

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.8500, -13.8896,
5.7666)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.8500, -13.8896,
5.7666) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.1888,
-12.2373, 6.1821)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00351A
RGB	0, 53, 26
RGB Percent	0%, 21%, 10%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7922, 0.8980
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.51, 0.79
HSL	149°, 100%, 10%
HSV	149°, 100%, 21%
XYZ	1.4595, 2.6208, 1.4062
YIQ	34.0750, -22.9210, -19.6330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

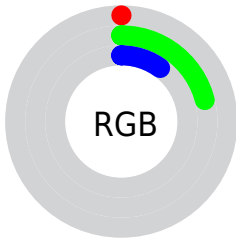
Format	Color
RYB	0, 36, 53
Decimal	13594
CIELab	18.46, -24.24, 12.48
CIELCh	18, 27.266, 152.751
Yxy	2.6209, 0.2660, 0.4777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203674 (0xFF00351A)
YUV	34.0750, -3.9810, -29.8838
Hunter-Lab	16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821

Details

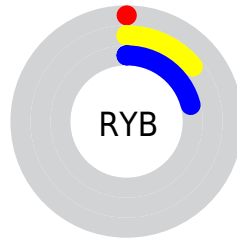
The HunterLab color **16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **9.1436, 16.5240, -0.8005**, and the grayscale version is **12.6890, -0.6771, 0.6894**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.0727, -16.7302, 8.7587**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1891, -12.2375, 6.1822**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3332, -11.5608, 5.7127**.

Distribution



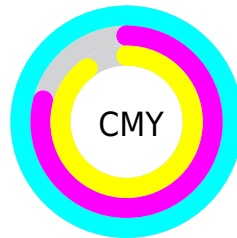
- Red (0%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1888, -12.2373,
6.1821

■ 16.1888, -12.2373,
6.1821

■ 111.1323,
-30.3569, 17.8564

■ 9.6808, -11.4448,
5.8787

■ 32.1655, -16.9387,
8.9811

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.4205, -19.0476,
10.2915

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.4243, -21.0599,
11.5729

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.1247, -23.0019,
12.8375

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 73.4788, -24.8914,
14.0933


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 85.4511, -26.7412,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


15.3460


 98.0110, -28.5607,
16.5994


 16.1888, -12.2373,
6.1821


 16.1888, -12.2373,
6.1821


 16.1891, -12.2375,
6.1822

 16.3332, -11.5608,
5.7127

 16.4797, -10.8747,
5.2003

 16.6483, -10.0998,
4.6650

 16.8530, -9.1837,
4.1240

 17.0950, -8.1285,
3.5825

■ 17.3747, -6.9392,
3.0454

■ 17.6923, -5.6230,
2.5173

■ 18.0476, -4.1887,
2.0023

■ 18.4400, -2.6464,
1.5039

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1891, -8.2624, 9.0560



16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821



16.1891, -13.3729, 0.1752

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1891, -12.2375, 6.1822



16.1891, -0.1322, -21.0880



16.1891, 13.9229, 6.8931

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821



9.1436, 16.5240, -0.8005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.1891, 17.1848, 1.5568



16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821



16.1891, 8.1585, -16.4935

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1891, -12.2375, 6.1822



16.1891, -7.2248, -17.8415



16.1891, 14.8979, -7.1887



16.1891, 6.6598, 9.3910

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821



16.1891, -12.5862, -5.7299



16.1891, 14.8979, -7.1887



16.1891, 15.5803, 5.5169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1891, -12.2375, 6.1822



22.7591, -7.5221, 3.3500



16.6870, -10.6393, 10.0962



12.3025, -4.1852, 1.8576



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1891, -12.2375, 6.1822



20.8615, -15.9344, 8.3228



16.7191, -9.0199, -1.4260



9.8244, -1.2477, 0.7504



27.1416, -20.9034, 11.1999



71.0946, -55.7037, 31.3863

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1436, 16.5240, -0.8005



11.7538, 21.1650, -0.4372



8.7112, 14.9403, 5.4567



9.4387, 0.2422, 0.3063



15.2621, 27.4019, 0.0554



39.8101, 71.0268, 3.6247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

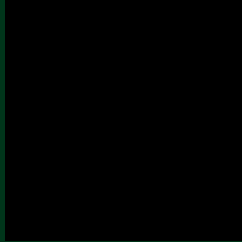
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.1888,

-12.2373, 6.1821.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821

Protanopia

16.4257, -2.0418, 6.9665

Deuteranopia

16.4239, 0.4488, 6.1622



Tritanopia

16.4203, -5.9621, -2.5879

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821

Protanomaly

16.0433, -7.2762, 6.3596

Deuteranomaly

15.7146, -5.8337, 5.6690

Tritanomaly

16.2329, -8.5657, 1.1493

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

13.6212, -5.8690, 2.6480

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 53, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 53, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 53, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 53, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 53, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 53, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 53, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 53, 26); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 53, 26); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 53, 26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.1888, -12.2373, 6.1821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 53, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 53,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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