

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.6816, 2.2563,
0.6301)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.6816, 2.2563, 0.6301)
contains.

HunterLab(15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.7211, 2.1542,
0.7383)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33292C
RGB	51, 41, 44
RGB Percent	20%, 16%, 17%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8392, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.14, 0.80
HSL	342°, 11%, 18%
HSV	342°, 20%, 20%
XYZ	2.6128, 2.4715, 2.7222
YIQ	44.3320, 4.9970, 3.0530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

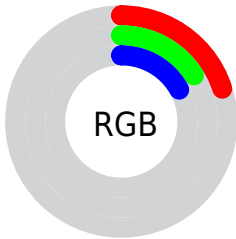
Format	Color
RYB	51, 41, 44
Decimal	3352876
CIELab	17.79, 5.26, -0.22
CIELCh	18, 5.261, 357.567
Yxy	2.4716, 0.3347, 0.3166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281542956 (0xFF33292C)
YUV	44.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478
Hunter-Lab	15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383

Details

The HunterLab color **15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.4715, -3.6862, 1.2115**, and the grayscale version is **15.9790, -0.8526, 0.8682**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.4932, 1.9099, 1.6463**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5456, 3.7949, 0.6894**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9576, 0.5439, 0.8434**.

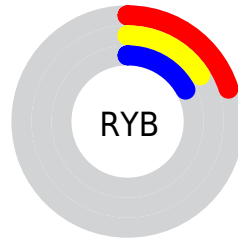
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (16%)

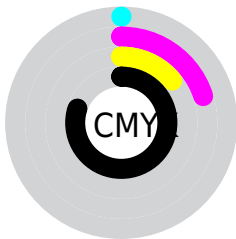
Blue (17%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (17%)

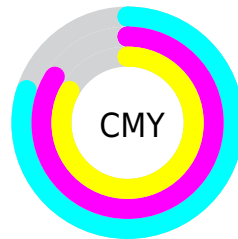


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.7211, 2.1542,
0.7383

■ 15.7211, 2.1542,
0.7383

110.2404, -0.3058,
5.7770

■ 9.2865, 2.0575,
0.4058

■ 31.5765, 2.0404,
1.5712

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.7794, 1.8663,
2.0590

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7350, 1.6288,
2.5888

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.3904, 1.3353,
3.1575

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.7021, 0.9911,
3.7626

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6341, 0.6007,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.4020

97.1557, 0.1674,
5.0740

15.7211, 2.1542,
0.7383

15.7211, 2.1542,
0.7383

14.5456, 3.7949,
0.6894

16.9576, 0.5439,
0.8434

13.4393, 5.4599,
0.7060

18.2466, -1.0324,
0.9954

12.4132, 7.1322,
0.7995

19.5820, -2.5760,
1.1870

11.4801, 8.7825,
0.9808

20.9587, -4.0892,
1.4124

10.6538, 10.3639,
1.2590

22.3725, -5.5754,
1.6667

■ 9.9490, 11.8092,
1.6376

■ 23.8196, -7.0378,
1.9458

■ 9.3056, 13.2632,
2.0386

■ 25.2972, -8.4797,
2.2465

■ 8.6251, 15.0551,
2.3581

■ 26.8026, -9.9042,
2.5660

■ 8.5974, 15.1344,
2.3690

■ 28.3336, -11.3140,
2.9020

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7215, 1.6751, -0.6915



15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383



15.7215, 1.8056, 2.0758

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7215, 2.1537, 0.7386



15.7215, -2.1552, 3.1034



15.7215, -2.3601, -1.6464

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383



17.4715, -3.6862, 1.2115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7215, -3.3209, -0.4707



15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383



15.7215, -3.2057, 2.2602

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7215, 2.1537, 0.7386



15.7215, -0.7168, 3.3626



15.7215, -3.6247, 0.9720



15.7215, -0.9622, -2.1468

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383



15.7215, 1.1586, 2.7529



15.7215, -3.6247, 0.9720



15.7215, -2.7429, -1.3120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7215, 2.1537, 0.7386



22.3914, 0.0276, 1.1451



15.6633, 2.3271, -2.1631



11.8264, 0.0100, 0.6050



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7215, 2.1537, 0.7386



19.3923, 3.9661, 0.9063



16.0989, 0.9812, 2.2108



9.4269, 0.1785, 0.4742



14.8805, 26.0080, 5.5488



38.8525, 67.5187, 17.4888

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7215, 2.1537, 0.7386



19.3923, 3.9661, 0.9063



17.0503, -2.5098, -0.4287



9.4269, 0.1785, 0.4742



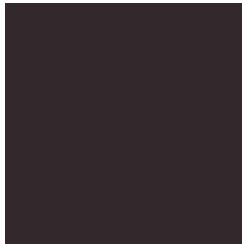
14.8805, 26.0080, 5.5488



38.8525, 67.5187, 17.4888

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

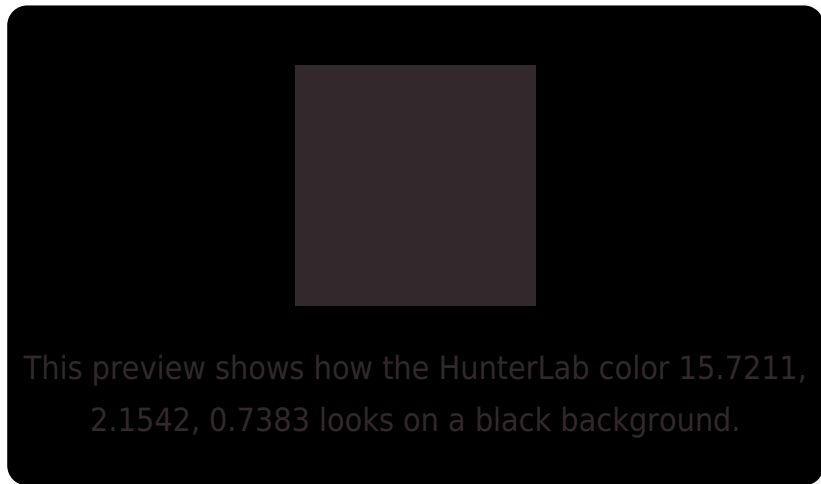
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

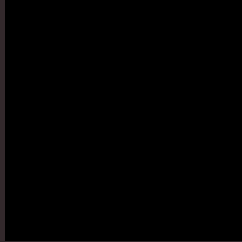
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383.



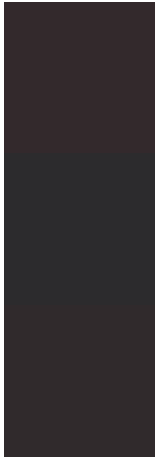
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7211, 2.1542,

0.7383.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383

Protanopia

15.6611, -0.3232, 0.2458

Deuteranopia

15.7040, 0.9515, 0.6969



Tritanopia

15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383

Protanomaly

15.6516, 0.8236, 0.2544

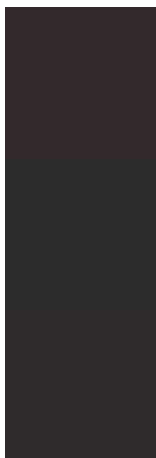
Deuteranomaly

15.7821, 1.2136, 0.7942

Tritanomaly

15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

15.8554, 0.2943, 0.8646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 41, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 41, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 41, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 41, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 41, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 41, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 41, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 41, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 41, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 41, 44)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.7211, 2.1542, 0.7383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 41, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 41,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor