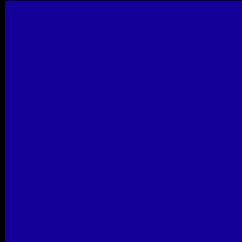
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

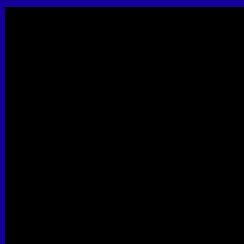
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191

Protanopia

16.4408, 3.8429, -28.8452

Deuteranopia

16.7054, -1.6292, -17.3634



Tritanopia

16.5282, -8.2151, -2.9249

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191

Protanomaly

14.7813, 18.5653, -56.8433

Deuteranomaly

14.4453, 14.6514, -47.9347

Tritanomaly

13.7412, 8.6854, -34.0860

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191

Achromatopsia

9.2564, -0.4939, 0.5029

Achromatomaly

9.7694, 12.2690, -28.9309

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 0, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 0, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 0, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 0, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 0, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 0, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 0, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 0, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 0, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 0, 153)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.6481, 41.4951, -103.8191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 0, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 0,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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