

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.6760, -5.9498,
7.9807)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.6760, -5.9498, 7.9807)
contains.

HunterLab(15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.7379, -6.0468,
8.0265)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	262F0E
RGB	38, 47, 14
RGB Percent	15%, 18%, 5%
CMY	0.8510, 0.8157, 0.9451
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.70, 0.82
HSL	76°, 54%, 12%
HSV	76°, 70%, 18%
XYZ	1.8951, 2.4768, 0.7937
YIQ	40.5470, 5.2290, -12.1710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

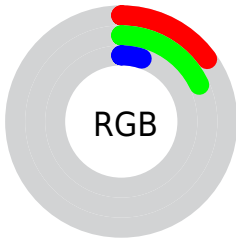
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 47, 23
Decimal	2502414
CIE _{Lab}	17.81, -10.17, 19.36
CIE _{LCh}	18, 21.867, 117.703
Yxy	2.4769, 0.3669, 0.4795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280692494 (0xFF262F0E)
YUV	40.5470, -13.0877, -2.2337
Hunter-Lab	15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265

Details

The HunterLab color **15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **8.3759, 7.1561, -13.7514**, and the grayscale version is **14.7841, -0.7888, 0.8032**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6369, -8.4838, 12.0916**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6258, -6.5499, 8.5004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8619, -5.4880, 7.4247**.

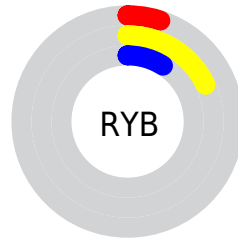
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (18%)

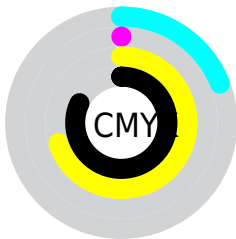
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (9%)

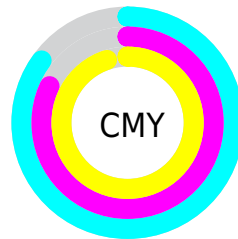


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.7379, -6.0468,
8.0265

■ 15.7379, -6.0468,
8.0265

■ 110.2725,
-16.3789, 23.6680

■ 9.3008, -5.2597,
6.5106

■ 31.5977, -8.4318,
12.0102

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.8025, -9.5747,
13.8230

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7599, -10.7053,
15.5585

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.4168, -11.8317,
17.2395

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.7301, -12.9591,
18.8814

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6635, -14.0912,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

20.4951

■ 97.1865, -15.2305,
22.0886

■ 15.7379, -6.0468,
8.0265

■ 15.7379, -6.0468,
8.0265

■ 15.6258, -6.5499,
8.5004

■ 15.8619, -5.4880,
7.4247

■ 15.5185, -7.0304,
8.9345

■ 15.9973, -4.8706,
6.6890

■ 15.4153, -7.4974,
9.3676

■ 16.1446, -4.1949,
5.8167

■ 16.3040, -3.4610,
4.8062

■ 16.4757, -2.6696,
3.6572

■ 16.6598, -1.8219,
2.3704

■ 16.8562, -0.9192,
0.9475

■ 17.0650, 0.0366,
-0.6092

■ 17.2861, 1.0437,
-2.2964

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7383, -0.3561, 8.6822



15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265



15.7383, -9.7657, 5.8228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7383, -6.0472, 8.0266



15.7383, -6.7610, -12.1952



15.7383, 13.0583, 0.3916

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265



8.3759, 7.1561, -13.7514

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7383, 10.6613, -6.5578



15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265



15.7383, -1.3193, -15.3831

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7383, -6.0472, 8.0266



15.7383, -10.1304, -5.4390



15.7383, 5.1455, -12.9990



15.7383, 11.2761, 5.2988

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265



15.7383, -10.9460, 3.1022



15.7383, 5.1455, -12.9990



15.7383, 12.7075, -1.7778

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7383, -6.0472, 8.0266



21.1319, -3.6377, 5.0060



11.1401, 5.4065, 4.7477



11.2918, -1.9482, 2.6813



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7383, -6.0472, 8.0266



19.9722, -8.9116, 11.3160



14.9401, -9.1772, 7.3964



9.1540, -0.8947, 1.1377



27.9756, -14.2656, 16.9887



74.3234, -39.3706, 45.1085

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3759, 7.1561, -13.7514



8.6231, 12.3640, -25.0202



9.7806, 10.5941, -10.0913



8.6482, -0.0409, -0.2111



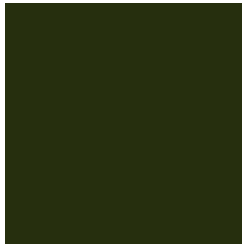
9.3442, 23.3138, -50.6397



24.0368, 61.4040, -141.3674

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

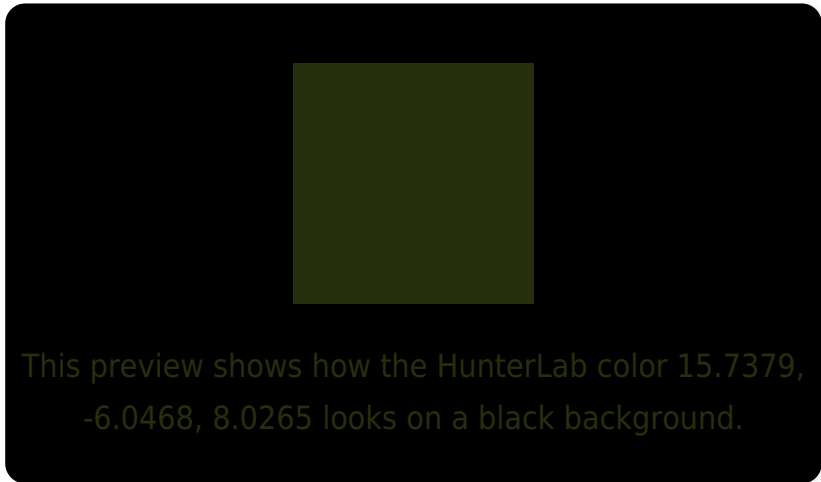
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265.

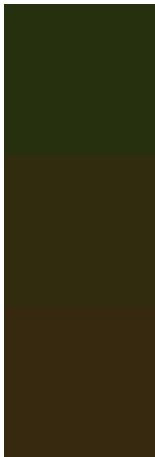


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7379, -6.0468,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265

Protanopia

15.7588, -2.2059, 8.2393

Deuteranopia

15.5163, 0.5457, 7.6975



Tritanopia

15.8077, -0.9172, -0.3623

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265

Protanomaly

15.6962, -3.6640, 8.1695

Deuteranomaly

15.4616, -2.0171, 7.7591

Tritanomaly

15.7148, -3.0090, 3.6314

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

15.0924, -2.9197, 4.1562

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 47, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 47, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 47, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 47, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 47, 14) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 47, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 47, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 47, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 47, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 47, 14)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.7379, -6.0468, 8.0265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 47, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 47,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor