

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.7873, -0.3192,
1.6322)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.7873, -0.3192, 1.6322)
contains.

HunterLab(15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.7346, -0.2123,
1.4378)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E2B2A
RGB	46, 43, 42
RGB Percent	18%, 17%, 16%
CMY	0.8196, 0.8314, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.09, 0.82
HSL	15°, 5%, 17%
HSV	15°, 9%, 18%
XYZ	2.4085, 2.4758, 2.5414
YIQ	43.7830, 2.1090, 0.3250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 43, 42
Decimal	3025706
CIE _{Lab}	17.81, 1.13, 1.13
CIE _{LCh}	18, 1.604, 45.025
Yxy	2.4759, 0.3243, 0.3334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281215786 (0xFF2E2B2A)
YUV	43.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443
Hunter-Lab	15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378

Details

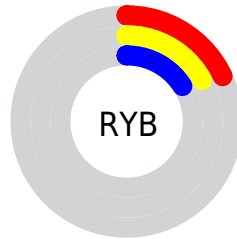
The HunterLab color **15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.0194, -1.4434, 0.2792**, and the grayscale version is **15.8018, -0.8431, 0.8585**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.5323, -0.7034, 2.4635**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8477, 0.5945, 2.0380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.6500, -0.9799, 0.8157**.

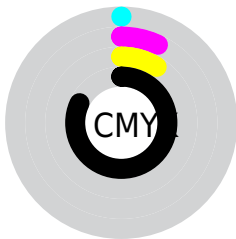
Distribution



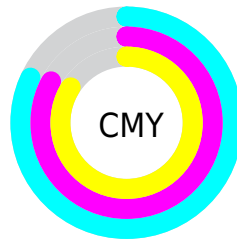
- Red (18%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.7346, -0.2123,
1.4378

■ 15.7346, -0.2123,
1.4378

■ 110.2662, -4.6950,
7.1309

■ 9.2980, 0.0349,
1.0118

■ 31.5935, -0.8978,
2.4587

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 40.7979, -1.3199,
3.0271

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.7550, -1.7873,
3.6312

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.4116, -2.2963,
4.2692

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.7246, -2.8439,
4.9395

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.6578, -3.4275,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.6407

97.1805, -4.0451,
6.3715

15.7346, -0.2123,
1.4378

15.7346, -0.2123,
1.4378

14.8477, 0.5945,
2.0380

16.6500, -0.9799,
0.8157

13.9914, 1.4451,
2.6114

17.5904, -1.7105,
0.1743

13.1694, 2.3415,
3.1530

18.5539, -2.4078,
-0.4836

12.3856, 3.2854,
3.6563

19.5385, -3.0752,
-1.1559

11.6446, 4.2759,
4.1132

20.5426, -3.7158,
-1.8410

■ 10.9515, 5.3095,
4.5141

■ 21.5648, -4.3322,
-2.5375

■ 10.3119, 6.3776,
4.8477

■ 22.6038, -4.9270,
-3.2444

■ 9.7243, 7.4309,
5.2117

■ 23.6584, -5.5026,
-3.9609

■ 9.1880, 8.4196,
5.6978

■ 24.7276, -6.0608,
-4.6862

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7349, 0.0198, 1.0723



15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378



15.7349, -0.6121, 1.6450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7349, -0.2127, 1.4380



15.7349, -1.6827, 1.0716



15.7349, -0.6113, 0.0252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378



16.0194, -1.4434, 0.2792

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7349, -1.0675, 0.0250



15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378



15.7349, -1.6825, 0.6376

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7349, -0.2127, 1.4380



15.7349, -1.4590, 1.4375



15.7349, -1.4584, 0.2519



15.7349, -0.2122, 0.2524

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378



15.7349, -0.9175, 1.6689



15.7349, -1.4584, 0.2519



15.7349, -0.7632, -0.0017

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7349, -0.2127, 1.4380



20.4268, -0.8078, 1.3788



15.5765, 0.5692, 0.1582



11.3502, -0.4274, 0.7863



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7349, -0.2127, 1.4380



19.5861, -0.0851, 1.9498



16.2013, -0.9949, 1.9493



8.8275, -0.1451, 0.7836



16.0443, 18.4682, 10.2097



41.1440, 54.2070, 26.3017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.0194, -1.4434, 0.2792



20.0188, -1.9572, 0.1871



15.5477, -0.6658, -0.2882



8.9757, -0.7863, 0.1798



21.1281, -6.5730, -12.2191



54.9659, -15.5337, -35.1698

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

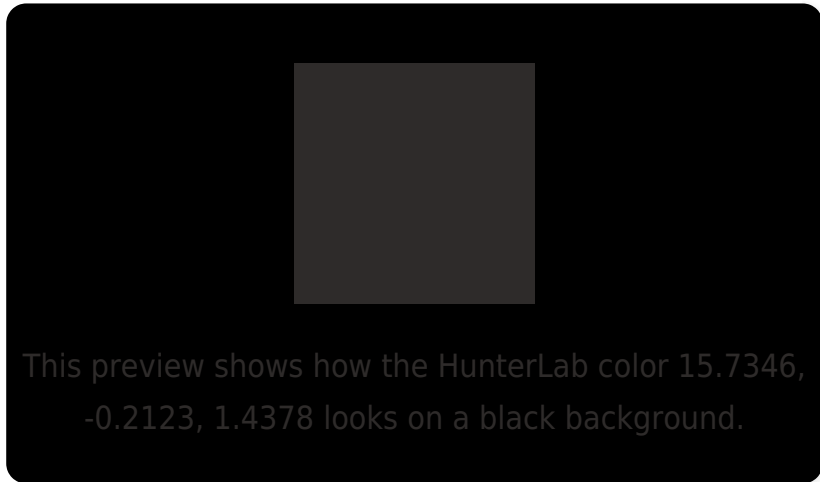
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

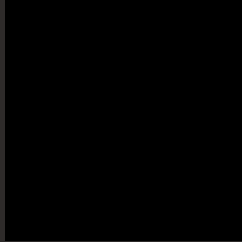
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7346, -0.2123,

1.4378.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378

Protanopia

15.6614, -0.4642, 1.3498

Deuteranopia

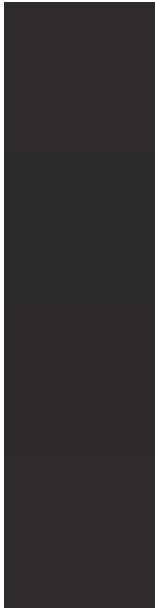
15.6572, 0.7000, 1.3653



Tritanopia

15.6765, 0.9571, -0.0993

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378

Protanomaly

15.6614, -0.4642, 1.3498

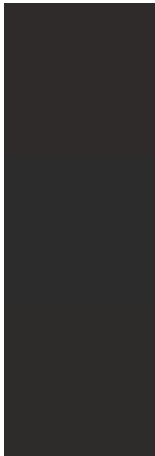
Deuteranomaly

15.5802, 0.4392, 1.2723

Tritanomaly

15.6516, 0.8236, 0.2544

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

15.9175, -0.7298, 1.2824

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 43, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 43, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 43, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 43, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 43, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 43, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 43, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 43, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 43, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 43, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.7346, -0.2123, 1.4378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 43, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 43,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor