

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.7638, 2.6922,  
-0.5442)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.7638, 2.6922, -0.5442)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(15.7953, 2.5457,  
-0.3172)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	33292F
RGB	51, 41, 47
RGB Percent	20%, 16%, 18%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8392, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.08, 0.80
HSL	324°, 11%, 18%
HSV	324°, 20%, 20%
XYZ	2.6713, 2.4949, 3.0301
YIQ	44.6740, 4.0340, 3.9860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

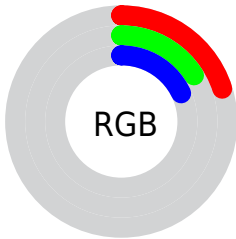
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	51, 41, 47
Decimal	3352879
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	17.90, 5.92, -2.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	18, 6.300, 339.885
Yxy	2.4950, 0.3259, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281542959 (0xFF33292F)
YUV	44.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479
Hunter-Lab	15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.4028, -4.0739, 2.1937**, and the grayscale version is **16.0875, -0.8584, 0.8741**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6027, 2.4959, 0.0883**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6586, 4.3765, -0.9160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9936, 0.7378, 0.3307**.

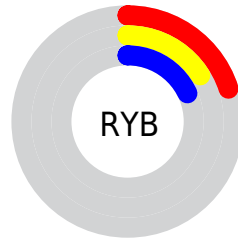
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (16%)

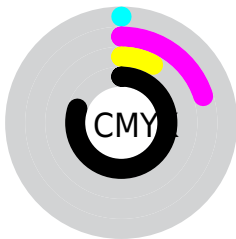
Blue (18%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (18%)

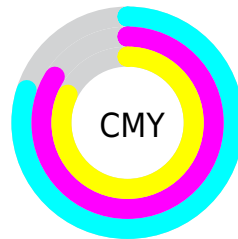


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.7953, 2.5457,  
-0.3172

■ 15.7953, 2.5457,  
-0.3172

■ 110.3823, 0.3972,  
3.8180

■ 9.3496, 2.3948,  
-0.4946

■ 31.6701, 2.5187,  
0.2602

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.8813, 2.3826,  
0.6373

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.8446, 2.1807,  
1.0644

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.5072, 1.9205,  
1.5369

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.8256, 1.6079,  
2.0511

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.7641, 1.2475,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.6042

97.2918, 0.8430,  
3.1939

15.7953, 2.5457,  
-0.3172

15.7953, 2.5457,  
-0.3172

14.6586, 4.3765,  
-0.9160

16.9936, 0.7378,  
0.3307

13.5914, 6.2198,  
-1.4526

18.2451, -1.0404,  
1.0162

12.6044, 8.0532,  
-1.9086

19.5439, -2.7881,  
1.7318

11.7091, 9.8412,  
-2.2615

20.8847, -4.5061,  
2.4715

10.9184, 11.5306,  
-2.4852

22.2633, -6.1968,  
3.2310

■ 10.2448, 13.0499,  
-2.5530

■ 23.6759, -7.8629,  
4.0071

■ 9.6288, 14.5420,  
-2.5454

■ 25.1194, -9.5074,  
4.7973

■ 8.9745, 16.3276,  
-2.6022

■ 26.5914, -11.1332,  
5.5998

■ 8.9478, 16.4055,  
-2.6060

■ 28.0894, -12.7430,  
6.4130

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7956, 1.4414, -1.8858



15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172



15.7956, 2.7188, 1.4155

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7956, 2.5452, -0.3169



15.7956, -1.4344, 3.7759



15.7956, -3.4168, -1.4045

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172



17.4028, -4.0739, 2.1937

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7956, -4.1159, 0.2831



15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172



15.7956, -3.0058, 3.1868

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7956, 2.5452, -0.3169



15.7956, 0.3663, 3.6536



15.7956, -3.9689, 1.9524



15.7956, -2.0183, -2.5609



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172



15.7956, 2.2759, 2.4163



15.7956, -3.9689, 1.9524



15.7956, -3.7385, -0.8732

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7956, 2.5452, -0.3169



22.4218, 0.1923, 0.7120



15.4367, 1.5794, -2.4899



11.8423, 0.0963, 0.3779



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7956, 2.5452, -0.3169



19.5161, 4.6105, -0.8534



15.6747, 1.9062, 1.4060



9.4438, 0.2700, 0.2329



15.4866, 28.2136, -3.1120



40.4058, 73.1875, -4.8317



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7956, 2.5452, -0.3169



19.5161, 4.6105, -0.8534



17.5197, -3.4147, 0.5235



9.4438, 0.2700, 0.2329



15.4866, 28.2136, -3.1120

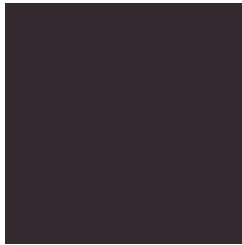


40.4058, 73.1875, -4.8317



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

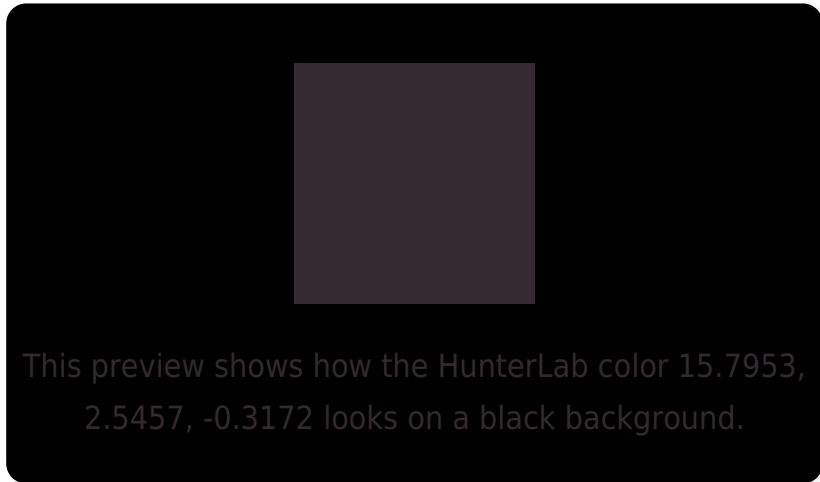
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

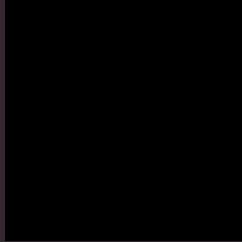
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172.



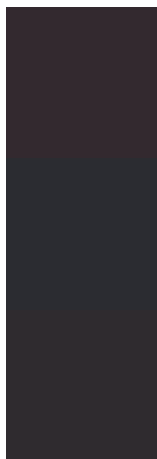
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7953, 2.5457,

-0.3172.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172

### Protanopia

15.9270, -0.3995, -1.0097

### Deuteranopia

15.9290, 0.6912, -0.1826



## Tritanopia

15.7453, 2.2821, 0.3936

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172

## Protanomaly

15.8808, 0.5794, -0.6440

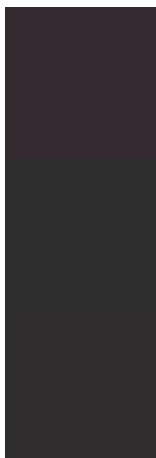
## Deuteranomaly

15.7783, 1.3491, -0.3595

## Tritanomaly

15.7700, 2.4126, 0.0418

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172

## Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

## Achromatomaly

16.1337, 0.1570, 0.4454

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 41, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 41, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 41, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 41, 47) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 41, 47) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 41, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 41, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 41, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 41, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 41, 47)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.7953, 2.5457, -0.3172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 41, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 41,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor