

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.7681, -6.5558,
11.0377)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.7681, -6.5558,
11.0377) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(15.8254, -5.9146,
9.6480)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 292F00 |
| RGB | 41, 47, 0 |
| RGB Percent | 16%, 18%, 0% |
| CMY | 0.8392, 0.8157, 1.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.13, 0.00, 1.00, 0.82 |
| HSL | 68°, 100%, 9% |
| HSV | 68°, 100%, 18% |
| XYZ | 1.9310, 2.5044, 0.3816 |
| YIQ | 39.8480, 11.5110, -15.8890 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

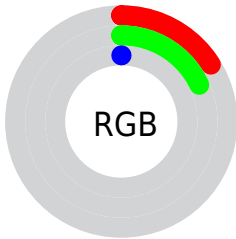
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 47, 6 |
| Decimal | 2699008 |
| CIELab | 17.94, -9.86, 25.47 |
| CIELCh | 18, 27.311, 111.156 |
| Yxy | 2.5045, 0.4009, 0.5199 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280889088 (0xFF292F00) |
| YUV | 39.8480, -19.6451, 1.0103 |
| Hunter-Lab | 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 |

Details

The HunterLab color **15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **4.9397, 12.6131, -29.0164**, and the grayscale version is **14.5767, -0.7778, 0.7920**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.7941, -8.1883, 14.4329**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.8257, -5.9152, 9.6482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.8974, -5.5787, 9.1948**.

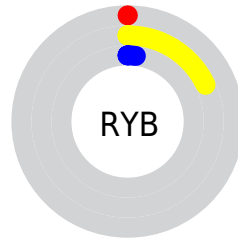
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (18%)

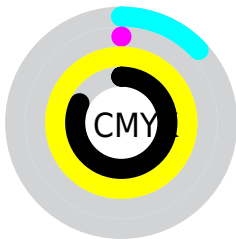
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (2%)

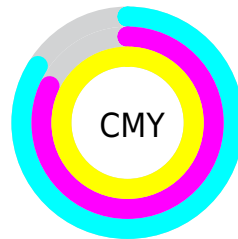


Cyan (13%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

15.8254, -5.9146,
9.6480

15.8254, -5.9146,
9.6480

110.4399,
-16.0799, 28.5877

9.3750, -5.0821,
6.5625

31.7080, -8.2496,
14.3588

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

40.9226, -9.3718,
16.6340

0.0000, NaN, NaN

50.8891, -10.4835,
18.7891

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

61.5545, -11.5925,
20.8554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

72.8757, -12.7037,
22.8546

0.0000, NaN, NaN

84.8168, -13.8205,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

24.8025

■ 97.3470, -14.9453,
26.7106

■ 15.8254, -5.9146,
9.6480

■ 15.8254, -5.9146,
9.6480

■ 15.8257, -5.9152,
9.6482

■ 15.8974, -5.5787,
9.1948

■ 15.9694, -5.2433,
8.7461

■ 16.0449, -4.8894,
8.2526

■ 16.1300, -4.4841,
7.6286

■ 16.2250, -4.0251,
6.8679

■ 16.3304, -3.5113,
5.9664

■ 16.4464, -2.9419,
4.9215

■ 16.5733, -2.3166,
3.7316

■ 16.7113, -1.6356,
2.3962

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8258, 1.5337, 10.0452



15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480



15.8258, -10.9371, 7.4635

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8258, -5.9151, 9.6481



15.8258, -9.2158, -14.8211



15.8258, 16.9234, -1.4995

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480



4.9397, 12.6131, -29.0164

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8258, 12.6527, -10.9935



15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480



15.8258, -3.0915, -20.7945

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8258, -5.9151, 9.6481



15.8258, -12.5696, -5.2199



15.8258, 4.9559, -19.1290



15.8258, 15.7625, 5.2034

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480



15.8258, -12.7107, 4.8204



15.8258, 4.9559, -19.1290



15.8258, 16.0492, -4.4905

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8258, -5.9151, 9.6481



21.1128, -3.9101, 6.5661



8.5055, 10.9684, 5.4328



11.2795, -2.1041, 3.5360



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8258, -5.9151, 9.6481



20.3131, -7.7098, 12.3819



14.7034, -10.3573, 8.8787



9.1750, -0.8206, 1.1622



28.7910, -11.1081, 17.5464



76.6420, -30.3582, 46.6950

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.9397, 12.6131, -29.0164



6.2411, 16.1209, -38.0820



6.8283, 14.6985, -18.8877



8.6271, -0.1135, -0.2390



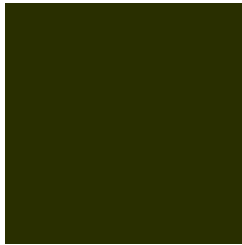
8.6883, 22.7425, -55.3426



22.5901, 60.2227, -152.3504

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

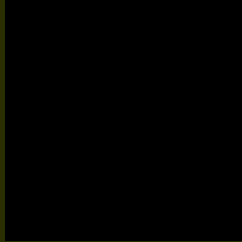
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480.

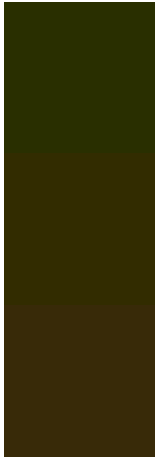


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480

Protanopia

15.7463, -2.4348, 9.6602

Deuteranopia

15.8563, 0.4251, 8.9190



Tritanopia

16.0140, -0.2034, -0.0927

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480

Protanomaly

15.7515, -3.6465, 9.6422

Deuteranomaly

15.8623, -1.9522, 9.2034

Tritanomaly

15.8303, -2.7672, 5.1057

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

14.9969, -3.4582, 5.5444

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 47, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 47, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 47, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 47, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 47, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 47, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 47, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 47, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 47, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 47, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.8254, -5.9146, 9.6480 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 47, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 47,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor